

KVS (LDC/JSA)

**Previous Year Paper
23 Feb 2018 Shift 1**



Adda247

Test Prime

ALL EXAMS, ONE SUBSCRIPTION



1,00,000+
Mock Tests



**Personalised
Report Card**



**Unlimited
Re-Attempt**



600+
Exam Covered



25,000+ Previous
Year Papers



500%
Refund



ATTEMPT FREE MOCK NOW



केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN

An Autonomous Body Under MHRD, Government of India

Participant ID:	
Participant Name:	
Test Center Name:	
Test Date:	23/02/2018
Test Time:	8:30 AM - 11:30 AM
Subject:	LOWER DIVISION CLERK

Section : Language Proficiency Test

Q.1

Choose the correct option to *complete the sentence*.

You will _____ clean the dirty room.

Ans

✓ 1. yourself

✗ 2. ourselves

✗ 3. themselves

✗ 4. himself

Question ID : 1679432526

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.2

From the given options choose the one that *means the opposite of* enormous.

Ans

✓ 1. Tiny

✗ 2. Massive

✗ 3. Vast

✗ 4. Huge

Question ID : 1679432514

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.3

From the given options, select the one that represents the appropriate meaning of the underlined phrase in the sentence given below.

It makes my blood boil to think that I was cheated by my cousin.

Ans

✗ 1. Feel very sad

✗ 2. Feel very happy

✗ 3. Feel disappointed

✓ 4. Feel very angry

Question ID : 1679432518

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.4

From the given options, select the one that represents the appropriate meaning of the underlined phrase in the sentence given below.

I really don't know much about the brave new world of internet banking.

Ans

✗ 1. Age old customs and practices

✗ 2. A fabulous opportunity

✗ 3. A facility restricted to brave new members

✓ 4. A system that has been recently created

Question ID : 1679432517

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.5

Choose an option to *fill in the blank* to make a meaningful sentence.

At dusk, neon lights _____ the market place.

Ans

✗ 1. linger about

✗ 2. line up

Question ID : 1679432525

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

01/03/2018

Qp.html

- ✓ 3. lit up
✗ 4. glowed

Q.6 Fill in the blank with an appropriate word from the options given.

I will try for another job _____ I cannot commute every day.

- Ans ✗ 1. where
✗ 2. whereby
✓ 3. whenever
✗ 4. while

Question ID : 1679432521

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.7 Detect the misspelt word from the given options.

- Ans ✗ 1. Flask
✓ 2. Flatered
✗ 3. Fault
✗ 4. False

Question ID : 1679432515

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.8 Fill in the blank in the sentence given below with the correct option.

I want to know _____ you will stay in Delhi?

- Ans ✓ 1. where
✗ 2. which
✗ 3. whose
✗ 4. while

Question ID : 1679432520

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.9 Select the option that represents the correct *passive voice* form of the given sentence.

The nurse asked me not to make any noise when the baby slept.

- Ans ✗ 1. The baby asked the nurse not to make any noise when he slept.
✓ 2. I was asked by the nurse not to make any noise when the baby slept.
✗ 3. The nurse asked me not to make any noise as the baby was sleeping.
✗ 4. I asked the nurse not to make any noise when the baby slept.

Question ID : 1679432523

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.10 Fill in the blank with an appropriate word/phrase from the given options.

If you get promoted, your salary _____ up.

- Ans ✗ 1. go
✓ 2. goes
✗ 3. gone
✗ 4. going

Question ID : 1679432522

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 0.00

Q.11 From the given options, select the word that can *substitute the underlined words* in the sentence given below.

Did you check the official mark when you bought your gold necklace?

- Ans ✗ 1. Counter-foil
✓ 2. Hallmark
✗ 3. Receipt

Question ID : 1679432519

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

☒ 4. Brand

Q.12 From the given options choose the one that would mean the same as hardship.

- Ans ☒ 1. Happiness
☒ 2. Advantage
☒ 3. Comfort
☒ 4. Trouble

Question ID : 1679432513

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 0.00

Q.13 Given below is an incorrect sentence. From the given options, select the part that has an error.

After the exams we can go on a holiday, will we?

- Ans ☒ 1. After the exams
☒ 2. will we?
☒ 3. go on a holiday,
☒ 4. we can

Question ID : 1679432516

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.14 Select the indirect form of narration of the given sentence.

"Thank you Tina for the beautiful birthday gift," Ragini said happily.

