



रेलवे भर्ती बोर्ड / RAILWAY RECRUITMENT BOARD

सी ई एन - ०३/२०२६ - CEN - 03/2026

सेक्शन कंट्रोलर की भर्ती / Recruitment of Section Controller



Test Date	13/10/2026
Test Time	2:00 PM - 4:00 PM
Subject	RRB SECTION CONTROLLER CBT 1

* Note
Correct Answer will carry 1 mark per Question.
Incorrect Answer will carry 1/3 Negative mark per Question.

1. Options shown in green color with a tick icon are correct.
2. Chosen option on the right of the question indicates the option selected by the candidate.

Section : RRB SECTION CONTROLLER CBT 1

Q.1	कोई कॉलेज प्रति विद्यार्थी भुगतान किए गए औसत शुल्क की गणना करना चाहता है, यह मानते हुए कि 30 विद्यार्थियों में से प्रत्येक विद्यार्थी ₹20,000 का भुगतान करता है, 50 विद्यार्थियों में से प्रत्येक विद्यार्थी ₹25,000 का भुगतान करता है, और 20 विद्यार्थियों में से प्रत्येक विद्यार्थी ₹18,000 का भुगतान करता है। प्रति विद्यार्थी भारित समांतर माध्य शुल्क ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. ₹20,000 ✗ B. ₹25,000 ✗ C. ₹24,000 ✓ D. ₹22,100
Q.2	यदि x का 10% = 324 है, तो x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. 6480 ✓ B. 3240 ✗ C. 3340 ✗ D. 6580



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Aniket, Bihar Stet



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Q.6	एक शीत भंडारण यूनिट का निर्माण घनाभ की आकृति में किया गया है जिसकी आंतरिक विमाएं $12\text{ m} \times 8\text{ m} \times 5\text{ m}$ हैं। यह यूनिट प्रारंभ में रिक्त है। बाद में, इसमें 2 m भुजा वाले बर्फ के एकसमान घनाकार ब्लॉक रखे जाते हैं। इस भंडारण यूनिट में बर्फ के ऐसे अधिकतम कितने ब्लॉक पूर्णतः रखे जा सकते हैं?
Ans	A. 54 B. 46 C. 64 D. 48

Q.14	कोई दुकानदार ₹37 प्रति kg की दर से सेंधा नमक बेचने का दावा करता है, जो उसका क्रय मूल्य भी है। हालाँकि, वह समान मूल्य पर 1,196 g देने के स्थान पर केवल 598 g नमक देता है। उसका कुल लाभ प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. 150% ✗ B. 50% ✗ C. 75% ✓ D. 100%
Q.15	दो निष्पक्ष सिक्के एक साथ टॉस किए जाते हैं। ठीक एक हेड (head) प्राप्त करने की प्रायिकता ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. $\frac{1}{4}$ ✗ B. $\frac{2}{3}$ ✓ C. $\frac{1}{2}$ ✗ D. $\frac{3}{4}$
Q.16	यदि x और y का अनुपात 3 : 4 है तथा x और y का योगफल 56 है, तो x का मान कितना होगा?
Ans	✗ A. 14 ✗ B. 32 ✓ C. 24 ✗ D. 18
Q.17	एक कक्षा के विद्यार्थियों को पंक्तियों में खड़ा किया जाता है। यदि प्रत्येक पंक्ति में 4 विद्यार्थी अधिक हों, तो पंक्तियों की संख्या 5 कम हो जाएगी। यदि प्रत्येक पंक्ति में 2 विद्यार्थी कम हों, तो पंक्तियों की संख्या 4 बढ़ जाएगी। पंक्तियों की संख्या और कक्षा में विद्यार्थियों की संख्या का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. 12 : 17 ✗ B. 3 : 11 ✗ C. 1 : 8 ✓ D. 1 : 12
Q.18	7 cm त्रिज्या का एक वृत्त, किसी वर्ग के भीतर अंतर्निहित है। वर्ग के भीतर लेकिन वृत्त के बाह्य क्षेत्र का क्षेत्रफल (cm ² में) कितना होगा? ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ लीजिए)
Ans	✓ A. 42 ✗ B. 77 ✗ C. 63 ✗ D. 56
Q.19	एक डाक ज़ेन 7:45 AM पर डिपो X से प्रस्थान करता है, और 36 किलोमीटर प्रति घंटा की नियत चाल से उड़ता है। ज़ेन किस समय पर डिपो X से ठीक 54 किलोमीटर की दूरी पर होगा?
Ans	✗ A. 9:30 AM ✗ B. 9:00 AM ✗ C. 8:45 AM ✓ D. 9:15 AM
Q.20	एक दुकानदार ₹16 प्रति kg की दर से सेंधा नमक बेचने का दावा करता है, जबकि उसका क्रय मूल्य ₹20 प्रति kg है। हालाँकि वह समान मूल्य पर, 1,010 g नमक देने के स्थान पर केवल 505 g नमक देता है। उसका कुल लाभ प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. 120% ✓ B. 60% ✗ C. 100% ✗ D. 30%
Q.21	एक विश्वविद्यालय अनुसंधान परियोजना के लिए एक समांतर श्रेणी (AP) के प्रथम n पदों के योग की आवश्यकता है, जहाँ प्रथम पद 5 है और सार्व अंतर 3 है। यदि योग 185 के बराबर है, तो n का कौन सा मान इस स्थिति को संतुष्ट करता है?
Ans	✗ A. 12 ✗ B. 8 ✓ C. 10 ✗ D. 15

Q.22	2000 m की दौड़ में, धावक C, धावक A से 260 m आगे से और 50 सेकंड पहले दौड़ना शुरू करता है। 1000 m की दौड़ में, धावक A, धावक B को 200 m या 25 सेकंड से हराता है। 1000 m की दौड़ में धावक B, धावक C को 100 m की शुरुआती बढ़त देता है और फिर भी C को 25 सेकंड से हरा देता है। 2000 m की दौड़ में धावक A, धावक C को कितने मीटर से हराएगा?
Ans	✖ A. 150 मीटर ✔ B. 240 मीटर ✖ C. 250 मीटर ✖ D. 180 मीटर
Q.23	A के वेतन और B के वेतन का अनुपात 5 : 8 है। यदि A का वेतन ₹35,000 है, तो B का वेतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✖ A. ₹52,000 ✖ B. ₹58,000 ✔ C. ₹56,000 ✖ D. ₹54,000
Q.24	संख्या 14, 91 और 162 का लघुत्तम समापवर्त्य (LCM) ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✖ A. 14472 ✖ B. 13984 ✔ C. 14742 ✖ D. 15642
Q.25	निम्नलिखित को सरल कीजिए: $81^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 27^{\frac{2}{3}} \div 9^{\frac{5}{2}}$
Ans	✖ A. 2 ✖ B. 3 ✖ C. 0 ✔ D. 1
Q.26	15% of 400 + 0.25 of 800 – 30 को सरल कीजिए।
Ans	✖ A. 250 ✖ B. 260 ✖ C. 245 ✔ D. 230
Q.27	एक कक्षा के 9 विद्यार्थियों के प्राप्तांक निम्नलिखित हैं: 42, 38, 45, 40, 35, 50, 48, 37, 44 उपरोक्त प्राप्तांकों की माधिका ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✔ A. 42 ✖ B. 40 ✖ C. 44 ✖ D. 43
Q.28	एक खेत एक समद्विबाहु त्रिभुज के आकार का है जिसकी बराबर भुजाओं की लंबाई 37 m (प्रत्येक) है और तीसरी भुजा 24 m है। उसका क्षेत्रफल (m ² में) ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✖ A. 460 ✔ B. 420 ✖ C. 400 ✖ D. 440
Q.29	एक दुकानदार किसी शर्ट का मूल्य ₹1,224 अंकित करता है। वह अंकित मूल्य पर 25% की छूट देता है। शर्ट का विक्रय मूल्य कितना है?
Ans	✖ A. ₹915 ✔ B. ₹918 ✖ C. ₹910 ✖ D. ₹900

