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10. The essential feature of shifting cultivation is:  
A) Rotation of crops      B) Rotation of fields  
C) Single cropping      D) Use of plenty of fertilizer

11. Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
a. Argonauts of the western pacific	1. Emile Durkheim
b. The Andaman Islanders	2. B. Malinowski
c. Elementary forms of religious life	3. C. Levi-Strauss
d. Structural Anthropology.	4. A. R. Radcliffe Brown

A) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1      B) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4  
C) a-2, b-4, c-3, d-1      D) a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3

12. A basic distinction between culture and civilization is:  
A) Culture is what we have achieved, and civilization is what we aspire to achieve  
B) Culture is what comes out of intelligence and civilization is not  
C) Culture is secondary, and civilization is primary  
D) Culture is what we are, and civilization is what we have

13. Which one of the following terms is used for the argument that 'there is no superior international or universal morality; that the moral and ethical rules of all cultures deserve equal respect'?  
A) Cultural parallelism      B) Ethnocentrism  
C) Cultural relativism      D) Cultural determinism

14. The ordered social relationships that grow out of the values, norms, statuses and roles, patterning various activities to fulfil society's needs are known as:  
A) Associations      B) Institutions  
C) Organisations      D) Clubs

15. Promised rewards for compliance and threatened penalties for non-compliance with group expectations, is called:  
A) Norms      B) Values      C) Sanctions      D) Mores

16. Acclimatization refers to coming to term with new -----.  
A) Climate, type of soil, weather, air  
B) Political situation  
C) Economic situation  
D) Educational and learning situation

17. Which of the following dimensions is **not** included in the definition of 'Health' of World Health Organization?  
A) Physical      B) Occupational  
C) Mental      D) Social

18. Author of 'Cultural Materialism':  
A) Raymond Firth      B) Sir James Frazer  
C) Oscar Lewis      D) Marvin Harris

19. The term 'Scheduled Tribes' was inserted in the Constitution vide Article:  
A) 342(i)      B) 244(i)      C) 275      D) 330

20. Which of the following is/are a characteristic/s of anthropology?  
A) It is concerned with both human biology and culture.  
B) It is concerned with human variation, evolution, and adaptation.  
C) It focuses only on prehistoric societies.  
D) Both A and B

21. Inherent in the holistic approach to learning about humans is the realization that:  
A) All people are fully and equally human  
B) Ethnocentric beliefs are biologically inherited  
C) People cannot be understood by studying either their biological makeup or their cultural background alone. It is necessary to take into consideration both genetically inherited and learned traits in trying to explain how we have become the people we are  
D) All the above

22. Which among the following is **not** one of the four main fields of anthropology?  
A) Archaeology      B) Biological anthropology  
C) Cartography      D) Cultural anthropology

23. The field of anthropology which is primarily interested in the prehistory and early history of societies and their cultures is:  
A) Archaeology      B) Forensics  
C) Ethnobotany      D) Cultural anthropology

24. The collection of roles that goes with a given status is termed as:  
A) Multiple roles      B) Conflict of roles  
C) Role Set      D) Summation of roles

25. "Kula" was associated with:  
1. Trobriand Islanders      2. Malinowski  
3. Andaman Islanders      4. Frazer  
  
A) 1 & 3 only      B) 2 & 4 only  
C) 1 & 2 only      D) 1, 2 & 3 only

26. Culture bound or culture specific traits are known as----- culture.  
A) Emic      B) Counter      C) Etic      D) Universal

27. Status and role are two building blocks of social----.

A) Structure      B) Action      C) Interaction      D) Control

28. The perspective that all aspects of a culture must be studied in interconnection with each other is:

A) Holism      B) Cross-cultural study  
C) Glocalization      D) Cultural relativism

29. Process by which cultural traits spread from one group or society to another:

A) Folkways      B) Cultural diffusion  
C) Counter culture      D) Cultural complexes

30. Enculturation is process by which:

A) Culture is reduced      B) A child learns his or her culture  
C) A culture is transformed      D) Culture becomes adaptive

31. Totemic animal:

A) May represent a clan ancestor  
B) Metaphorically represents a group of people  
C) May be carved on house pillars and decorations  
D) All the above