- Ans ☒ 1.
 The birthday gift was beautiful. Tina was very happy.
☒ 2.
 Ragini happily thanked Tina for the beautiful birthday gift.
☒ 3.
 Tina happily thanked Ragini for the beautiful birthday gift.
☒ 4. Ragini thanked Tina for the birthday gift.

Question ID : 1679432524

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Adda247

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 15

Q.1 Why do many people not notice a stepwell?

Ans 1. Stepwells are haunted by ghosts and therefore people stay away from them.

2.

Stepwells are built below the eye-level and are not surrounded by high boundary walls.

3.

People are scared to disturb the presiding goddess and therefore do not come near the well.

4.

Stepwells are dry for most part of the year and hence useless.

Question ID : 1679432530

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 16

Q.1 Why were stepwells popular along remote trade routes?

Ans 1. Stepwells were not liked by robbers and hence safe for traders and pilgrims.

2.

Stepwells were usually built in big villages where strangers were not welcome.

3.

For the tired traders and travellers, the stepwells provided water, cool shelter and enough space to keep their animals.

4.

Traders could pray in peace in the comfortable stepwells.

Question ID : 1679432531

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 17

Q.1 Choose the INCORRECT option.

What all functions did the stepwells perform apart from providing water?

Ans ☒ 1. Served as a place for social gatherings.

☒ 2.

Provided wealthy people an opportunity to help the needy.

☒ 3. Was convenient for religious ceremonies.

☒ 4.

Provided a resting place to traders and pilgrims.

Question ID : 1679432529

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 18

Q.1 Why is interest being shown in stepwells in present times?

Ans 1. Global warming will result in a parched and arid climate zone.

2. Old traditions need to be preserved.

3. Water shortage is growing in India.

4.

Women should have exclusive meeting places.

Question ID : 1679432533

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.1 Choose the INCORRECT STATEMENTS.

1. Stepwells are good examples of water conservation.
2. There are no stepwells in modern India.
3. Stepwells were built mostly in eastern India.
4. Women were more associated with the wells.
5. Each stepwell has a presiding deity.
6. Stepwells are multi-storied construction.
7. Stepwells became wider as one went down.

Ans ☒ 1. 2, 3, 7

☒ 2. 1, 3, 4

☒ 3. 3, 5, 6

☒ 4. 1, 2, 6

Question ID : 1679432532

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

The remarkably unique, useful and often ornamental stepwells of India - lie forgotten.

Stepwells first appeared in India between the 2nd and 4th centuries A.D., in areas dry for much of the year followed by heavy monsoon rains for many weeks. It was essential to guarantee a year-round water-supply for drinking, bathing, irrigation and washing, particularly in the dry states of western India. In these multi-storied wells, water was reached by descending a set of steps, which could number over a hundred. But during rainy seasons, the well could be filled to capacity and hide the steps. Most stepwells gradually narrow from the surface to the lowest tier underground. Being built down into the earth, many stepwells have little presence above the surface other than a low masonry wall. Most people are, therefore, unaware of these centuries-old water-structures that can even be found hiding-in-plain-sight close to crowded places like Humayun's Tomb in Delhi or Agra's Taj Mahal.

By the 19th-century, several thousand stepwells had been built throughout India, and along crucial, remote trade routes where travellers and pilgrims could park their animals and take shelter. Stepwells also served as a place for religious ceremonies and social gatherings. Usually, women were more associated with these wells because they were the ones who collected the water and prayed to the goddess of the well.

At present, the growing water crisis has seen renewed efforts to de-silt and "reactivate" a few wells in Delhi and Gujarat. This may spark more interest in these disappearing marvels.

SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 Why were stepwells built in India?

Ans ☒ 1. To keep the memory of the headman fresh in the minds of the villagers.

☒ 2. To keep the village goddess happy.

☒ 3.

To ensure water supply throughout the year in dry areas.

☒ 4.

To ensure comfortable life after death of the person who got it built.

Question ID : 1679432528

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.21 'उपकार' का विलोम शब्द होगा:

Ans ☒ 1. अपकार

☒ 2. साकार

☒ 3. निराकार

☒ 4. परोपकार

Question ID : 1679432546

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.22 'पानी फेर देना' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ है:

Ans ☒ 1. अपमान करना

Question ID : 1679432548

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

01/03/2018

Qp.html

✓ 2. बिगाड़ देना

✗ 3. बदला लेना

✗ 4. बना देना

Marks : 1.00

Q.23 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी प्रेरणार्थक क्रिया है?

Ans ✓ 1. चमकाना

✗ 2. समझना

✗ 3. डूबना

✗ 4. लेटना

Question ID : 1679432540

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 0.00

Q.24 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा 'बिजली' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है?