Q.30 लकड़ी के एक ठोस ब्लॉक की आकृति एक पूर्ण अर्धगोले के समान है, जिसकी त्रिज्या 21 cm है। इसके समतल वृत्ताकार आधार सहित संपूर्ण बाह्य पृष्ठ को पेंट किया जाना है। यदि पेंट करने की दर ₹250 प्रति 100 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है, तो ब्लॉक को पेंट करने की कुल लागत ज्ञात कीजिए। ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ का उपयोग कीजिए।)

- Ans
- ☒ A. ₹11,245
 - ☒ B. ₹9,355
 - ☒ C. ₹10,395
 - ☒ D. ₹8,425

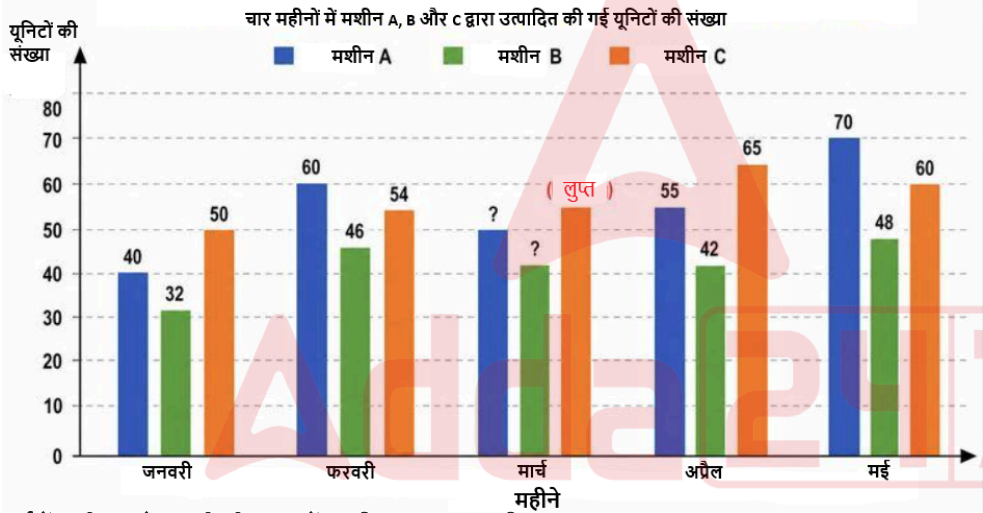
Q.31 5 विद्यार्थियों के एक समूह की औसत लंबाई 165 cm है। 133 cm और 194 cm की लंबाई वाले दो विद्यार्थी, समूह में शामिल हो जाते हैं और 106 cm औसत लंबाई वाले 4 विद्यार्थी, समूह छोड़ देते हैं। परिवर्तनों के बाद समूह की नई औसत लंबाई (cm में, दशमलव के 1 स्थान तक पूर्णांकित) कितनी होगी?

- Ans
- ☒ A. 242.7
 - ☒ B. 244.7
 - ☒ C. 247.3
 - ☒ D. 245.7

Q.32 निम्नलिखित मानों की माध्यिका ज्ञात कीजिए।
13, 9, 18, 11, 8, 6, 15, 7, 2, 5

- Ans
- ☒ A. 9
 - ☒ B. 8
 - ☒ C. 8.5
 - ☒ D. 17

Q.33 यह बहु-दंड आलेख चार महीनों में मशीन A, B और C के उत्पादन को दर्शाता है।



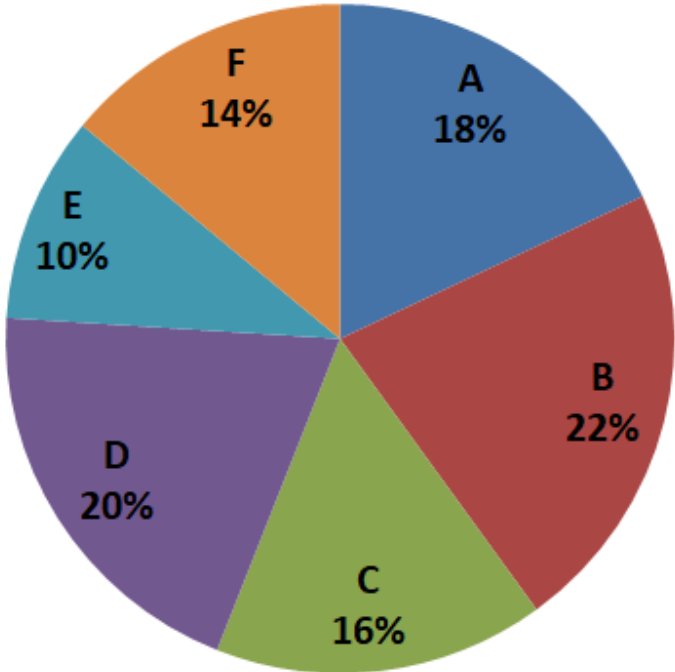
मार्च में, मशीन B ने फरवरी की तुलना में 8 यूनिट कम उत्पादन किया।
मशीन A ने मार्च में मशीन B की तुलना में 18 यूनिट अधिक उत्पादन किया।
मार्च में तीनों मशीनों का कुल उत्पादन 156 यूनिट था।
मार्च में मशीन C का उत्पादन ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 62
 - ☒ B. 58
 - ☒ C. 38
 - ☒ D. 129

Q.34 A एक काम को 78 घंटे में पूरा कर सकता है; B और C मिलकर उसे 60 घंटे में पूरा कर सकते हैं, जबकि A और C मिलकर उसे 39 घंटे में पूरा कर सकते हैं। B अकेले उस काम को कितने घंटे में पूरा करेगा?

- Ans
- ☒ A. 262
 - ☒ B. 260
 - ☒ C. 259
 - ☒ D. 261

Q.35 निम्नलिखित चार्ट 6 अलग-अलग कॉलेजों में विद्यार्थियों की कुल संख्या को दर्शाता है।
कॉलेजों में बालिकाओं का प्रतिशत निम्नलिखित है:
A=54%, B=48%, C=60%, D=50%, E=48%, F=55%



यदि सभी छह कॉलेजों में विद्यार्थियों की कुल संख्या 80000 है, तो कॉलेज A, B और D में बालकों की औसत संख्या (निकटतम पूर्णांक तक पूर्णांकित) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒

 A. 7925
- ☐

 B. 7965
- ☐

 C. 7929
- ☐

 D. 7989

Q.36 एक आयताकार पार्क की विमाएं 50 m × 30 m हैं। पार्क के अंदर सभी चार भुजाओं के अनुदिश 5 m की चौड़ाई वाला एकसमान मार्ग निर्मित किया गया है। यदि शेष आंतरिक आयताकार क्षेत्र के परिमाप में बाड़ लगाने की कीमत ₹50 प्रति मीटर हो, तो बाड़ लगाने की कुल लागत ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☐

 A. ₹4,000
- ☐

 B. ₹7,000
- ☐

 C. ₹5,000
- ☒

 D. ₹6,000

Q.37 नीचे दी गई तालिका सोमवार से गुरुवार तक चार स्टोरों द्वारा बेची गई पुस्तकों की संख्या दर्शाती है।

स्टोर	सोमवार	मंगलवार	बुधवार	गुरुवार
A	15	18	20	22
B	12	14	16	18
C	10	13	15	17
D	11	15	18	21

प्रबंधक उस स्टोर को पुरस्कृत करने की योजना बना रहा है, जिसने सोमवार से गुरुवार तक पुस्तक बिक्री में सबसे अधिक प्रतिशत वृद्धि दर्ज की। किस स्टोर को पुरस्कार प्राप्त होना चाहिए?

