



## Daily Current Affairs Encyclopedia

18 April 2025

Telangana State Regional News

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p><b>Archaeological Survey of India (ASI)</b></p> | <p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) has declared free entry to all ASI monuments across the country on April 18, marking the International Day for Monuments and Sites.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It was <b>established in the year 1861</b> by <b>Alexander Cunningham</b>.</li> <li>ASI is <b>responsible for archaeological research</b> and the <b>conservation and preservation of cultural monuments</b> in the country.</li> <li>Its activities include carrying out surveys of <b>antiquarian remains, exploration and excavation of archaeological sites, conservation and maintenance of protected monuments etc.</b></li> <li><b>Concerned Ministry:</b> Ministry of Culture.</li> </ul>   |
| <p><b>National Education Policy (NEP) 2020</b></p> | <p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A seminar held by the Telangana Education Commission criticised the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, calling it “ideologically driven, fiscally misleading, and structurally flawed.”</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The new National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 is the first education policy of the 21st century in India, which replaces the previous National Policy on Education (NPE) <b>1986</b>.</li> <li>The Ministry of Education formed a committee under Dr. K Kasturirangan, which outlined this new policy.</li> <li>The National Education Policy 2020 proposes various reforms in school and higher education, including technical education, that are suited to 21st-century needs.</li> <li><b>5 foundational pillars of NEP 2020:</b> Access, Equity, Quality, Affordability, and Accountability.</li> </ul> |
| <p><b>National Green Tribunal (NGT)</b></p>        | <p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A two-member committee formed by the Ministry of Environment and Forests, following NGT orders, has recommended a ₹53 crore environmental compensation on the state government for ecological</li> </ul>   |



## Daily Current Affairs Encyclopedia

|   |  |
|---|--|
|   | <p>damage caused by the illegal construction and expansion of the Sitamma Sagar Multi-Purpose Project.</p> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NGT has been established under the <b>National Green Tribunal Act 2010</b> for effective and expeditious disposal of cases relating to environmental protection and conservation of forests and other natural resources.</li> <li>• <b>New Delhi is the principal place of sitting of the tribunal</b> and Bhopal, Pune, Kolkata, and Chennai shall be the other four places of sitting of the tribunal.</li> <li>• <b>Powers:</b> The NGT has the power to hear all civil cases relating to environmental issues and questions that are linked to the implementation of laws listed in Schedule I of the NGT Act.</li> <li>• NGT has <b>appellate jurisdiction to hear appeals as a Court.</b></li> </ul>   |
| <b>Krishna Water Disputes Tribunal (KWDT)</b> | <p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Citing Krishna as a deficit basin, Telangana Tribunal that Andhra Pradesh should use Godavari river water to meet its irrigation needs for second and third crops, as well as for outside-basin diversions.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In <b>1969</b>, the Krishna Water Disputes Tribunal (KWDT) was set up under the <b>Inter-State River Water Dispute Act, 1956</b>, and <b>presented its report in 1973.</b></li> <li>• At the same time, it was stipulated that the KWDT order may be reviewed or revised by a competent authority or tribunal any time after 31st May, 2000.</li> <li>• The <b>second KWDT was instituted in 2004.</b> It delivered its report in 2010, which made allocations of the Krishna water at 65 % dependability and for surplus flows as follows: <b>81 TMC for Maharashtra, 177 TMC for Karnataka, and 190 TMC for Andhra Pradesh.</b></li> </ul> |
| <b>Project PRABAL</b>                         | <p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• India is set to launch its first-ever long-range revolver, "Prabal," on August 18, in collaboration with Simpliforge Creations, IIT-Hyderabad, and the Indian Army.</li> <li>• This is the world's highest-ever in-situ 3D printed construction, achieved in extreme high-altitude, low-oxygen (HALO) conditions.</li> </ul>   |



తెలుగు

ADDAPEDIA

To get free Live Classes,  
Materials Scan this QR Code &  
Download our Adda247 App

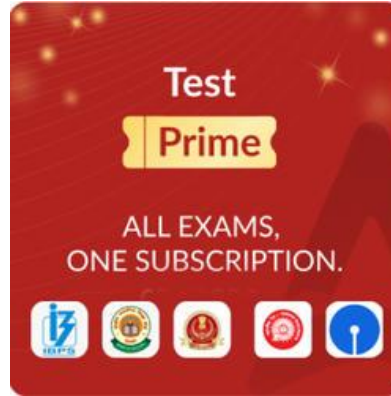


## Daily Current Affairs Encyclopedia



### Key Points:

- Manufactured by Advanced Weapons and Equipment India (AWEIL), this .32 bore revolver boasts a firing range of up to 50 meters, a significant advancement compared to other revolvers available in the country.
- Prabal features a side swing cylinder, a novel design feature that enhances its usability.
- Weighing only 700 grams and equipped with user-friendly attributes, Prabal is being hailed as a convenient and safer option, even for women.



### Copyright © by Adda247

All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission of Adda247.