Ans ✗ 1. दामिनी

✗ 2. चंचला

✗ 3. चपला

✓ 4. सरिता

Question ID : 1679432545

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.25 'जो कम जानता है' के लिए एक शब्द है:

Ans ✗ 1. सर्वज्ञ

✓ 2. अल्पज्ञ

✗ 3. अज्ञ

✗ 4. बहुज्ञ

Question ID : 1679432547

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.26 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा अर्थालंकार नहीं है?

Ans ✗ 1. उत्प्रेक्षा

✗ 2. उपमा

✓ 3. यमक

✗ 4. रूपक

Question ID : 1679432534

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 0.00

Q.27 'वह पढ़ती-पढ़ती सो गई।' वाक्य में अशुद्ध अंश कौन सा है?

Ans ✓ 1. पढ़ती-पढ़ती

✗ 2. गई।

✗ 3. सो

✗ 4. वह

Question ID : 1679432542

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.28 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है?

Ans ✗ 1. आश्रम

✓ 2. अप्सरा

✗ 3. आकाश

✗ 4. आलोक

Question ID : 1679432535

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.29 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द विशेषण है?

Question ID : 1679432539

Status : Answered

01/03/2018

Qp.html

- Ans ☒ 1. घर
☒ 2. चमकीला
☒ 3. मनुष्य
☒ 4. यमुना

Chosen Option : 2
 Marks : 1.00

Q.30 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शब्द सर्वनाम नहीं है?

- Ans ☒ 1. यह
☒ 2. वह
☒ 3. नदी
☒ 4. आप

Question ID : 1679432538

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.31 'निष्पक्ष' का संधि विच्छेद है:

- Ans ☒ 1. नि: + पक्ष
☒ 2. नि + पक्ष
☒ 3. निष् + पक्ष
☒ 4. नी + पक्ष

Question ID : 1679432541

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.32 निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से कौन-सा शब्द तद्भव है?

- Ans ☒ 1. पक्ष
☒ 2. पत्थर
☒ 3. पंक्ति
☒ 4. पत्र

Question ID : 1679432544

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.33 'सुख-दुख' में कौन सा समास है?

- Ans ☒ 1. तत्पुरुष
☒ 2. द्वन्द्व
☒ 3. द्विगु
☒ 4. अव्ययीभाव

Question ID : 1679432537

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.34 निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से कौन-सा शब्द तत्सम है?

- Ans ☒ 1. धान
☒ 2. धीरज
☒ 3. द्वितीय
☒ 4. दाई

Question ID : 1679432543

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.35 निम्नलिखित में से किस शब्द का प्रयोग केवल बहुवचन में होता है?

- Ans ☒ 1. शाखा
☒ 2. लता
☒ 3. आँसू

Question ID : 1679432536

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

X 4. कथा

Comprehension:

नीचे दिये गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

वल्लभाचार्य के पुत्र विट्ठलनाथ ने पुष्टिमार्गी कवियों में से आठ कवियों को चुनकर उन्हें 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा दी। ये कवि हैं: सूरदास, कुंभनदास, परमानंद दास, कृष्णदास, छीतस्वामी, गोविन्द स्वामी, चतुर्भुजदास और नंददास। इनमें से प्रथम चार वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे और शेष स्वयं विट्ठलनाथ थे। अष्टछाप के कवियों में सूरदास और नंददास प्रमुख हैं।

SubQuestion No : 36

Q.3
6 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा किसने दी?An
s ☒ 1. विट्ठलनाथ☒ 2. नंददास☒ 3. सूरदास☒ 4. वल्लभाचार्य

Question ID : 1679432551

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

नीचे दिये गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

वल्लभाचार्य के पुत्र विट्ठलनाथ ने पुष्टिमार्गी कवियों में से आठ कवियों को चुनकर उन्हें 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा दी। ये कवि हैं: सूरदास, कुंभनदास, परमानंद दास, कृष्णदास, छीतस्वामी, गोविन्द स्वामी, चतुर्भुजदास और नंददास। इनमें से प्रथम चार वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे और शेष स्वयं विट्ठलनाथ थे। अष्टछाप के कवियों में सूरदास और नंददास प्रमुख हैं।

SubQuestion No : 37

Q.3
7 विट्ठलनाथ किसके पुत्र थे?An
s ☒ 1. नंददास☒ 2. सूरदास☒ 3. वल्लभाचार्य☒ 4. रामानंद