- Ans
- ☐

 A. C
- ☐

 B. B
- ☒

 C. D
- ☐

 D. A

Q.38 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा एक ऐसी समांतर श्रेणी का 8वां पद है, जिसका प्रथम पद 7 और सार्व अंतर -2 है?

- Ans
- ☐

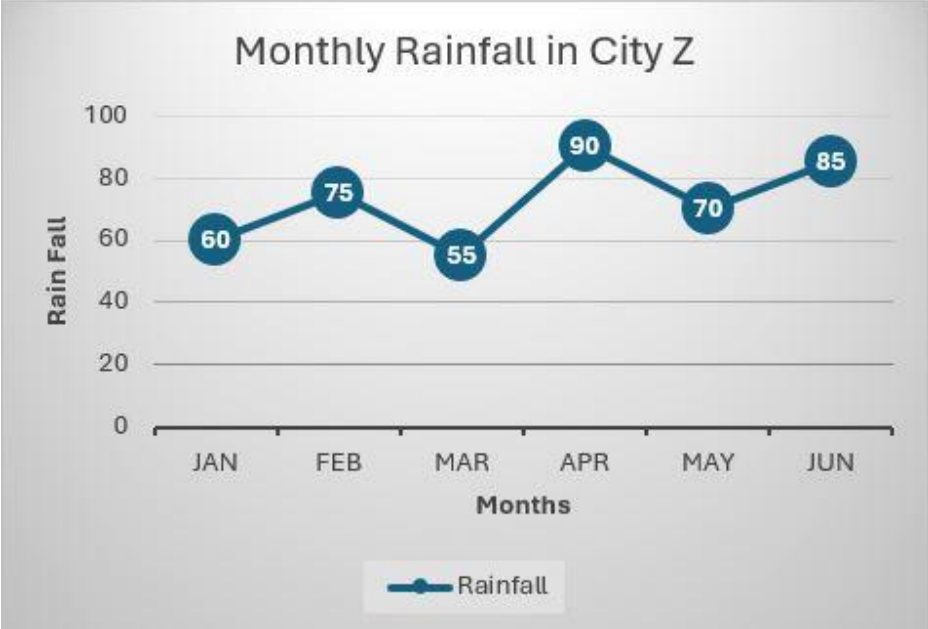
 A. 3
- ☐

 B. 5
- ☒

 C. -7
- ☐

 D. 1

Q.39 यह लाइन ग्राफ वर्ष के पहले छह महीनों के दौरान शहर Z की मासिक वर्षा (mm में) को निम्नानुसार दर्शाता है:



सबसे अधिक वर्षा वाले महीने में औसत मासिक वर्षा से अधिक वर्षा और सबसे कम वर्षा वाले महीने में औसत मासिक वर्षा से कम वर्षा का अनुपात क्या है?

इमेज संदर्भ-
Monthly Rainfall in City Z - शहर Z में मासिक वर्षा
Rain Fall - वर्षा
Months - महीनें
JAN - जनवरी
FEB - फरवरी
MAR - मार्च
APR - अप्रैल
MAY - मई
JUN - जून

- Ans
- ☒ A. 3:2
 - ☒ B. 1:1
 - ☒ C. 2:1
 - ☒ D. 1:2

Q.40 यदि छह संख्याओं का औसत 24 है और उनमें से पांच संख्याएं 18, 20, 25, 28 और 30 हैं, तो छठी संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 23
 - ☒ B. 18
 - ☒ C. 29
 - ☒ D. 26

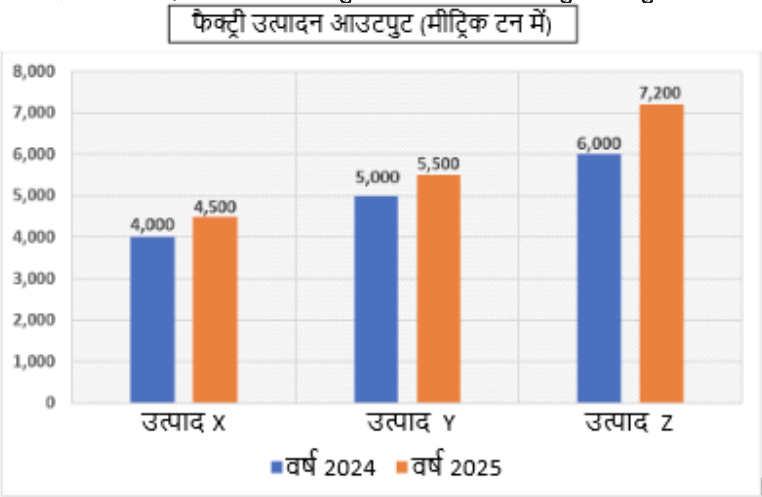
Q.41 किसी आंकड़ा समुच्चय के मान: 100, 110, 120, 130, 140 हैं। यदि आप 120 को कल्पित माध्य के रूप में चुनते हैं, तो कल्पित माध्य से विचलनों का योगफल ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 10
 - ☒ B. 0
 - ☒ C. -20
 - ☒ D. 20

Q.42 A और B क्रमशः ₹1,800 और ₹6,800 का निवेश करके एक कैफे शुरू करते हैं। एक वर्ष के अंत में, कैफे को ₹8,600 का लाभ अर्जित होता है। A को लाभ में अपने हिस्से के साथ-साथ कैफे के प्रबंधन के लिए एक अलग वेतन भी प्राप्त होता है, जो लाभ में से नहीं दिया जाता है। यदि A को कुल ₹3,000 प्राप्त होते हैं, तो उसके वेतन की राशि (₹ में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 1,204
 - ☒ B. 1,200
 - ☒ C. 1,197
 - ☒ D. 1,203

Q.43 निम्नलिखित बहु दंड-आरेख में उत्पाद X, Y और Z के आउटपुट को दर्शाया गया है। वर्ष 2026 में, उत्पाद X का आउटपुट वर्ष 2025 के अपने स्तर से 20% बढ़ जाता है, जबकि उत्पाद Z का आउटपुट वर्ष 2025 के अपने स्तर से 25% कम हो जाता है। वर्ष 2026 में, उत्पाद X के आउटपुट और उत्पाद Z के आउटपुट का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।



- Ans
- ☒ A. 5 : 4
 - ☒ B. 4 : 5
 - ☒ C. 3 : 4
 - ☒ D. 1 : 1

Q.44 एक वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य ₹5,000 है। एक दुकानदार अंकित मूल्य पर तीन क्रमिक छूट प्रदान करता है। यदि पहली और दूसरी छूट क्रमशः 15% और 5% हैं, तो तीसरी छूट दर ज्ञात कीजिए, यदि ग्राहक उस वस्तु के लिए ₹3,230 का भुगतान करता है।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 10%
 - ☒ B. 20%
 - ☒ C. 18%
 - ☒ D. 15%

Q.45 तीन घंटियाँ क्रमशः 8, 12, और 15 मिनट के अंतराल पर बजती हैं। यदि वे सभी एक साथ 7:00 a.m. पर बजती हैं, तो अगली बार वे एक साथ किस समय पर बजेगी?

- Ans
- ☒ A. 9:00 a.m.
 - ☒ B. 8:20 a.m.
 - ☒ C. 8:15 a.m.
 - ☒ D. 7:30 a.m.

Q.46 $\sqrt{121} + \sqrt{324}$ को सरल कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 26
 - ☒ B. 28
 - ☒ C. 29
 - ☒ D. 27

Q.47 एक कार एक निश्चित दूरी तय करती है। यदि इसकी चाल इंजन की शक्ति के घनमूल के अनुक्रमानुपाती है, तो इंजन की शक्ति 64 kW से बढ़कर 216 kW होने पर यात्रा के समय में कितने प्रतिशत की कमी आएगी? [अपना उत्तर दशमलव के बाद दो स्थानों तक सही दें।]

- Ans
- ☒ A. 33.33%
 - ☒ B. 38.33%
 - ☒ C. 23.33%
 - ☒ D. 35.33%

Q.48 ताश की गड्डी से एक पत्ता खींचा जाता है और उसे वापस नहीं रखा जाता है। इस बात की क्या प्रायिकता है कि पहला पत्ता हुकुम (spade) का हो और दूसरा पत्ता ईट (diamond) का हो?

