## Chhattisgarh Civil Judge (Pre.) Examination 2016

- 1. Non Cognizable offence means an offence where:
  - (1) police officer can arrest without warrant
  - (2) police officer cannot arrest without warrant
  - (3) police officer can grant bail
  - (4) only court can grant bail
- 2. Police officer can be appointed as Asst Public Prosecutor, provided:
  - (1) he is below the rank of Inspector
  - (2) he has taken part in investigation
  - (3) he is in the rank of Superintendent of Police
  - (4) he is not below the rank of Inspector and has not been part of investigation
- 3. The Bond under section 109 Cr.P.C. as security for good behaviour from suspected person can be executed for a period not exceeding:
  - (1) six months
- (2) two years
- (3) one year
- (4) three months
- 4. In which of the following cases have the Supreme Court recently directed to upload online copy of FIR within 24 hours of lodging?
  - (1) D.K. Basu v. State of West Bengal
  - (2) Youth Bar Association of India v. Union of India
  - (3) Thakur Ram v. State of Bihar
  - (4) Gyan Singh v. State of Punjab
- Provision for legal aid to accused are provided under which of the following sections of Cr.P.C.?
  - (1) Section 304
- (2) Section 420
- (3) Section 306
- (4) Section 300
- 6. Benefits of Plea Bargaining cannot be given to an accused, if he has committed offence where:
  - (1) punishment is below 7 years
  - (2) offence relates to minor offences
  - (3) offence relates to children below 14 years of age
  - (4) offence relates to children above 14 years of age

- 7. In summary trial, maximum punishment up to ...... can only be imposed.
  - (1) one month
- (2) one year
- (3) six months -
- (4) three months
- 8. The Bar of taking cognizance after lapse of period of limitation as stated in Section 466(2) of Cr.P.C. does not apply if the offence is punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding ........ years.
  - (1) 2

(2) 4

(3) 3

- (4) 5
- 9. The Indian Penal Code was drafted by:
  - (1) Second Law Commission of India
  - (2) First Law Commission of India
  - (3) Third Law Commission of India
  - (4) Lord Macaulay
- 10. Doctrine of mens rea is NOT attracted to which of the following categories of offences?
  - (1) Relating to fraud
  - (2) Relating to bodily injury
  - (3) Relating to offence against state
  - (4) Strict liability
- 11. To which of the following is Indian Penal Code not applicable?
  - (1) State of J & K
  - (2) A foreigner committing offence in India
  - (3) Offence committed on Indian Aircraft flying over territory of Japan
  - (4) A foreigner committing offence in territorial water of India
- 12. Nothing is an offence which is done by a child under ...... years of age.
  - (1) 7
- (2) 8
- (3) 12
- (4) 10
- 13. 'A' instigates 'B' to instigate 'C' to murder 'Z'.

  Accordingly. 'B' instigated 'C' and 'C'
  committed murder of Z. Who will be liable for
  Punishment?
  - (1) Only 'C'
  - (2) Only 'B'
  - (3) Only "C" and 'B'
  - (4) "A', 'B' and 'C'

