







17 April 2025 Andhra Pradesh State Regional News

Sixteenth Finance Commission	 Why in news? Andhra Pradesh Chief Minster N. Chandrababu Naidu has raised the challenges arising out of the State bifurcation in 2014 and the unresolved issues before the 16th Finance Commission.
	 Key Points: The Government of India, in adherence to Article 280(1) of the Constitution, has established the Sixteenth Finance Commission, appointing Dr. Arvind Panagariya, former Vice-Chairman of NITI Aayog and Professor at Columbia University, as its Chairman. Specific terms of reference have been outlined, including the distribution of tax proceeds between the Union and States, principles governing grants-in-aid to States, and measures to bolster State funds for local bodies like Panchayats and Municipalities. The Commission has also been tasked with reviewing disaster management financing arrangements under the Disaster Management Act, 2005, and making recommendations for improvements.
	 Why in news? According to the forecast by the India Meteorological Department, Andhra Pradesh is expected to receive above-normal rainfall during the southwest monsoon.
	 Key Points: IMD was established in 1875. It is the National Meteorological Service of the country and the principal government agency in all matters relating to meteorology and allied subjects. The Director General of Meteorology is the Head of the India Meteorological Department. There are 6 Regional Meteorological Centres, each under a Deputy Director General with headquarters at Mumbai, Chennai, New Delhi, Calcutta, Nagpur and Guwahati. Its headquarter is in New Delhi. At present IMD is under the Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES).
	 About South West Monsoon: The South West Monsoon is a major seasonal wind system that brings substantial rainfall to the Indian subcontinent. It typically begins in June and lasts until September, driven by















	 moisture-laden winds from the Indian Ocean. The monsoon is characterized by heavy rains and is crucial for agriculture and water resources in India. Features: Dry spells may occur between rainy periods, leading to crop failure. Winds may bypass certain regions without any apparent cause. The amount, timing, and intervals of rainfall vary each year, known as the vagaries of the monsoons. Rainfall distribution is uneven, with some regions receiving heavy rains and others experiencing scanty rainfall. These winds typically begin retreating by the end of September, but their departure may sometimes be delayed until October.
Awards & Honors: ABCD (Award for Best Crime Detection) Award	 Why in news? The West Godavari police have won the top prize at the Crime Detection Awards.
	 Key Points: The AP Police Department recognises exemplary crime investigation every three months with ABCD awards. Their use of advanced technical skills and prompt action led to the arrest of the prime suspect, earning them first prize, which comes with a cash reward of Rs 1 lakh.
Samagra Shiksha Scheme	 Why in news? The Samagra Shiksha wing of the School Education Department has invited applications for Class 1 admissions for the academic year 2025-26.
	 Key Points: Samagra Shiksha is an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12. The scheme has been prepared with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities for schooling and equitable learning outcomes. It subsumes the three Schemes of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) and Teacher Education (TE) and was launched in 2018.
Tax Devolution	 Why in news? Andhra Pradesh Chief Minister has proposed reducing the 45% weightage given to 'income distance'—the gap in per capita incomes between states—in the formula used by the Centre to

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distribute tax revenues among states, suggesting it be brought
down to 30%, according to 16th Finance Commission Chairman
Arvind Panagariya.

Key Points:

- Tax devolution refers to the distribution of tax revenues between the central government and the state governments.
- It is a constitutional mechanism established to allocate the proceeds of certain taxes among the Union and the states in a fair and equitable manner.
- Article 280(3)(a) of the Constitution of India mandates that the Finance Commission (FC) has the responsibility to make recommendations regarding the division of the net proceeds of taxes between the Union and the states.
 - Vertical Devolution Share of states from divisible pool
 - Horizontal Devolution Distribution among the states from the share allocated to states, based on various criteria.

What is meant by Income distance?

• Income distance refers to the difference between a state's per capita Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) and the highest per capita GSDP among all states.

About GSDP:

- Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) is a monetary measure of the total value of all goods and services produced within a state's boundaries over a specific period of time.
- It's a **key indicator of a state's economic growth** and is also known as **State Income**.
- It is compiled by the National Statistical Office (NSO).
- GSDP is usually calculated annually, but can also be calculated quarterly, monthly, or half-yearly.













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