- Ans
- A. $\frac{13}{204}$
 - B. $\frac{1}{16}$
 - C. $\frac{1}{15}$
 - D. $\frac{13}{221}$

Q.49 एक पर्यटक बस प्रत्येक ट्रिप के लिए एक निश्चित बोर्डिंग शुल्क लेती है, जो खरीदे गए टिकटों की संख्या या प्रकार पर विचार किए बिना समान रहता है। आधे टिकट का किराया, पूरे टिकट के किराए का 60% है। एक विशेष ट्रिप के लिए, बोर्डिंग शुल्क सहित एक पूरे टिकट और एक आधे टिकट की कुल लागत ₹2,400 है, और समान बोर्डिंग शुल्क सहित दो पूरे टिकट और एक आधे टिकट की कुल लागत ₹3,300 है। एक पूरे टिकट और बोर्डिंग शुल्क का किराया क्रमशः ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- A. ₹800 और ₹860
 - B. ₹900 और ₹960
 - C. ₹1,000 और ₹1,060
 - D. ₹1,200 और ₹1,260

Q.50 नीचे दी गई तालिका में 2022 में ऋण स्वीकृति के लिए एक बैंक का डेटा दिया गया है। यदि केवल उन शाखाओं पर विचार किया जाए जिन्होंने कम से कम 100 गृह ऋण और कम से कम 60 शिक्षा ऋण स्वीकृत किए हैं, तो इन शाखाओं द्वारा स्वीकृत ऑटो ऋणों की औसत संख्या कितनी है?

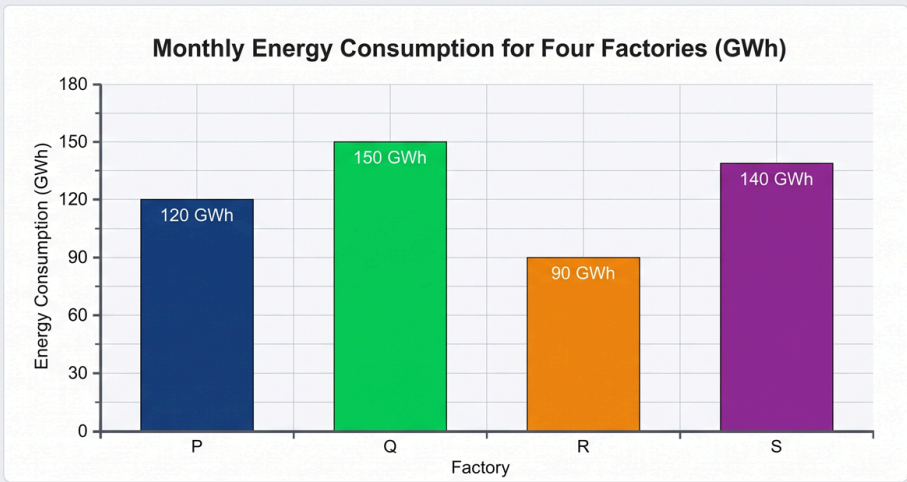
शाखा	गृह ऋण	ऑटो ऋण	शिक्षा ऋण
अल्फा	120	90	60
बीटा	140	110	70
गामा	100	80	40
डेल्टा	130	100	65

- Ans
- A. 105
 - B. 110
 - C. 95
 - D. 100

Q.51 एक यात्रा के प्रारंभ में कार के ओडोमीटर का पाठ्यांक 12050 km है और यात्रा की समाप्ति पर पाठ्यांक 12590 km है। यदि इस यात्रा में 6 घंटे का समय लगा हो, तो कार की औसत चाल m/sec में ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- A. 33
 - B. 20
 - C. 30
 - D. 25

Q.52 नीचे दिया गया ग्राफ चार कारखानों (P, Q, R और S) के मासिक ऊर्जा उपभोग (GWh में) को दर्शाता है।



कारखाना Q का उपभोग, कारखाना R के उपभोग की तुलना में कितने प्रतिशत (निकटतम पूर्णांक तक पूर्णांकित) अधिक है?

इमेज संदर्भ-
Energy Consumption (GWh) -ऊर्जा उपभोग (GWh)
Monthly Energy Consumption for Four Factories (GWh) - चार कारखानों का मासिक ऊर्जा उपभोग (GWh)
Factory - कारखाना

- Ans
- ☒ A. 50%
 - ☒ B. 75%
 - ☒ C. 67%
 - ☒ D. 33%

Q.53 मान लीजिए कि p और q , 3 से बड़ी दो भिन्न अभाज्य संख्याएं हैं। एक संख्या N को $N = p^2q + pq^2$ के रूप में परिभाषित किया गया है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सदैव सत्य है?

- Ans
- ☒ A. N , $p - q$ से विभाज्य है
 - ☒ B. N एक अभाज्य संख्या है
 - ☒ C. N , p और q दोनों के साथ सह-अभाज्य है
 - ☒ D. N , p और q के गुणनफल से पूरी तरह विभाज्य है

Q.54 एक निर्माता, उत्पादन लागत से 16% अधिक विक्रय मूल्य निर्धारित करता है। यदि उत्पादन लागत 16% बढ़ जाती है और निर्माता अपना विक्रय मूल्य 25% बढ़ा देता है, तो लाभ प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 26%
 - ☒ B. 25%
 - ☒ C. 28%
 - ☒ D. 23%

Q.55 यदि दो समांतर रेखाओं को प्रतिच्छेद करने वाली तिर्यक रेखा के एक ही ओर के दो अंतःकोणों का अनुपात 4:5 है, तो छोटा कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans
- ☒ A. 80°
 - ☒ B. 72°
 - ☒ C. 54°
 - ☒ D. 60°

Q.56 किसी कक्षा में, पाँच विद्यार्थियों के अंक: 72, 85, 68, 90, और 77 हैं। यदि सबसे बड़ा अंक, बढ़कर 95 हो जाता है, तो परिसर में क्या परिवर्तन होगा?

- Ans
- ☒ A. कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा
 - ☒ B. 5 की कमी
 - ☒ C. 3 की वृद्धि
 - ☒ D. 5 की वृद्धि