32. The post marital residence pattern in which the married couple is expected to establish their own home:

A) Neolocal      B) Virilocal      C) Duolocal      D) Matrilocal

33. Who are categorized as your cross cousins?

A) The children of your mother's sisters and your father's sisters  
B) The children of your mother's brothers and your father's brothers  
C) The children of your mother's brothers and your father's sisters  
D) All the above

34. Animism is:

A) A kind of religion proposed by E. B. Tylor  
B) A religious system that projects ideas about spirits onto the natural world  
C) Believed by some to be the earliest known form of religion  
D) All the above

35. An ethnography that traces a phenomenon across borders and through transnational communities is:

A) Multisited ethnography      B) Micro ethnography  
C) Visual ethnography      D) Ethnology

36. Which one of the following statements correctly identify ‘subaltern perspective’?

- A) An approach to study society from Elite’s point of view
- B) Describe changes in society of the developed countries
- C) Approach history from below, focused more on what happens among masses at the base level of society
- D) An approach to study the postmodern societies

37. Charles Darwin was best known in the 19<sup>th</sup> century for:

- A) Creating the idea of evolution
- B) Creating the idea of uniformitarianism
- C) Making the idea of evolution acceptable for scientists and the educated public
- D) All the above

38. Which of the following statements is true about Charles Darwin?

- A) He believed that evolution was due to the inheritance of acquired characteristics
- B) He supported Lamarck's explanation of how evolution occurred
- C) He understood that the variation that exists in natural populations of plants or animals is the result of repeated mutations
- D) None of the above

39. A fully expressed allele is referred to as:

- A) Dominant
- B) Recessive
- C) Homologous
- D) Heterozygous

40. Chromosomes are found in ----- of cells.

- A) Nucleus
- B) The cytoplasm
- C) Mitochondria
- D) Both the nucleus and the cytoplasm

41. How many autosomes are present in a human being?

- A) 20 pairs
- B) 22 pairs
- C) 23 pairs
- D) 44 pairs

42. What is it called when a couple consults with doctors about their relative risk of passing along serious genetic conditions?

- A) Genetic counselling
- B) Pre-birth screening
- C) Confession
- D) APGAR test

43. As per the census 2011, what is the density in India?

- A) 325
- B) 352
- C) 372
- D) 382

44. There is no Scheduled Caste population in:

- A) Punjab
- B) Nagaland
- C) Gujarat
- D) Manipur

45. The largest population of Scheduled Tribes is in:  
A) Himachal Pradesh      B) Madhya Pradesh  
C) Arunachal Pradesh      D) Sikkim

46. Language provisions are mentioned in the Article -----of the Constitution of India.  
A) 333 to 343      B) 343 to 345  
C) 343 to 350      D) 343 to 351

47. Which one of the following is **not** correctly matched?  
A) Gene pool - The sum of all the alleles of genes in all the individuals in a population  
B) Shaman - A part time religious practitioner who mediates between ordinary people and supernatural beings and forces  
C) Genotype - The genetic makeup of an individual  
D) Communitas - The critically important marginal or in between phase of a rite of passage

48. Specific micro-habitats in nature to which populations or organisms adapt:  
A) Ecological Niche      B) Ecology  
C) Ethnology      D) Ethnobotany

49. “Good anthropological texts are plain texts, unpretending” (Clifford Geertz). This statement reflects:  
A) Ethnographic realism      B) Alterity and representation  
C) Thick description      D) Interpretive anthropology

50. Validity in social research indicates:  
A) To which extent a measure possesses the quality of being true  
B) A test is thought to measure what it sets out to measure  
C) Both A and B  
D) The same methods of investigation on the same materials produce the same results

51. Which among the following is **not** the work of Michel Foucault?  
A) Stigma      B) History of Sexuality  
C) Madness and Civilization      D) Discipline and Punish

52. Somatoform disorders include which of the following?  
A) Conversion disorder      B) Somatization disorder  
C) Hypochondriasis      D) All the above

53. Edmund Leach were highly influenced by:  
A) Deconstruction      B) Structuralism  
C) Post-structuralism      D) Functionalism

54. Assertion (A): According to Levi Strauss since the making process of all languages is one and the same, therefore, there is structural uniformity in all the languages of the world  
Reason (R): Levi Strauss' concept of structural anthropology is absolutely based upon structural linguistics of the Prague school of linguistics.