1336	21. 'Garnishee' is a person who is:
14. A man is said to commit rape if he has sexual intercourse with a women with or without her later to below years of	(1) defaulter
consent, if her age is below years of	(2) decree holder
age.	(3) debtor of judgement debtor
(1) 16 (2) 14	(4) foreigner
(3) 15 (4) 18 (4) 18	22. Interlocutory order are issued by civil cour
15. The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013 has added a new Section 376-D. What does it	(1) during pendency of civil proceedings
relate to?	(2) to summon the person
(1) Custodial Rape	(3) for execution of decree
(2) Gang Rape	(4) for attachment of property
(3) Rape by Public Servants	23. What does Section 80 CPC deal with?
(4) Speedy Trial of Rape Offenders	(1) Foreign Judgement
16. In which of the following cases has the	(2) Injunction
constitutional validity of Section 377 Indian	(3) Requirement of notice for institution of
Penal Code been upheld by Supreme Court?	suit against Government
(1) Suresh Kumar Kaushal v. Naz Foundation	(4) Award of cost
(2) Naz Foundation v. Govt. of NCT Delhi	24. Under Civil Procedure Code (as amended i
(3) Subramanium Swamy v. Union of India	1999), the number of adjournments are limited to:
(4) Shreya Singhal v. Union of India	(1) 2 (2) 4
and the control of th	(3) 5 (4) 3
17. What does the recent Supreme Court judgement in Subramanium Swami v. Union	
of India relate to?	25.) Which of the following is NOT a part of expression "Decree" as defined under
(1) Right to die	Section 2(2) of Civil Procedure Code?
(2) Upholding Section 499 and 500	(1) Adjudication of civil court
(criminal defamation) IPC	(2) Conclusive determination of rights
(3) Upholding Section 388 IPC	(3) Any order of dismissal for defaults
(4) Contempt of Court	(4) Formal expression of an adjudication
18. For committing offence of dacoity under	26. What do the provisions of Section 11 of Civ
Section 391 IPC, what is the minimum number	Procedure Code deal with?
of persons that are required?	(1) Res judicata
(1) 3 (2) 7 (3) (4) (6) (6)	(2) Res subjudice
	(3) Garnishee Order
(5) 5	(4) Foreign Judgement
(4) 10	27. What does 'Pauper Suit' mean?
19. In which of the following are provisions	(1) Suit by third party
relating to injunction mentioned?	(2) Suit by public servant
(1) Section 95 read with Order XXXIX	(3) Suit by indigent person
(2) Section 30 read with Order XI	(4) Suit by legal representative
(3) Section 36 read with Order XXI	28. Provision for settlement of dispute outside
(4) Section 51 read with Order XXI	court has been provided under Section
20. Which of the following properties are not liable	of Civil Procedure Code.
to attachment in execution of decree?	(1) 91
(1) Bank Notes and Cheques	(2) 89
(2) Promissory Notes	(3) 51
(3) Land	(4) 151
(4) Books of Accounts	

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29.	By whom can the transfer of suit or proceedings from one state to other state be ordered?	Kesavananada Bharati's case for?
	(1) Central Government	(1) For propounding doctrine of Basic
	(2) Supreme Court	Structure
	(3) High Court	(2) For upholding reservation for OBC
	(4) Parliament	(3) For propounding doctrine of Judicial Review
30.		
	Procedure Code lies before:	Appointment Commission as
	(1) District Court	unconstitutional
	(2) High Court	37. The doctrine of 'Full Faith and Credit' is
	(3) Supreme Court	enshrined in Article of the
	(4) Special Court	Constitution of India.
31.		(1) 261 (2) 368 (2) 148
	introduced by Cqnst/tutional Amendment Act.	
	(1) 00:1	38. The Chairman of Union Public Service
	(-)	Commission is appointed by:
20	( )	(1) Prime Minister
32.	Select the most appropriate:	(2) President
	Article 14 of the Constitution of India provides all persons:	(3) Speaker of Lok Sabha
	(1) equality before law	(4) Committee of Prime Minister and Vice- President
	(2) reservation	
		39. The Chief Election Commissioner can be removed from his office:
	(3) equality before law and equal protection of law	(1) by President of India.
	(4) freedom of religion	(2) by Supreme Court of India.
33		(3) in manner and grounds as applicable
<u> </u>	The Right to education is provided in Article of the Constitution of India.	for removal of judge of Supreme Court.
	(1) 16 (2) 21	(4) by Government order.
	(3) 21A (4) 29	40. Why is the writ of 'mandamus' issued?
34.		(1) To direct Public Authority to perform its
wer.	appropriate?	public duty
	(1) The President of India is bound by the	(2) To Quash quasi-judicial proceedings
	advice of Council of Minister.	(3) To Quash illegal appointment in public
	(2) The President of India is not bound by	office
	the advice of Council of Minister.	(4) To prohibit a person from holding public
	(3) The President of India may require	office
	Council of Ministers to reconsider	41. The amendment in Constitution of India can
	advice.	be made under Article
	(4) The President of India is bound to accept	(1) 356 (2) 368
	advice of Council of Minister, tendered	(3) 309 (4) 360
) - ) -	after reconsideration.	42. Which of the following jurisdictions is NOT
.J.	Ordinance promulgated by President under	exercised by High Courts? (1) Writ Jurisdiction
	Article 123 of the Constitution of India shall cease to operate after	(2) Appellate Jurisdiction
	(1) 3 months (2) 6 months	(3) Original Jurisdiction
	(3) 6 weeks (4) 15 days	(4) Advisory Jurisdiction
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
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1338  43. Which Article of the Constitution of India	51. Contract of Insurance is contract of:
43. Which Article of the Constitution way be called states that: "This constitution may be called	(1) Guarantee (2) Indemnity
states that: "This constitution of India"?	(3) Bailment (4) Quasi-contract
the Constitution	52. A person appointed by an agent under the
(1) Article 1 (2) Article 12	authority of Principal is known as:
(2) Article 12 (3) Article 393	(1) Sub Agent
(4) Article 4	(2) Substituted Agent
(4) Afficies	(3) Mercantile Agent
44. Provision for Financial emergency are laid down in Article of the Constitution	(4) Special Agent
of India.	
(1) 352 (2) 356	
(3) 360 (4) 368	(1) Substituted Agent
	(2) Mercantile Agent
45. Which of the following Article(s) cannot be suspended during proclamation of	(3) Universal Agent
emergency under Article 352 of the	(4) Agent by necessity
Constitution of India?	54. A stipulation essential to main purpose of
(1) Article 19	contract, the breach of which gives an
(2) Article 20 & 21	aggrieved party right to repudiate the
(3) Article 22	contract is known as:
(4) Article 25	(1) Warranty
46. Provision for Administrative Tribunals was	(2) Implied warranty
added in the Constitution of India by	(3) Condition
amendment.	(4) Contingent contract
(1) 42nd (2) 46th	55. A owes B Rs. 10,000. A pays to B, and B
(3) 36th (4) 78th	accepts Rs. 7000 in full satisfaction of the
47. Which of the following language is NOT a part	claim. It amounts to:
of Eighth Schedule?	(1) Waiver (2) Remission
(1) Nepali (2) Sanskrit	(3) Alteration (4) Novation
(3) Maithili (4) Rajasthani	56. Amendment in Negotiable Instruments Act
48. According to Section 2(h) of the Indian	1881 made in 1988 has introduced an
Contract Act, a "Contract" is:	important provision relating to:
(1) an agreement between two or more	(1) easy negotiability
parties	(2) dishonour of cheque
(2) a promise to do something	(3) bank draft
_	
(3) an acceptance of an order	(4) privileges of holder in due course
(4) an agreement enforceable by law	57. Which of the following is true about a 'Bank Draft'?
49. In which of the following types of contract,	
consideration is not necessary?	(1) It is a promissory note.
(1) Partnership (2) Agency	(2) It is not a negotiable instrument.
(3) Pledge (4) Bailment	(3) It is very much like a cheque
50. 'A', a businessman, leaves goods at 'B's	(4) It is a bill of exchange
house by mistake, 'B' treats the goods as	58. Which of the following to true about tinchoste