Q.57	एक नाव बिंदु A और B के बीच यात्रा करती है। स्थिर जल में नाव की चाल एकसमान रहती है। राउंड ट्रिप में कुल 9 घंटे लगते हैं। यदि धारा की चाल 50% बढ़ जाती है, तो राउंड ट्रिप का समय 1 घंटा 40 मिनट बढ़ जाता है। स्थिर जल में नाव की चाल और धारा की मूल चाल का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
Ans	✗ A. 2 : 1 ✗ B. 4 : 1 ✓ C. 3 : 1 ✗ D. 5 : 2
Q.58	मंजीत का मासिक वेतन ₹20,000 है। वह प्रतिमाह ₹5,500 गृह किराए पर और ₹3,000 बिलों पर व्यय करता है, तथा शेष राशि की बचत करता है। एक वर्ष में उसकी कुल बचत (₹ में) ज्ञात कीजिए, जबकि वह अपने जन्मदिन के महीने में अपनी संपूर्ण मासिक बचत जन्मदिन समारोह पर व्यय कर देता है।
Ans	✓ A. 1,26,500 ✗ B. 1,15,000 ✗ C. 1,03,500 ✗ D. 1,38,000
Q.59	वह सबसे छोटी प्राकृत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए जिसे 6, 8 और 10 से विभाजित करने पर प्रत्येक स्थिति में 3 शेषफल बचता है?
Ans	✗ A. 243 ✗ B. 117 ✓ C. 123 ✗ D. 131
Q.60	दिए गए समीकरणों के निकाय $2x + 3y = 7$ और $4x + ky = 14$ में, k के किस मान के लिए इस निकाय के अनंत हल होंगे?
Ans	✗ A. 7 ✗ B. 3 ✓ C. 6 ✗ D. 9
Q.61	निम्नलिखित अक्षर श्रृंखला का संदर्भ लीजिए और प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए। गिनती केवल बाएं से दाएं की जानी है। (बाएं) M Q Q Z K D Y E D N O B N B X F E M F T T (दाएं) ऐसे कितने स्वर हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के ठीक पहले एक व्यंजन है और ठीक बाद में भी एक व्यंजन है?
Ans	✗ A. एक भी नहीं ✓ B. तीन ✗ C. दो ✗ D. एक
Q.62	यदि 2 दिसंबर 2010 को गुरुवार था, तो 20 दिसंबर 2021 को सप्ताह का कौन-सा दिन था?
Ans	✗ A. गुरुवार ✓ B. सोमवार ✗ C. रविवार ✗ D. मंगलवार
Q.63	शब्द VENTURE के प्रत्येक स्वर को अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम में उसके ठीक पहले आने वाले अक्षर से बदल दिया जाता है और प्रत्येक व्यंजन को अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम में उसके बाद आने वाले दूसरे अक्षर से बदल दिया जाता है। इस प्रकार बने अक्षरों के समूह में कितने अक्षर ठीक दो बार आएंगे?
Ans	✗ A. एक ✗ B. तीन ✗ C. एक भी नहीं ✓ D. दो
Q.64	I, J की माता है। J, M की बहन है। N, T का पिता है। T, M का पुत्र है। I का T से क्या संबंध है?
Ans	✗ A. माता ✓ B. माता की माता ✗ C. बहन ✗ D. माता की बहन

- Q.65

यह प्रश्न निम्नलिखित शब्दों पर आधारित है ।
RAM BOX HUG JET
यदि प्रत्येक शब्द में, प्रत्येक अक्षर को अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम में उसके ठीक बाद वाले अक्षर से बदल दिया जाए, तो इस प्रकार बनने वाले कितने शब्दों में एक भी स्वर नहीं होगा?
- Ans

☒ A. दो

☐ B. तीन

☐ C. चार

☐ D. एक

Comprehension:
Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

For centuries, rivers have shaped the development of human civilizations. Their significance extends far beyond providing water for drinking and agriculture. Rivers have functioned as transportation corridors, sources of economic activity, and natural systems that sustain biodiversity. Consequently, many major cities emerged along riverbanks, benefiting from trade opportunities and fertile land. In recent decades, however, increasing pressure from urbanization and industrialization has altered many river systems. Expanding cities often require large-scale extraction of water, while industrial activities may introduce pollutants into waterways. These changes can reduce water quality, disrupt aquatic ecosystems, and affect communities that depend upon rivers for their livelihoods. In some regions, excessive dam construction has further modified natural flow patterns, producing both benefits and unintended consequences.

Supporters of large infrastructure projects argue that dams contribute to energy production, flood control, and agricultural development. Critics acknowledge these advantages but contend that environmental and social costs are frequently underestimated. Altered sediment flows, displacement of local populations, and declining fish populations illustrate some of the concerns raised by environmental researchers.

As a result, contemporary river management increasingly emphasizes balance rather than maximization. Policymakers are exploring approaches that seek to accommodate economic growth while preserving ecological integrity. Such efforts recognize that rivers are not merely resources to be exploited but dynamic systems whose long-term health influences both environmental sustainability and human well-being. The challenge is not whether rivers should be used, but how competing demands can be managed responsibly over time.

SubQuestion No : 66

- Q.66

The most appropriate connection to a real-life situation discussed in the passage would be:
- Ans

☐ A. Promoting urban expansion as the primary driver of regional prosperity.

☒ B. Designing policies that seek economic growth without causing irreversible ecological damage.

☐ C. Investigating how geographical features influenced the rise of ancient civilizations.

☐ D. Developing technologies that maximize energy production regardless of environmental impact.

Comprehension:
Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

For centuries, rivers have shaped the development of human civilizations. Their significance extends far beyond providing water for drinking and agriculture. Rivers have functioned as transportation corridors, sources of economic activity, and natural systems that sustain biodiversity. Consequently, many major cities emerged along riverbanks, benefiting from trade opportunities and fertile land. In recent decades, however, increasing pressure from urbanization and industrialization has altered many river systems. Expanding cities often require large-scale extraction of water, while industrial activities may introduce pollutants into waterways. These changes can reduce water quality, disrupt aquatic ecosystems, and affect communities that depend upon rivers for their livelihoods. In some regions, excessive dam construction has further modified natural flow patterns, producing both benefits and unintended consequences.

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SubQuestion No : 67

- Q.67

Which inference is most strongly supported by the passage?
- Ans

☐ A. Most governments have abandoned infrastructure development entirely.

☐ B. Environmental researchers generally oppose economic growth.

☒ C. Economic benefits and environmental costs often coexist in river projects.

☐ D. River pollution originates exclusively from industrial activities.

Comprehension:

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

For centuries, rivers have shaped the development of human civilizations. Their significance extends far beyond providing water for drinking and agriculture. Rivers have functioned as transportation corridors, sources of economic activity, and natural systems that sustain biodiversity. Consequently, many major cities emerged along riverbanks, benefiting from trade opportunities and fertile land. In recent decades, however, increasing pressure from urbanization and industrialization has altered many river systems. Expanding cities often require large-scale extraction of water, while industrial activities may introduce pollutants into waterways. These changes can reduce water quality, disrupt aquatic ecosystems, and affect communities that depend upon rivers for their livelihoods. In some regions, excessive dam construction has further modified natural flow patterns, producing both benefits and unintended consequences.

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As a result, contemporary river management increasingly emphasizes balance rather than maximization. Policymakers are exploring approaches that seek to accommodate economic growth while preserving ecological integrity. Such efforts recognize that rivers are not merely resources to be exploited but dynamic systems whose long-term health influences both environmental sustainability and human well-being. The challenge is not whether rivers should be used, but how competing demands can be managed responsibly over time.

SubQuestion No : 68

Q.68 Which statement best expresses the main theme of the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Industrialization inevitably destroys all natural ecosystems permanently.
 - ☒ B. Renewable energy projects should replace traditional economic activities.
 - ☒ C. Sustainable river management requires balancing multiple competing interests.
 - ☒ D. River-based civilizations were more successful than modern societies.

Comprehension:

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

For centuries, rivers have shaped the development of human civilizations. Their significance extends far beyond providing water for drinking and agriculture. Rivers have functioned as transportation corridors, sources of economic activity, and natural systems that sustain biodiversity. Consequently, many major cities emerged along riverbanks, benefiting from trade opportunities and fertile land. In recent decades, however, increasing pressure from urbanization and industrialization has altered many river systems. Expanding cities often require large-scale extraction of water, while industrial activities may introduce pollutants into waterways. These changes can reduce water quality, disrupt aquatic ecosystems, and affect communities that depend upon rivers for their livelihoods. In some regions, excessive dam construction has further modified natural flow patterns, producing both benefits and unintended consequences.

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SubQuestion No : 69

Q.69 Which title best captures the central idea of the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Evaluating Rivers as Sources of Renewable Energy Production
 - ☒ B. Managing Rivers amid Competing Developmental Priorities
 - ☒ C. Understanding Rivers within Ancient Civilizational Networks
 - ☒ D. Exploring Rivers through Advances in Geographic Research

Comprehension:

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

For centuries, rivers have shaped the development of human civilizations. Their significance extends far beyond providing water for drinking and agriculture. Rivers have functioned as transportation corridors, sources of economic activity, and natural systems that sustain biodiversity. Consequently, many major cities emerged along riverbanks, benefiting from trade opportunities and fertile land. In recent decades, however, increasing pressure from urbanization and industrialization has altered many river systems. Expanding cities often require large-scale extraction of water, while industrial activities may introduce pollutants into waterways. These changes can reduce water quality, disrupt aquatic ecosystems, and affect communities that depend upon rivers for their livelihoods. In some regions, excessive dam construction has further modified natural flow patterns, producing both benefits and unintended consequences.