Question ID : 1679432550

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

नीचे दिये गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

वल्लभाचार्य के पुत्र विठ्ठलनाथ ने पुष्टिमार्गी कवियों में से आठ कवियों को चुनकर उन्हें 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा दी। ये कवि हैं: सूरदास, कुंभनदास, परमानंद दास, कृष्णदास, छीतस्वामी, गोविन्द स्वामी, चतुर्भुजदास और नंददास। इनमें से प्रथम चार वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे और शेष स्वयं विठ्ठलनाथ थे। अष्टछाप के कवियों में सूरदास और नंददास प्रमुख हैं।

SubQuestion No : 38

Q.3
8 वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे:

- Ans
s
- ☒ 1. कुंभनदास
 - ☒ 2. सूरदास
 - ☒ 3. कृष्णदास
 - ☒ 4. नंददास

Question ID : 1679432554

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

नीचे दिये गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

वल्लभाचार्य के पुत्र विठ्ठलनाथ ने पुष्टिमार्गी कवियों में से आठ कवियों को चुनकर उन्हें 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा दी। ये कवि हैं: सूरदास, कुंभनदास, परमानंद दास, कृष्णदास, छीतस्वामी, गोविन्द स्वामी, चतुर्भुजदास और नंददास। इनमें से प्रथम चार वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे और शेष स्वयं विठ्ठलनाथ थे। अष्टछाप के कवियों में सूरदास और नंददास प्रमुख हैं।

SubQuestion No : 39

Q.3
9 वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे:

- Ans
s
- ☒ 1. गोविन्द स्वामी
 - ☒ 2. सूरदास
 - ☒ 3. नंददास
 - ☒ 4. चतुर्भुज दास

Question ID : 1679432553

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Comprehension:

नीचे दिये गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

वल्लभाचार्य के पुत्र विठ्ठलनाथ ने पुष्टिमार्गी कवियों में से आठ कवियों को चुनकर उन्हें 'अष्टछाप' की संज्ञा दी। ये कवि हैं: सूरदास, कुंभनदास, परमानंद दास, कृष्णदास, छीतस्वामी, गोविन्द स्वामी, चतुर्भुजदास और नंददास। इनमें से प्रथम चार वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे और शेष स्वयं विठ्ठलनाथ थे। अष्टछाप के कवियों में सूरदास और नंददास प्रमुख हैं।

SubQuestion No : 40

Q.4 'अष्टछाप' कवियों की संख्या है:

- Ans
- ☒ 1. दो
 - ☒ 2. आठ
 - ☒ 3. छः
 - ☒ 4. दस

Question ID : 1679432552

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Section : General Awareness and Computer Literacy

Q.1 What are large planets composed mostly of gases, such as hydrogen and helium, with a relatively small rocky core called?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Brown Dwarfs
 - ☒ 2. Gas Giants
 - ☒ 3. Super Earths
 - ☒ 4. Ice Planets

Question ID : 1679432562

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.2 Where is the Tso Moriri lake situated in India?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Ladakh
 - ☒ 2. Gulmarg
 - ☒ 3. Pahalgam
 - ☒ 4. Sonamarg

Question ID : 1679432557

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.3 भारत में आपराधिक कानून की रीढ़ हड्डी के रूप में कौन कार्य करता है?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. भारतीय दण्डात्मक संहिता
 - ☒ 2. भारतीय दंड संहिता
 - ☒ 3. भारतीय अनुशासनात्मक संहिता
 - ☒ 4. भारतीय कास्टीगेटरी संहिता

Question ID : 1679432560

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.4 भारतीय इतिहास में, 7वीं और 11वीं शताब्दी के बीच कन्नौज पर केंद्रित त्रिपक्षीय संघर्ष हुआ था; यह संघर्ष किन तीन साम्राज्यों के बीच में हुआ?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. चोल, चेरा और पांडिया
 - ☒ 2. पाल, राष्ट्रकूट और गुर्जर प्रतिहार
 - ☒ 3. अंग, गांधार और मगध
 - ☒ 4. मौर्य, चालुक्य और पल्लव

Question ID : 1679432555

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

01/03/2018

Qp.html

Q.5 1998 में किस भारतीय अर्थशास्त्री को अर्थ विज्ञान में नोबेल स्मारक पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया था?

Ans

- ☒ 1. अमर्त्य सेन
- ☐ 2. अमीया कुमार बागची
- ☐ 3. अभिजीत बनर्जी
- ☐ 4. अमित मित्र

Question ID : 1679432561

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.6 In the Indian Constitution, the part dealing with Freedom of trade and commerce within the country and between the states, was taken from which country?