his. Is 'B' liable to pay?

(4) 'B' may partly pay.

(1) No, 'B' is not liable to pay.

(2) Yes, 'B' is liable to pay.

(3) 'B' has an option to pay.

(2) Mercantile Agent (3) Universal Agent (4) Agent by necessity 54. A stipulation essential to main purpose of contract, the breach of which gives an aggrieved party right to repudiate the contract is known as: (1) Warranty (2) Implied warranty (3) Condition -(4) Contingent contract 55. A owes B Rs. 10,000. A pays to B, and B accepts Rs. 7000 in full satisfaction of the claim. It amounts to: (1) Waiver (2) Remission (3) Alteration (4) Novation 56. Amendment in Negotiable Instruments Act 1881 made in 1988 has introduced an important provision relating to: (1) easy negotiability (2) dishonour of cheque (3) bank draft (4) privileges of holder in due course 57. Which of the following is true about a 'Bank Draft'? (1) It is a promissory note. (2) It is not a negotiable instrument. (3) It is very much like a cheque (4) It is a bill of exchange 58. Which of the following is true about 'Inchoate Instrument'? (1) It is an ambiguous instrument (2) It is an incomplete or blank negotiable instrument (3) It is not a negotiable instrument

(4) It is a documentary bill

- 59. Before initiating criminal proceeding for dishonour of cheque, within how many days of receipt of information about dishonour should the payee of cheque issue a notice?
  - (1) 15 days
  - (2) 30 days
  - (3) 90 days
  - (4) No notice is required
- 60. Which of the following is NOT considered as evidence?
  - (1) Affidavit .
  - (2) State of witnesses
  - (3) Electronic record produced before court
  - (4) Document produced before court
- 61. Testimony of 'Hostile Witness' is to be:
  - (1) rejected outrightly
  - (2) partially rejected
  - (3) partially accepted
  - (4) considered with caution and be corroborated
- 62. Which of the following is true about First Information Report (FIR)?
  - (1) It is not a substantive evidence
  - (2) It is a primary evidence
  - (3) It is a documentary evidence
  - (4) It is an important secondary evidence
- 63. Admission is a:
  - (1) conclusive proof
  - (2) estoppel
  - (3) not a conclusive proof but may operate as estoppel
  - (4) a form of confession
- In which of the following cases was video conferencing allowed?
  - (1) Philip v. Chase
  - (2) Brown v. Board of Finance
  - (3) Rv. X Justice, Exparte
  - (4) Polanski v. Conde Nast Publication
  - 65. In which of the following cases is the character of a person relevant?
    - (1) Civil cases only .
    - (2) Criminal cases only
    - (3) Writ petitions
    - (4) Civil and criminal cases ·