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SubQuestion No : 70

Q.70 Which assumption underlies the author's concluding argument?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Natural ecosystems recover quickly from all forms of disturbance.
 - ☒ B. Environmental sustainability requires ending industrial growth completely.
 - ☒ C. Technological innovation inevitably resolves resource conflicts.
 - ☒ D. Economic development and ecological protection can be pursued simultaneously.

Comprehension:

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions based on it.

Handlooms have occupied an important place in human civilization for thousands of years. Before the widespread use of machines, communities depended on hand-operated looms to produce clothing, household fabrics, and ceremonial textiles. Different regions gradually developed distinctive weaving traditions based on locally available fibres, dyes, and cultural preferences. As trade expanded, handcrafted fabrics travelled across continents and became symbols of artistic excellence as well as economic prosperity.

The Industrial Revolution brought significant changes to textile production. Mechanized mills could manufacture cloth in far greater quantities and at lower costs than individual weavers. As inexpensive factory-made textiles entered markets, many traditional handloom communities struggled to compete. Reduced demand, declining incomes, and changing consumer preferences threatened the survival of several weaving traditions.

Despite these challenges, handlooms did not disappear. Governments, cooperatives, and cultural organizations introduced measures to preserve weaving skills and improve the livelihoods of artisans. Training programmes, exhibitions, and fair-trade initiatives encouraged greater public appreciation of handmade textiles. At the same time, designers began combining traditional weaving techniques with contemporary patterns, enabling handloom products to appeal to modern consumers.

Today, handlooms represent more than a method of producing fabric. They preserve cultural identity, reflect regional craftsmanship, and support sustainable production by relying on comparatively low energy consumption. Although machine-made textiles continue to dominate global markets, growing awareness of environmental concerns and appreciation for handmade products have renewed interest in traditional weaving. The history of handlooms therefore illustrates not only technological change but also the continuing effort to balance economic development with cultural preservation.

SubQuestion No : 71

Q.71 Which of the following best expresses the central idea of the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. The replacement of regional craftsmanship by factory-made household fabrics.
 - ☒ B. The evolution of handlooms through technological change and preservation efforts.
 - ☒ C. The dependence of ceremonial textiles on locally available fibres and dyes.
 - ☒ D. The expansion of global trade through mechanized textile production alone.

Comprehension:

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions based on it.

Handlooms have occupied an important place in human civilization for thousands of years. Before the widespread use of machines, communities depended on hand-operated looms to produce clothing, household fabrics, and ceremonial textiles. Different regions gradually developed distinctive weaving traditions based on locally available fibres, dyes, and cultural preferences. As trade expanded, handcrafted fabrics travelled across continents and became symbols of artistic excellence as well as economic prosperity.

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SubQuestion No : 72

Q.72 A community begins promoting handmade textiles by organizing exhibitions and teaching traditional weaving techniques to younger artisans. Which part of the passage does this situation best reflect?

- Ans ☒ A. Measures introduced to preserve weaving skills and improve livelihoods.
- ☐ B. Markets dominated by inexpensive factory-made textile production..
- ☐ C. Dependence on locally available fibers and cultural preferences.
- ☐ D. Expansion of trade through handcrafted fabrics across continents.

Comprehension:

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions based on it.

Handlooms have occupied an important place in human civilization for thousands of years. Before the widespread use of machines, communities depended on hand-operated looms to produce clothing, household fabrics, and ceremonial textiles. Different regions gradually developed distinctive weaving traditions based on locally available fibres, dyes, and cultural preferences. As trade expanded, handcrafted fabrics travelled across continents and became symbols of artistic excellence as well as economic prosperity.

The Industrial Revolution brought significant changes to textile production. Mechanized mills could manufacture cloth in far greater quantities and at lower costs than individual weavers. As inexpensive factory-made textiles entered markets, many traditional handloom communities struggled to compete. Reduced demand, declining incomes, and changing consumer preferences threatened the survival of several weaving traditions.

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SubQuestion No : 73

Q.73 Which best describes the overall style of the passage?

- Ans ☐ A. Narrative, because it recounts the experiences of a traditional village weaver.
- ☐ B. Descriptive, because it mainly portrays the appearance of woven fabrics.
- ☒ C. Expository, because it explains the development and significance of handlooms objectively.
- ☐ D. Persuasive, because it urges readers to reject mechanized textile production.

Comprehension:

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions based on it.

Handlooms have occupied an important place in human civilization for thousands of years. Before the widespread use of machines, communities depended on hand-operated looms to produce clothing, household fabrics, and ceremonial textiles. Different regions gradually developed distinctive weaving traditions based on locally available fibres, dyes, and cultural preferences. As trade expanded, handcrafted fabrics travelled across continents and became symbols of artistic excellence as well as economic prosperity.

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SubQuestion No : 74

Q.74 According to the passage, which factor helped revive interest in handloom products?

- Ans
- ☐ A. Mechanized mills producing ceremonial textiles at lower costs.
 - ☐ B. Consumers replacing handmade fabrics with inexpensive machine-made cloth.
 - ☐ C. Communities abandoning regional craftsmanship for factory production.
 - ☒ D. Designers combining traditional weaving with contemporary patterns.

Comprehension:

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions based on it.

Handlooms have occupied an important place in human civilization for thousands of years. Before the widespread use of machines, communities depended on hand-operated looms to produce clothing, household fabrics, and ceremonial textiles. Different regions gradually developed distinctive weaving traditions based on locally available fibres, dyes, and cultural preferences. As trade expanded, handcrafted fabrics travelled across continents and became symbols of artistic excellence as well as economic prosperity.

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SubQuestion No : 75

Q.75 Which sequence follows the order presented in the passage?

- Ans
- ☐ A. Renewed interest → Mechanized production → Traditional weaving → Preservation efforts
 - ☐ B. Mechanized production → Renewed interest → Traditional weaving → Preservation efforts
 - ☒ C. Traditional weaving → Mechanized production → Preservation efforts → Renewed interest
 - ☐ D. Preservation efforts → Traditional weaving → Renewed interest → Mechanized production

Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

History is often perceived as a chronological record of past events, yet contemporary historians increasingly argue that it is also a process of interpretation. Historical narratives are constructed from evidence such as official records, archaeological findings, personal diaries, oral traditions, and material artefacts. Since these sources vary in reliability, completeness, and perspective, historians must evaluate them critically before drawing conclusions. Moreover, every generation approaches the past with different questions shaped by its own social, political, and intellectual concerns. Consequently, historical interpretations are subject to revision whenever new evidence emerges or previously neglected voices receive scholarly attention. Such revisions should not be mistaken for distortions of history; rather, they reflect the discipline's commitment to refining knowledge through critical inquiry. Recent scholarship has expanded historical research beyond the actions of kings, military leaders, and political elites to include the experiences of women, workers, indigenous communities, and other marginalized groups. This broader perspective has enriched historical understanding by demonstrating that social change often results from the collective actions of ordinary individuals rather than the decisions of a few influential figures. Nevertheless, historians remain constrained by the availability and quality of evidence, making complete objectivity unattainable. Instead, the credibility of historical writing depends upon rigorous methodology, transparent use of sources, and reasoned interpretation. Thus, history should be viewed not as an unchanging repository of facts but as a dynamic and continuously evolving dialogue between evidence, interpretation, and society.