A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
B) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
C) A is true, but R is false  
D) A is false, but R is true

55. Match List - I with List - II.

List I	List II
a. Kol Rebellion	1. 1895
b. Birsa Movement	2. 1831
c. Zeliangrong Movement	3. 1789
d. Revolt of the Tamar of Chhotanagpur	4. 1925 - 47

A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4      B) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4  
C) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3      D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1

56. Who is called the father of Indian film?

A) Ardeshi Irani	B) Dadasaheb Phalke
C) Satyajit Ray	D) Hiralal Sen

57. Match the items in List - I with the items in List - II.

List I	List II
a. Bharat Natyam	1. Kerala
b. Kuchipudi	2. Karnataka
c. Mohiniattam	3. Tamil Nadu
d. Yakshagana	4. Andhra Pradesh

A) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2      B) a-2, b-3, c-1, d-4  
C) a-3, b-2, c-4, d-1      D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1

58. Match the concepts given in List – I with the authors given in List – II:

List – I	List – II
a. Sanskritisation, Westernisation & Modernisation	1. Mckim Marriot
b. Universalisation & Parochialisation	2. Robert Redfield
c. Great Tradition and Little Tradition	3. M.N. Srinivas
d. Sacred Complex	4. L P Vidyarthi

A) a-2, b-1,c-3, d-4      B) a-4, b-2,c-1,d-3  
C) a-3, b-2,c-1,d-4      D) a-4, b-1,c-2,d-3

59. Which one of the following is **not** a part of Gandhian path of development?

A) Social Trusteeship      B) Non-violence  
C) Cooperative conflict      D) Constructive work

60. An area of social living which is marked by some degree of social coherence and similarity:

A) Social group    B) Society    C) Community    D) Association

61. What is common to magic, religion, and science?

A) Observation and experimentation  
B) Equal influence on human beings  
C) Orientation towards the supernatural  
D) Orientation towards the unknown

62. Practice of untouchability is abolished by the Indian Constitution under the Article:

A) 17      B) 19      C) 38      D) 42

63. Identify the correct statements regarding the ‘folk medicine’:

1. A scientific knowledge      2. Identify marker of folk group  
3. A magico religious belief and practice      4. A healing practice

A) 3 & 4 only      B) 1 & 2 only  
C) 2 & 3 only      D) 2 & 4 only

64. In “Pattern of Culture” Ruth Benedict discusses the cultures of:

A) Zuni, Hopi, Dobu      B) Zuni, Omaha, Dobu  
C) Kwakintl, Dobu, Hopi      D) Zuni, Kwakintl, Dobu

65. The concept of sacred was first used by:

A) Emile Durkheim      B) B. Malinowski  
C) E.B. Tylor      D) Paul Ricoeur

66. Which among the following is a correct order?

A) Polytheism, Naturalism, Monotheism  
B) Naturalism, Polytheism, Monotheism  
C) Monotheism, Naturalism, Polytheism  
D) Polytheism, Monotheism, Naturalism

67. *Ramayan* and *Mahabharat* are considered as:

A) Spiritual scriptures      B) Novels  
C) Poetry      D) Epics

68. Unilineal Kin group is characterized by their:

A) Size      B) Corporate character  
C) Utility in emergency      D) Amorphous character

69. The Neandertals apparently were the first humans to:

- A) Adapt to subarctic conditions
- B) Make stone tipped spears for hunting
- C) Paint animals on the walls of caves
- D) Both A and B

70. Humans are members of the family:

- A) Humanidae
- B) Hominidae
- C) Cercopithecidae
- D) Hylobatidae

71. An allele is:

- A) Another word for a gene
- B) A homozygous genotype
- C) A heterozygous genotype
- D) One of several possible forms of a gene

72. Somatic cells reproduce by -----, while sex cells reproduce by -----.

- A) Meiosis; Mitosis
- B) Mitosis; Mitosis
- C) Mitosis; Meiosis
- D) Meiosis; Meiosis