Ans

- ☐ 1. United States of America
- ☐ 2. France
- ☒ 3. Australia
- ☐ 4. Great Britain

Question ID : 1679432558

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 0.00

Q.7 How is density calculated?

Ans

- ☒ 1. Mass / Volume
- ☐ 2. Weight / Height
- ☐ 3. Weight / Mass
- ☐ 4. Weight / Volume

Question ID : 1679432564

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.8 On the occasion of whose birth anniversary was the 22nd National Youth Festival (NYF) held in New Delhi?

Ans

- ☐ 1. Swami Ramakrishna
- ☒ 2. Swami Vivekananda
- ☐ 3. Mahatma Gandhiji
- ☐ 4. Ramaswami Balasubramaniam

Question ID : 1679432568

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.9 In India, who takes charge as acting president in the incident of resignation impeachment or removal of the President?

Ans

- ☐ 1. The Cabinet Secretary
- ☐ 2. The Prime Minister
- ☒ 3. The Vice President
- ☐ 4. The Chief Justice

Question ID : 1679432559

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.10 Paika Bidroha, was an armed rebellion against the British East India Company's rule, mainly in which part of India?

Ans

- ☐ 1. Ajmer
- ☐ 2. Bengal
- ☒ 3. Odisha
- ☐ 4. Assam

Question ID : 1679432556

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 0.00

Q.11 In Indian philosophy, who was the Buddhist monk, who is commonly considered the founder of Chan Buddhism in China - later known as Zen in Japan?

Ans

- ☐ 1. Buddha ghosa
- ☒ 2. Bodhi dharma
- ☐ 3. Buddha bhadra
- ☐ 4. Buddha dhyana

Question ID : 1679432566

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.12 In the Indian performing arts, what is a sentiment or emotion evoked in each member of the audience by the art called?

Ans

- ☐ 1. Nritya
- ☒ 2. Rasa

Question ID : 1679432567

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

01/03/2018

Qp.html

- ☒ 3. Mudra
- ☒ 4. Abhinaya

Q.13 How is the volume of a cuboid calculated?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Length $\times$ Height
 - ☒ 2. $\pi \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$
 - ☒ 3. $\pi r^2 h$
 - ☒ 4. Length $\times$ Width $\times$ Height

Question ID : 1679432563

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.14 Who won the 2017 Yonex US Open Grand Prix Gold badminton tournament title?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Ajay Jayram
 - ☒ 2. H S Prannoy
 - ☒ 3. Parupalli Kashyap
 - ☒ 4. Kidambi Srikanth

Question ID : 1679432569

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.15 What are software with their source code is open to the public and made by anyone who wants to add changes called?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Freeware
 - ☒ 2. Shareware
 - ☒ 3. Open Source Software
 - ☒ 4. Embedded Software

Question ID : 1679432565

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.16 यदि SHOW को 9426 लिखा जाता है, LOTUS को 32519 लिखा जाता है तो SLOTH को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. 95432
 - ☒ 2. 93254
 - ☒ 3. 93245
 - ☒ 4. 92154

Question ID : 1679432580

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.17 यदि INCOME को IMCNMD लिखा जाता है तो IMPLANT को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. INLATNT
 - ☒ 2. ILMAPTK
 - ☒ 3. IMPAKNM
 - ☒ 4. ILPKAMT

Question ID : 1679432581

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.18 Find the odd one from the given set below.

Cockroach, Mosquito, Spider, Honey bee.

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Honeybee
 - ☒ 2. Spider
 - ☒ 3. Mosquito
 - ☒ 4. Cockroach

Question ID : 1679432573

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 0.00

Q.19 P, V की बेटी और S की माँ है। K, S का भाई और A का बेटा है। K का V से क्या रिश्ता है?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. पोता
 - ☒ 2. बेटा

Question ID : 1679432576

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

01/03/2018

Qp.html

✗ 3. पिता

✗ 4. दादा

Q.20 एक कोड भाषा में यदि 'I' का अर्थ G है, 'S' का अर्थ H है, '%' का अर्थ A है, '^' का अर्थ O है, '•' का अर्थ E है, '#' का अर्थ C है, और '@' का अर्थ N है, तो #S%@!• का अर्थ क्या है?

- Ans
- ✗ 1. CONCHE
 - ✗ 2. CONGHE
 - ✗ 3. CHANCE
 - ✓ 4. CHANGE

Question ID : 1679432571

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.21 निम्न श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।

ABY, CDW, EFU, ?