- 66. In which of the provisions of Evidence Act, special provision as to evidence relating to electronic record was added?
  - (1) Section 65A & 65B
  - (2) Section 64
  - (3) Section 86
  - (4) Section 116
- 67. In election petition the burden of proof lies on:
  - (1) the person who contested election
  - (2) the person who challenged election •
  - (3) Election Commission
  - (4) Election agent
- 68. What does Section 113-B of Evidence Act deal with?
  - (1) Oral evidence
  - (2) Abetment of suicide
  - (3) Dowry death
  - (4) Legitimacy of child
- 69. Select the most appropriate statement.
  - (1) A child born during marriage is a conclusive proof of legitimacy.
  - (2) A child born during marriage may be presumed as legitimate child.
  - (3) A child born during marriage shall be considered as a conclusive proof of legitimacy unless rebutted.
  - (4) No presumption will be drawn about a child born during marriage.
- 70. According to Transfer of Property Act, the term 'immovable property' does not include:
  - (1) land
  - (2) mines
  - (3) agricultural land
  - (4) growing crops
- 71. Which of the following is NOT an actionable claim?
  - (1) Lottery tickets
  - (2) Beneficial interest in movable property which is in possession of claimant.
  - (3) Life insurance policy
  - (4) Claim for arrears of rent
- 72. Rule against perpetuity is applicable to:
  - (1) movable property only
  - (2) immovable property only
  - (3) both, movable and immovable properties
  - (4) transfer for benefit of public

- Mt. What does Section 83A of the Transfer of Property Act deal with?
  - ११) र इर १५०१११६०११८
  - (2) Part National (2)
  - 1101884 ME 84 (1)
  - (4) Rights on unborn child
- 'A' in lieu of debt from 'B' handovers the possession of his house to 'B' with a covenant to liansfer of property in favour of 'B', but with provision for retransfer in case of repayment of debt. This type of mortgage is AHOWN HE
  - (1) Equitable mortgage
  - (2) linglish mortgage
  - (3) Usufructuary mortgage
    - (4) Mortgage by conditional sale
- Which of the following mortgages can be made without writing?
  - (1) Equitable mortgage .
  - (2) English mortgage
  - (3) Simple mortgage
  - (4) Usüfructuary mortgage
  - Transfer of right to enjoy an immovable property in consideration of price is known
    - (1) Mortgage
      - (2) Actionable claim
      - (3) Lease
      - (4) Licence
  - 77. Transfer of property is NOT applicable to:
    - (1) gifts of movable property.
    - (2) exchange
    - (3) lease
    - (4) sale of goods
- 78. A transfer of property by ostensible owner for consideration:
  - (1) shall be void
  - (2) shall be valid
  - (3) shall not be voidable provided the transferee acted in good faith
  - (4) shall be voidable
- 79/ 'Chance of an heir-apparent succeeding to an estate cannot be transferred'. Which provision of Transfer of Property Act states this?
  - (1) Section 10 (2) Section 6
  - (3) Section 16
- (4) Section 41

- .80. During period of legal disability, the period of limitation shall:
  - (1) remain suspended
  - (2) continue to run
  - (3) be extended to limited period
  - (4) increase
- 81. Period of limitation is not attracted in case of suit against:
  - (1) debtor
  - (2) mortgagee
  - (3) tenant
  - (4) trustees
- 82. Before expiry of period of limitation, 'A' has acknowledged in writing the amount due as debt from 'B' and has promised to pay. What is the effect of such an acknowledgement?
  - (1) No effect on period of limitation
  - (2) Fresh period of limitation will start from date of such an acknowledgement
  - (3) Period of limitation will be extended for six months
  - (4) Period of limitation will not be applicable
- 83. Which of the following documents requires compulsory registration?
  - (1) Instrument of gift of immovable property
  - (2) Will
  - (3) Lease of immovable property for period below one year
  - (4) Instrument acknowledging receipt of payment
- 84. Documents for registration may be presented:
  - (1) anywhere in state where property is situated
  - (2) anywhere in the country
  - (3) anywhere in the district
  - (4) at the office of Sub Registrar in whose jurisdiction property or its portion is situated
- 85. For registration of documents under Section 32 of the Registration Act, the person who seeks registration: (Select the most appropriate answer)
  - (1) must remain present
  - (2) may remain present
  - (3) need not remain present
  - (4) may send the documents by post