73. In the ABO blood system, you normally can be type:

- A) A
- B) B
- C) ABO
- D) A,B,AB or O

74. Which of the following is true of the Omaha, Crow, and Iroquois kin naming systems?

- A) They all are associated with patrilineal descent.
- B) They all are associated with matrilineal descent.
- C) They all distinguish between parallel and cross cousins.
- D) Both B and C

75. The traditional Polynesian belief in the existence of "mana" is an example of :

- A) Animatism
- B) Animism
- C) Ancestral spirits
- D) Gods

76. Alkaptonuria is caused by the deficiency of enzyme :

- A) Glyoxalase I
- B) Carbonic anhydrase II
- C) Homogentisic oxidase
- D) Carbamyl synthase

77. Who among the following is the proponent of cultural ecology?

- A) Daryl Forde
- B) Ralph Linton
- C) Julian Steward
- D) Clifford Geertz

78. Which of the following sequences of Ashrama Dharmas in descending order is correct?

- A) Brahamcharya → Grihastha → Vanaprastha → Sanyasa
- B) Sanyasa → Vanaprastha → Grihastha → Brahamcharya
- C) Sanyasa → Vanaprastha → Brahamcharya → Grihastha
- D) Brahamcharya → Grihastha → Sanyasa → Vanaprastha

79. Assertion (A): Hydraulic theory explains growth of early civilization.  
Reason (R): Irrigation made land productive.

A) A is true, but R is false      B) Both A and R are true  
C) A is false, but R is true      D) Both A and R are false

80. Assertion (A) : Both red and green colour blindness are X-linked disorders.  
Reason (R) : It is for this reason they are much more common in men than in women.

A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
B) Both A and R are false  
C) A is true, but R is false  
D) A is false, but R is true

81. Movement of people between positions on different levels:  
A) Traveling of groups from one place to another  
B) Participation in the cultural activities of modern age  
C) Migration from rural to urban areas  
D) Social Mobility

82. Explicit and implicit culture in anthropology was introduced by:  
A) E B Tylor      B) E Durkheim  
C) B Malinowski      D) C Kluckhohn

83. When anthropologists actively participate as a researcher or hiding his identity, in the social interaction of the society they are studying, it is referred to as - ---- observation.  
A) Ethnographic      B) Participant  
C) Non-Participant      D) Structured

84. Identify the correct sequence of the major events in primate evolution:  
A) Prosimians – Hominoids – Anthropoids – Hominids  
B) Anthropoids – Prosimians – Hominids – Hominoids  
C) Prosimians – Anthropoids – Hominoids – Hominids  
D) Hominids – Hominoids – Anthropoids – Prosimians

85. Identify the correct sequence of purusharthas according to Hindu Tradition:  
A) Moksha – Kama – Artha – Dharma  
B) Kama – Moksha – Dharma – Artha  
C) Artha – Dharma – Moksha – Kama  
D) Dharma – Artha – Kama – Moksha

86. Intersubjectivity is:

- A) Knowledge about other people that emerges out of relationships.
- B) The ability to not become emotionally involved with informants.
- C) The objective study of people.
- D) Data obtained through a translator.

87. ----- is research in which one learns about the culture of a society through fieldwork and firsthand observation in that society.

- A) Ethnology
- B) Ethnography
- C) Anthropology
- D) Etiology

88. A theory that attempts to explain cultural characteristics of a group of people because of specific ecological conditions or limitations.

- A) Environmental determinism
- B) Environmental justice
- C) Holism
- D) Environmental possibilism

89. The term phratry refers to:

- A) Clustering of several clans into exogamous blocks
- B) Grouping of nuclear families in a common household
- C) Followers of animistic religion
- D) A group of kula exchanging partners

90. Exchange practiced by the Kwakiutl Indians of north-west coast of North America:

- A) Gift
- B) Potlatch
- C) Kula
- D) Shell

91. Match the concepts given in List – I with the definition given in List – II:

List – I	List – II
a. Fraternal Polyandry	1. Two or more brothers taking a single woman as their wife
b. Levirate Marriage	2. Form of marriage whereby a man is entitled to inherit the wife of his deceased brother.
c. Sororate marriage	3. Form of marriage whereby a man to take as wife a sister of his deceased wife
d. Polygyny	4. One male marrying more than one wife at a time

- A) a-1, b-2, c-3,d-4
- B) a-1, b-2, c-4, d-3
- C) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4
- D) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4