SubQuestion No : 76

Q.76 The tone of the passage is best described as:

- Ans
- ☒ A. Emotional and Nostalgic
 - ☒ B. Humorous and Satirical
 - ☒ C. Reflective and Analytical
 - ☒ D. Critical and Mocking

Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

History is often perceived as a chronological record of past events, yet contemporary historians increasingly argue that it is also a process of interpretation. Historical narratives are constructed from evidence such as official records, archaeological findings, personal diaries, oral traditions, and material artefacts. Since these sources vary in reliability, completeness, and perspective, historians must evaluate them critically before drawing conclusions. Moreover, every generation approaches the past with different questions shaped by its own social, political, and intellectual concerns. Consequently, historical interpretations are subject to revision whenever new evidence emerges or previously neglected voices receive scholarly attention. Such revisions should not be mistaken for distortions of history; rather, they reflect the discipline's commitment to refining knowledge through critical inquiry. Recent scholarship has expanded historical research beyond the actions of kings, military leaders, and political elites to include the experiences of women, workers, indigenous communities, and other marginalized groups. This broader perspective has enriched historical understanding by demonstrating that social change often results from the collective actions of ordinary individuals rather than the decisions of a few influential figures. Nevertheless, historians remain constrained by the availability and quality of evidence, making complete objectivity unattainable. Instead, the credibility of historical writing depends upon rigorous methodology, transparent use of sources, and reasoned interpretation. Thus, history should be viewed not as an unchanging repository of facts but as a dynamic and continuously evolving dialogue between evidence, interpretation, and society.

SubQuestion No : 77

Q.77 Which of the following is the most appropriate title for the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Archaeology and Historical Discoveries
 - ☒ B. Historical Sources and Their Preservation
 - ☒ C. History as an Evolving Interpretation of the Past
 - ☒ D. The Importance of Political Leaders in History

Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

History is often perceived as a chronological record of past events, yet contemporary historians increasingly argue that it is also a process of interpretation. Historical narratives are constructed from evidence such as official records, archaeological findings, personal diaries, oral traditions, and material artefacts. Since these sources vary in reliability, completeness, and perspective, historians must evaluate them critically before drawing conclusions. Moreover, every generation approaches the past with different questions shaped by its own social, political, and intellectual concerns. Consequently, historical interpretations are subject to revision whenever new evidence emerges or previously neglected voices receive scholarly attention. Such revisions should not be mistaken for distortions of history; rather, they reflect the discipline's commitment to refining knowledge through critical inquiry. Recent scholarship has expanded historical research beyond the actions of kings, military leaders, and political elites to include the experiences of women, workers, indigenous communities, and other marginalized groups. This broader perspective has enriched historical understanding by demonstrating that social change often results from the collective actions of ordinary individuals rather than the decisions of a few influential figures. Nevertheless, historians remain constrained by the availability and quality of evidence, making complete objectivity unattainable. Instead, the credibility of historical writing depends upon rigorous methodology, transparent use of sources, and reasoned interpretation. Thus, history should be viewed not as an unchanging repository of facts but as a dynamic and continuously evolving dialogue between evidence, interpretation, and society.

SubQuestion No : 78

Q.78 What is the central theme of the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Archaeology is the only reliable source of history.
 - ☒ B. Historical facts should never be questioned.
 - ☒ C. Historical understanding evolves through the critical interpretation of evidence.
 - ☒ D. Political history is more important than social history.

Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

History is often perceived as a chronological record of past events, yet contemporary historians increasingly argue that it is also a process of interpretation. Historical narratives are constructed from evidence such as official records, archaeological findings, personal diaries, oral traditions, and material artefacts. Since these sources vary in reliability, completeness, and perspective, historians must evaluate them critically before drawing conclusions. Moreover, every generation approaches the past with different questions shaped by its own social, political, and intellectual concerns. Consequently, historical interpretations are subject to revision whenever new evidence emerges or previously neglected voices receive scholarly attention. Such revisions should not be mistaken for distortions of history; rather, they reflect the discipline's commitment to refining knowledge through critical inquiry. Recent scholarship has expanded historical research beyond the actions of kings, military leaders, and political elites to include the experiences of women, workers, indigenous communities, and other marginalized groups. This broader perspective has enriched historical understanding by demonstrating that social change often results from the collective actions of ordinary individuals rather than the decisions of a few influential figures. Nevertheless, historians remain constrained by the availability and quality of evidence, making complete objectivity unattainable. Instead, the credibility of historical writing depends upon rigorous methodology, transparent use of sources, and reasoned interpretation. Thus, history should be viewed not as an unchanging repository of facts but as a dynamic and continuously evolving dialogue between evidence, interpretation, and society.

SubQuestion No : 79

Q.79 Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Historians intentionally alter historical facts.
 - ☒ B. Absolute objectivity in historical writing is difficult to achieve.
 - ☒ C. Historical research has become less rigorous over time.
 - ☒ D. Oral traditions are always unreliable.

Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

History is often perceived as a chronological record of past events, yet contemporary historians increasingly argue that it is also a process of interpretation. Historical narratives are constructed from evidence such as official records, archaeological findings, personal diaries, oral traditions, and material artefacts. Since these sources vary in reliability, completeness, and perspective, historians must evaluate them critically before drawing conclusions. Moreover, every generation approaches the past with different questions shaped by its own social, political, and intellectual concerns. Consequently, historical interpretations are subject to revision whenever new evidence emerges or previously neglected voices receive scholarly attention. Such revisions should not be mistaken for distortions of history; rather, they reflect the discipline's commitment to refining knowledge through critical inquiry. Recent scholarship has expanded historical research beyond the actions of kings, military leaders, and political elites to include the experiences of women, workers, indigenous communities, and other marginalized groups. This broader perspective has enriched historical understanding by demonstrating that social change often results from the collective actions of ordinary individuals rather than the decisions of a few influential figures. Nevertheless, historians remain constrained by the availability and quality of evidence, making complete objectivity unattainable. Instead, the credibility of historical writing depends upon rigorous methodology, transparent use of sources, and reasoned interpretation. Thus, history should be viewed not as an unchanging repository of facts but as a dynamic and continuously evolving dialogue between evidence, interpretation, and society.

SubQuestion No : 80

Q.80 According to the passage, recent historical scholarship has expanded its focus to include:

- Ans ☒ A. The experiences of marginalized and ordinary people.
☒ B. Primarily archaeological discoveries.
☒ C. Only military campaigns and political revolutions.
☒ D. Only the achievements of national leaders.

Q.81 अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम पर आधारित, निम्नलिखित चार में से तीन किसी निश्चित तरीके से एकसमान हैं और इस प्रकार एक ग्रुप बनाते हैं। कौन-सा विकल्प, उस ग्रुप से संबंधित नहीं है?
(नोट: असंगत अक्षर-समूह, व्यंजनों/स्वरों की संख्या या उनकी स्थिति पर आधारित नहीं है।)

- Ans ☒ A. YUX
☒ B. ROQ
☒ C. KGJ
☒ D. OKN

Q.82 अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम पर आधारित, एक निश्चित तरीके से XZYW का संबंध TVUS से है। उसी तरीके से QSRP का संबंध MONL से है। समान तर्क का अनुसरण करते हुए, ACBZ का संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किस विकल्प से है?

- Ans ☒ A. WVTU
☒ B. WSTS
☒ C. WUTS
☒ D. WYXV

Q.83 यदि संख्या 47521836 के प्रत्येक विषम अंक में 1 जोड़ दिया जाए और प्रत्येक सम अंक में से 2 घटा दिया जाए, तो बाएं से तीसरे अंक और दाएं से दूसरे अंक का योगफल ज्ञात कीजिए।

- Ans ☒ A. 8
☒ B. 7
☒ C. 10
☒ D. 9

Q.84 अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम पर आधारित, एक निश्चित तरीके से PYRV का संबंध AJCG से है। उसी तरीके से HQJN का संबंध SBUY से है। समान तर्क का अनुसरण करते हुए, OXQU का संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किस विकल्प से है?