- of possession of immovable property under Section 6 of Specific Relief Act?
  - (1) 1 year from dispossession
  - (2) 6 months from dispossession
  - (3) 3 months from dispossession
  - (4) No time limit is prescribed
  - 87. Specific performance of a contract may not be enforced, if:
    - (1) the contract is relating to sale of immovable property
    - (2) compensation in money is an adequate relief
    - (3) the property is held by defendant as agent
    - (4) adequate compensation is not the remedy
  - Which of the following remedies is available when an instrument does not express real intention due to fraud or mutual mistake of the parties?
    - (1) Cancellation of instrument
    - (2) Recession of instrument
    - (3) Ratification of instrument
    - (4) Grant of Injunction
  - In a suit for recovery of arrears of maintenance, on what basis will the computation of court fee be done?
    - (1) Amount claimed
    - (2) Total amount of maintenance
    - (3) As the trial court deem reasonable
    - (4) Court may exempt court fee
  - 90. If the court refers parties to the suit for settlement of dispute under Section 89 of the Civil Procedure Code, the plaintiff is:
    - (1) entitled to refund of Court fee ·
    - (2) entitled to refund of Count fee and interest there on
    - (3) not entitled to refund
    - (4) entitled to partial refund of court fee
  - 91. Which of the following is NOT a part of "Accommodation" within section 2(1) of the Chhattisgarh Rent Control Act, 2011?
    - (1) Garden
    - (2) Open Space
    - (3) Agricultural Land
    - (4) Non-Residential Building

- 92. The Chairman of the Rent Control Tribunal under Chhattisgarh Rent Control Act, 2011 shall be:
  - (1) Retired judge of High Court
  - (2) Secretary level officer in State Government
  - (3) District Judge
  - (4) District Judge not below the rank of super time scale
- 93. In which of the following sections of the Chhattisgarh Rent Control Act 2011 are the Rights and Obligations of landlords and tenants provided?
  - (1) Section 12
  - (2) Section 13
  - (3) Section 10
  - (4) Section 5
- 94. What is the period of limitation for filing appeal against order of Collector to the Commissioner under Chhattisgarh Land Revenue Code?
  - (1) 60 days •
  - (2) 45 days .
  - (3) 90 days .
- U-(4) 180 days .
- 95. Power to make rules for regulating the preparation, maintenance and revision of land records under Chhattisgarh Land Revenue Code are vested in:
  - (1) State Government.
  - (2) Collector.
  - (3) Revenue Board.
  - (4) High Court.
- - (1) Rs. 1,000 •
- (2) Rs. 5,000 ·
- (3) Rs. 25,000 ·
- (4) Rs. 10,000 .
- 97 Which of the following is NOT includible in excise revenue within the meaning of Section 2(8) of the Chhattisgarh Excise Act?
  - (1) Duty
  - (2) Fee
  - (3) Penalty
  - (4) Fine imposed by Court of law.

## 98. Select the correct statement.

- (1) Import and Export of intoxicants is totally prohibited under the Chhattisgarh Excise Act 1915.
- (2) Import and Export of intoxicants is allowed by issuing pass under the Chhattisgarh Excise Act, 1915.
- (3) Import and Export of intoxicants is allowed by granting license under the Chhattisgarh Excise Act, 1915.
- (4) Import and Export of intoxicants is allowed by granting import-export exemption certificate under the Chhattisgarh Excise Act, 1915.
- Which of the following is excluded from "advertisement" within the meaning of Section 23A of Chhattisgarh Excise Act?

- (1) Notice
- (2) Oral announcement
- (3) Circular
- (4) Catalogue displayed at liquor shop >
- 100. According to Chhattisgarh Excise Act, which of the following is correct in regards to the offences relating to import, sale and manufacture of liquor which is unfit for human consumption?
  - (1) It is a bailable offence
  - (2) Applicability for anticipatory bail shall not be entertained by any court
  - (3) Person can be put under preventive detention
  - (4) Person will not be granted bail at all