- Ans
- ✓ 1. GHS
 - ✗ 2. GHI
 - ✗ 3. GHR
 - ✗ 4. GHT

Question ID : 1679432579

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.22 ARRANGING शब्द बनाने के लिए दिए गए वर्णों की सूची में से संबंधित संख्याएं ढूँढ़ें, एक संख्या का प्रयोग एक बार ही करें।
A = 8, B = 3, E = 7, I = 0, R = 5, G = 9, N = 2, O = 6

- Ans
- ✗ 1. 8, 5, 7, 9, 0
 - ✗ 2. 8, 2, 0, 5, 7
 - ✗ 3. 8, 3, 5, 9, 2
 - ✓ 4. 8, 5, 2, 9, 0

Question ID : 1679432574

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.23 Complete the series choosing the best suited from the options given.

Egg → Caterpillar → _____ → Butterfly

- Ans
- ✗ 1. Larva
 - ✗ 2. Chick
 - ✓ 3. Chrysalis
 - ✗ 4. Nymph

Question ID : 1679432577

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 0.00

Q.24 'Leg : Femur' as 'Ear : ?'

- Ans
- ✓ 1. Hammer
 - ✗ 2. Plier
 - ✗ 3. Lumbar
 - ✗ 4. Carpals

Question ID : 1679432570

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.25 There is a certain relationship between the words given on the left side, find that word which would imply similar relationship for the word given on the right side.

Bear : Growl :: Bat : ?

- Ans
- ✓ 1. Screech
 - ✗ 2. Chatter
 - ✗ 3. Snort
 - ✗ 4. Boom

Question ID : 1679432584

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.26

Question ID : 1679432575

01/03/2018

Qp.html

Find which of the following would be similar to the group.

Sugar, Jaggery, Stevia, Maple syrup, ?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Cocoa
 - ☒ 2. Honey
 - ☒ 3. Cinnamon
 - ☒ 4. Salt

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.27 यदि 15378 : 24 :: 20654 : ?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. 21
 - ☒ 2. 34
 - ☒ 3. 17
 - ☒ 4. 26

Question ID : 1679432572

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.28 सही विकल्प चुनकर निम्न संख्या श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।

240, 306, 380, 462, ?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. 602
 - ☒ 2. 586
 - ☒ 3. 524
 - ☒ 4. 552

Question ID : 1679432578

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.29 '?' 'चिह्नित आकृति पता करके श्रृंखला पूरी करें।



- Ans
- ☒ 1.
 - ☒ 2.
 - ☒ 3.
 - ☒ 4.

Question ID : 1679432582

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.30 एक परिवार में पांच लोग हैं। जिनमें सबसे छोटा है। जैरी जॉली से छोटा है, लेकिन जोसफ से बड़ा है। जेनेट जोसफ से बड़ी है, लेकिन जॉली से छोटी है। जैरी परिवार में दूसरा सबसे बड़ा सदस्य है। अगर उपरोक्त रिश्ते सही हैं, तो परिवार में चौथे सबसे बड़े व्यक्ति का पता लगाएं।

Ans

Question ID : 1679432583

Status : Answered

01/03/2018

Qp.html

- ✗ 1. जॉली
✗ 2. जेरी
✓ 3. जोसफ
✗ 4. जेनेट

Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 1.00

Q.31 Match the following.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| LIST-1 | LIST-2 |
| I) DVD + R | A) Re-writable disk |
| II) CD - RW | B) Sequential access |
| III) Magnetic Tape | C) Record data only once |

- Ans ✗ 1. I - C, II - B, III - A
✓ 2. I - C, II - A, III - B
✗ 3. I - B, II - A, III - C
✗ 4. I - B, II - C, III - A

Question ID : 1679432590
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2
Marks : 1.00

Q.32 A computer can perform variety of tasks at the same time. This characteristic is known as:

- Ans ✗ 1. Speed
✓ 2. Versatility
✗ 3. Diligence
✗ 4. Accuracy

Question ID : 1679432585
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2
Marks : 1.00

Q.33 Computer stores data in _____ which are then stored in _____.

- Ans ✓ 1. Files, Folders
✗ 2. Folders, Files
✗ 3. Folders, Directories
✗ 4. Directories, Files

Question ID : 1679432591
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1
Marks : 1.00

Q.34 The value of the Excel expression =AVERAGE(1-2, 2-3, 3-4) is:

- Ans ✗ 1. 0
✓ 2. -1
✗ 3. -3
✗ 4. 1

Question ID : 1679432595
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4
Marks : 0.00

Q.35 Windows is a _____ operating system developed by _____.