- Ans ☒ A. ZIBF
☒ B. ZBFR
☒ C. ZBDE
☒ D. ZBHU

Q.85 आठ व्यक्ति दो समांतर पंक्तियों में इस प्रकार बैठे हैं कि प्रत्येक पंक्ति में 4 व्यक्ति हैं और आसन्न व्यक्तियों के बीच समान दूरी है।
पंक्ति 1 में – A, B, C और D बैठे हैं और वे सभी दक्षिण दिशा की ओर अभिमुख हैं।
पंक्ति 2 में – W, X, Y और Z बैठे हैं और वे सभी उत्तर दिशा की ओर अभिमुख हैं।
इस प्रकार, प्रत्येक व्यक्ति, दूसरी पंक्ति के किसी अन्य व्यक्ति के सम्मुख बैठा है।
X, Z के बाईं ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। C के सम्मुख बैठा व्यक्ति Z का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। A, C के दाईं ओर किसी स्थान पर बैठा है और वह W के सम्मुख नहीं है। B, D के दाईं ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
C के सम्मुख कौन बैठा है?

- Ans
- ☒ A. Y
 - ☒ B. X
 - ☒ C. Z
 - ☒ D. W

Q.86 निम्नलिखित अक्षर-संख्या समूहों में से किसके द्वारा प्रश्न-चिन्ह (?) को प्रतिस्थापित किए जाने पर दी गई शृंखला तार्किक रूप से पूर्ण हो जाएगी?

LPM 5, NRO 10, PTQ 15, RVS 20, ?

- Ans
- ☒ A. UYV 25
 - ☒ B. TXU 25
 - ☒ C. SWT 23
 - ☒ D. TXU 28

Q.87 अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम पर आधारित, एक निश्चित तरीके से SKHJ का संबंध VNKM से है। उसी तरीके से HUPD का संबंध KXSG से है। समान तर्क का अनुसरण करते हुए, AJDS का संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किस विकल्प से है?

- Ans
- ☒ A. DNGV
 - ☒ B. DMGV
 - ☒ C. DNHV
 - ☒ D. DMHV

Q.88 सात दोस्त A, B, C, D, E, F और G का टीकाकरण सोमवार से रविवार तक सप्ताह के अलग-अलग दिनों पर निर्धारित है।
D का टीकाकरण सोमवार को निर्धारित है। E का टीकाकरण D के दो दिन बाद निर्धारित है। C का टीकाकरण F से पहले लेकिन B के बाद निर्धारित है। G का टीकाकरण रविवार को निर्धारित नहीं है।
F और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति का टीकाकरण निर्धारित है।
C का टीकाकरण किस दिन निर्धारित है?

- Ans
- ☒ A. मंगलवार
 - ☒ B. बुधवार
 - ☒ C. सोमवार
 - ☒ D. बृहस्पतिवार

Q.89 किसी निश्चित तर्क के अनुसार, 6 का संबंध 72 से है। उसी तर्क के अनुसार, 8 का संबंध 128 से है। समान तर्क का अनुसरण हुए, 5 का संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किससे है?
(नोट: संख्याओं को उनके घटक अंकों में तोड़े बिना, पूर्ण संख्याओं पर संक्रियाएं की जानी चाहिए। उदाहरण के लिए 13 लीजिए, 13 पर संक्रियाएं जैसे कि 13 में जोड़ना/घटाना/गुणा करना आदि, किया जा सकता है। 13 को 1 और 3 में तोड़ना तथा फिर 1 और 3 पर गणितीय संक्रियाएं करने की अनुमति नहीं है।)

- Ans
- ☒ A. 50
 - ☒ B. 75
 - ☒ C. 125
 - ☒ D. 60

Q.90 यदि '+' और '-' को परस्पर बदल दिया जाए तथा '×' और '÷' को परस्पर बदल दिया जाए, तो निम्नलिखित समीकरण में '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
 $76 \div 4 + 27 \times 3 - 10 = ?$

- Ans
- ☒ A. 305
 - ☒ B. 310
 - ☒ C. 320
 - ☒ D. 315

Q.91	निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में, केवल एक अक्षर-समूह असंगत है। असंगत अक्षर समूह का पता लगाएँ। RXD MSY HNT CIP XDJ SYE
Ans	A. XDJ B. MSY C. HNT D. CIP

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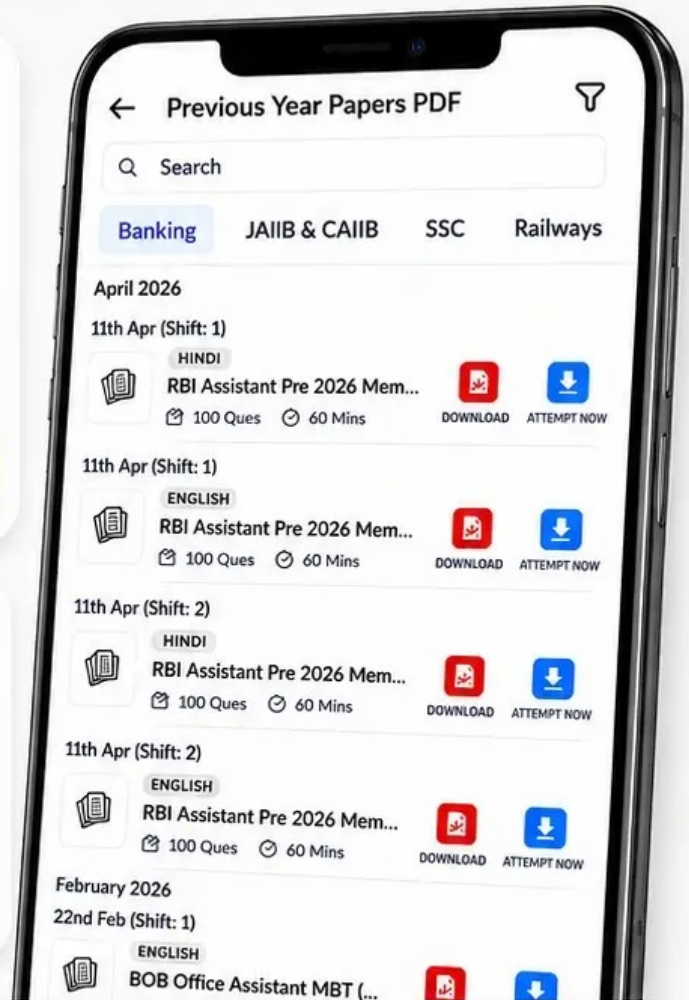
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Q.98	A, B, C, D, E और F एक ही इमारत के छह अलग-अलग तलों पर रहते हैं। इमारत के सबसे निचले तल का क्रमांक 1 है, इसके ऊपर के तल का क्रमांक 2 है और इसी प्रकार सबसे ऊपरी तल का क्रमांक 6 है। F और A के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। E और D के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। B और D के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है। B, तल क्रमांक 1 पर रहता है। F, D के ऊपर किसी एक तल पर रहता है। C और E के बीच कितने व्यक्ति रहते हैं?
Ans	✓ A. एक ✗ B. तीन ✗ C. दो ✗ D. चार
Q.99	यदि संख्या 7583614 के प्रत्येक विषम अंक में 1 जोड़ा जाता है और इसके प्रत्येक सम अंक में से 2 घटाया जाता है, तो इस प्रकार बनी नई संख्या में बाईं ओर से दूसरा अंक कौन-सा होगा?
Ans	✗ A. 5 ✓ B. 6 ✗ C. 8 ✗ D. 7
Q.100	अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम पर आधारित, निम्नलिखित चार में से तीन किसी निश्चित तरीके से एकसमान हैं और इस प्रकार एक ग्रुप बनाते हैं। कौन-सा विकल्प, उस ग्रुप से संबंधित नहीं है? (नोट: असंगत अक्षर-समूह, व्यंजनों/स्वरों की संख्या या उनकी स्थिति पर आधारित नहीं है।)
Ans	✗ A. FLG ✗ B. DJE ✗ C. HNI ✓ D. BHD