92. Ethnic identity refers to:

- A) The objective categories of ethnicity used in the census
- B) A felt sense of group membership based on religion, language, or history
- C) The imposition of a racial label on a minority by a powerful majority
- D) The fragmented and pluralistic nature of ethnicity

93. A social stratum is:

- A) A level in the social hierarchy, comprising people with shared life chances
- B) A methodological tool used to identify a person's social class
- C) The boundary between two levels of the social hierarchy
- D) A symbol of status, used to differentiate between social classes

94. Which one of the following policy document was called the 'Magna Carta' of Western education system in India?

- A) Ma Caulay's Minute of 1835
- B) Indian Education Commission Report of 1882
- C) Charles Woods Despatch of 1854
- D) Releigh Commission Report of 1902

95. According to 2011 Census Report, the difference between literacy rates of men and women in India is about:

- A) 10 %
- B) 17 %
- C) 22 %
- D) 28 %

96. Which of the following regions is the original habitat of 'Toda Tribe'?

- A) Jaintia Hills
- B) Nilgiri Hills
- C) Garo Hills
- D) Jaunsar Hills

97. Match the items of List I with those of List II.

List-I	List-II
a. D. N. Majumdar	1. Gaya
b. L. P. Vidyarthi	2. Lucknow
c. Robert Redfield	3. Calcutta
d. N. K. Bose	4. Merida

- A) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
- B) a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3
- C) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
- D) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4

98. Identify the order in which Robert Redfield presented his units of study for explaining Folk-Urban continuum:

1. City	2. Peasant village
3. Tribal village	4. Town

- A) 3, 2, 1, 4
- B) 1, 2, 4, 3
- C) 2, 3, 1, 4
- D) 3, 2, 4, 1

99. Marriage outside the group is called:

- A) Endogamy
- B) Hypogamy
- C) Exogamy
- D) Hypergamy

100. The Jajmani system is a -----.

- A) Kinship system.
- B) Non-market exchange system.
- C) Market exchange system.
- D) Banking system.



109. Which method is most associated with a lack of informed consent?

- A) In-depth interviewing
- B) Qualitative content analysis
- C) Structured interviewing
- D) Covert observation

110. What is the role of the moderator in a focus group?

- A) To stimulate discussion and keep the conversation on track
- B) To ask leading questions and dominate the discussion
- C) To sit away from the group and observe their behaviour
- D) To evaluate the group's performance on a particular task

111. Standardizing the interview schedule can reduce interviewer variation in terms of:

- A) The way in which questions are phrased by the interviewer
- B) The order in which questions are asked
- C) The procedures used to code and analyse survey data
- D) All the above

112. Assertion (A): An observation schedule is the backbone of structured observation.  
Reason (R): It specifies the categories of behaviour to be observed and how behaviour should be allocated to those categories through a coding frame.

- A) Both A and R are true
- B) A is true, but R is false
- C) A is false, but R is true
- D) Both A and R are false

113. What is a 'grand theory'?

- A) One that was proposed by one of the major theorists in the sociological tradition
- B) One that is highly abstract and makes broad generalizations about the social world
- C) An intermediate level explanation of observed regularities
- D) A particularly satisfactory theory that makes the researcher feel happy

114. Which of the following is **not** a tool of grounded theory?

- A) Theoretical sampling
- B) Coding
- C) External validity
- D) Constant comparison

115. What is narrative analysis?

- A) A literary approach to documents.
- B) An approach that is sensitive to questions that concern how people choose to sequence and represent people and events.
- C) A form of thematic analysis.
- D) A method of improving the quality of interview material.

116. What is the arrangement of data in rows and columns known as?

A) Frequency distribution      B) Coding  
C) Tabulation      D) Classification

117. Histogram is a type of -----.

A) Geometric diagram      B) Frequency diagram  
C) Line graph      D) None of these

118. Which of the following is a relative measure of dispersion?

A) Coefficient of variation      B) Range  
C) Standard deviation      D) Variance

119. ----- is **not** a measure of central tendency.

A) Mode      B) Mean      C) Range      D) Median

120. Arithmetic mean of the following numbers: 23, 45, 87, 40, 50 is -----.

A) 49      B) 34      C) 56      D) 48