- Ans ✗ 1. Single-tasking, Microsoft
✗ 2. GUI, Intel
✗ 3. Multi-tasking, Intel
✓ 4. Multi-tasking, Microsoft

Question ID : 1679432592
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4
Marks : 1.00

Q.36 In which of the following page-orientation, width of the page is larger than its height?

- Ans ✗ 1. Portrait
✗ 2. Neither portrait nor landscape
✓ 3. Landscape
✗ 4. Both portrait and landscape

Question ID : 1679432594
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 1.00

Q.37 Identify the volatile memories from the following list.

Cache, SRAM, DRAM, Hard Disk, CD, DVD

- Ans
- ☒ 1. SRAM, DRAM, and DVD
 - ☒ 2. Cache, SRAM, and DRAM
 - ☒ 3. DRAM, CD, and DVD
 - ☒ 4. Cache, DRAM, and CD

Question ID : 1679432588

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 0.00

Q.38 The communication session between a client and a server is initiated by the _____, and _____ responds to the requests from the _____.

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Client, Client, Server
 - ☒ 2. Server, Client, Server
 - ☒ 3. Client, Server, Client
 - ☒ 4. Server, Server, Client

Question ID : 1679432598

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.39 For analog devices, bandwidth is expressed in:

- Ans
- ☒ 1. Cycles per second or Hertz
 - ☒ 2. Kilobytes per hour
 - ☒ 3. Bytes per second
 - ☒ 4. Bits per second

Question ID : 1679432599

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.40 State whether True or False.

- I) Printer is an output device, whereas Plotter is an input device.
II) 1 MB is equivalent to 1024 Bytes.

- Ans
- ☒ 1. I – False, II – True
 - ☒ 2. I – False, II – False
 - ☒ 3. I – True, II – False
 - ☒ 4. I – True, II – True

Question ID : 1679432589

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 0.00

Q.41 Which of the following statement about first generation computers is false?

- Ans
- ☒ 1. They used small number of transistors that emitted less amount of heat.
 - ☒ 2. They were the fastest calculating device of their time.
 - ☒ 3. They used thousands of vacuum tubes that emitted large amount of heat.
 - ☒ 4. They were too bulky in size.

Question ID : 1679432586

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.42 The value of the Excel expression =SUM(-1, 4+8/4/2) is:

- Ans
- ☒ 1. 4
 - ☒ 2. 6
 - ☒ 3. 2.5
 - ☒ 4. 0.5

Question ID : 1679432596

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.43 256 Bytes are equivalent to _____ Kilobytes.

- Ans
- ☒ 1. 4

Question ID : 1679432587

Status : Answered

01/03/2018

Qp.html

- ✓ 2. 0.25
✗ 3. 0.75
✗ 4. 0.5

Chosen Option : 2
Marks : 1.00

Q.44 The error value corresponding to the Excel expression =0/0 is:

- Ans ✓ 1. #DIV/0!
✗ 2. #NULL!
✗ 3. Infinity
✗ 4. #NAME?

Question ID : 1679432597
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 0.00

Q.45 Which of the following is not a valid line spacing option in MS-Word?

- Ans ✗ 1. Exactly
✓ 2. At most
✗ 3. Double
✗ 4. At least

Question ID : 1679432593
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 0.00

Q.46 $\frac{(281+119)^2 - (281-119)^2}{281 \times 119}$ का मान निम्न में से किसके बराबर है?

- Ans ✗ 1. 6
✗ 2. 8
✓ 3. 4
✗ 4. 2

Question ID : 1679432601
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 1.00

Q.47 दो संख्याओं का अनुपात 4 : 5 है और उनका योग 72 है। यदि प्रत्येक संख्या को 8 से बढ़ा दिया जाता है तो नई संख्या का अनुपात कितना बन जाएगा:

- Ans ✓ 1. 5 : 6
✗ 2. 7 : 8
✗ 3. 6 : 7
✗ 4. 4 : 5

Question ID : 1679432609
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1
Marks : 1.00

Q.48 $5.1 - 2.4 \div 0.5$ of $3 \times 0.75 + 0.05$ का मान किसके बराबर है?

- Ans ✗ 1. 4.25
✗ 2. 4.4
✓ 3. 3.95
✗ 4. 3.85

Question ID : 1679432603
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3
Marks : 1.00

Q.49 यदि $3^{2x+3} = 81^x$ हो तो x^3 किसके बराबर होगा?

- Ans ✗ 1. $\frac{3}{2}$
✗ 2. $\frac{9}{4}$
✗ 3. -27
✓ 4. $\frac{27}{8}$

Question ID : 1679432602
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4
Marks : 1.00

Q.50 A और B की गति का अनुपात 2 : 3 है। यदि A किसी गंतव्य तक पहुंचने के लिए B से 30 मिनट अधिक समय लेता है तो B कितने घंटे में गंतव्य तक पहुंच जाएगा?

Ans

Question ID : 1679432613
Status : Answered

- ✗

1.

$\frac{9}{2}$
- ✗

2.

2
- ✗

3.

$\frac{7}{4}$
- ✓

4.

1

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

Q.51 किसी कक्षा के 40 छात्रों के औसत अंक 73.5 थे। यदि लड़कों के औसत अंक 72 और लड़कियों के औसत अंक 76 हो तो लड़कों और लड़कियों का क्या अनुपात है?

- Ans

✗

1.

3 : 5
- ✓

2.

5 : 3
- ✗

3.

4 : 3
- ✗

4.

3 : 4

Question ID : 1679432604

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.52 8% वार्षिक व्याज दर पर 2 वर्ष के लिए निवेश की गई निश्चित राशि पर चक्रवृद्धि व्याज ₹ 1331.20 है। निवेश की गई राशि कितनी है?

- Ans

✓

1.

8000
- ✗

2.

9000
- ✗

3.

6000
- ✗

4.

8500

Question ID : 1679432612

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.53 7 घंटे प्रतिदिन काम करने वाले 3 व्यक्ति किसी काम को 45 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं। उसी काम को 6 घंटे प्रतिदिन काम करने वाले 9 व्यक्ति कितने दिन में पूरा करेंगे?

- Ans

✗

1.

16
- ✗

2.

$\frac{67}{4}$
- ✓

3.

$\frac{35}{2}$
- ✗

4.

$\frac{63}{4}$

Question ID : 1679432605

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.54 120 मीटर लंबी एक ट्रेन 60 कि.मी. प्रति घंटे की गति से चल रही है। वह 24 सेकंड में पुल को पार कर लेती है। पुल की लंबाई मीटर में क्या है?

- Ans

✗

1.

520
- ✗

2.

480
- ✓

3.

280
- ✗

4.

400

Question ID : 1679432614

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.55 A और B किसी काम को 24 घंटे में पूरा कर सकते हैं। B और C उसी काम को 40 घंटों में, C तथा A इसे 30 घंटे में पूरा कर सकते हैं। यदि वे एक साथ काम करते हैं, तो वे उस काम के 200% को कितने घंटे में पूरा कर लेंगे?

- Ans

✓

1.

40
- ✗

2.

30
- ✗

3.

50
- ✗

4.

20

Question ID : 1679432610

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Marks : 1.00

Q.56 ₹ 14,000 की राशि के कुछ भाग को 6% और कुछ भाग को 7% वार्षिक दर पर साधारण व्याज पर निवेश किया गया। यदि एक वर्ष के बाद प्राप्त व्याज ₹ 940 है तो 6% और 7% पर निवेश की गई राशि का अनुपात क्या था?

- Ans

✗

1.

3 : 4
- ✗

2.

5 : 2
- ✗

3.

4 : 3

Question ID : 1679432611

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00

01/03/2018

Qp.html

✓ 4. 2 : 5

Q.57 3^{62} संख्या का इकाई अंक कितना है?

- Ans
- ✗ 1. 3
 - ✓ 2. 9
 - ✗ 3. 1
 - ✗ 4. 7

Question ID : 1679432600

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Marks : 1.00

Q.58 By selling 18 articles, a vender loses the selling price of 2 articles. His loss percent is:

- Ans
- ✗ 1. 9.5%
 - ✗ 2. 9%
 - ✓ 3. 10%
 - ✗ 4. 10.5%

Question ID : 1679432608

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.59 शराब और पानी के 10 लीटर घोल में बॉल्यूम के अनुसार 20% शराब है। इस घोल में, 1 लीटर पानी और 1 लीटर अल्कोहल मिला दिया जाता है तो नए घोल में पानी का प्रतिशत क्या है?

- Ans
- ✗ 1. 28%
 - ✗ 2. 24%
 - ✓ 3. 25%
 - ✗ 4. 26%

Question ID : 1679432606

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Marks : 1.00

Q.60 किसी वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य ₹ 500 है। इसे 30% डिस्काउंट और x % के लगातार डिस्काउंट पर ₹ 280 में बेचा जाता है। x का मूल्य क्या है?

- Ans
- ✗ 1. 16%
 - ✗ 2. 15%
 - ✗ 3. 18%
 - ✓ 4. 20%

Question ID : 1679432607

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Marks : 1.00