

# GIC Lecturer Exam 2017

## ENGLISH

### Solved Paper

(Exam Date : 05 November, 2018)

1. Tennyson's Poem In Memoriam was composed to commemorate the death of -  
(a) Keats (b) Shelley  
(c) Arthur Hallam (d) Wordsworth

**Ans: (c)** 'In Memoriam' is a poem by the British poet Alfred Lord Tennyson, completed in 1849. It is a requiem for the poet's beloved Cambridge friend - Arthur Henry Hallam, who died suddenly in Vienna in 1833. Hence option (c) is correct.

2. Arnold's Empedocles on Etna is a/an:  
(a) Optimistic poem (b) Melodramatic poem  
(c) Colourful poem (d) Idealistic poem

**Ans: (b)** 'Empedocles on Etna' a dramatic poem by Matthew Arnold published anonymously in 1852 in the collection - Empedocles on Etna, and other poems. Hence option (b) is correct.

3. T.S. Eliot propounds 'the impersonal theory of poetry' in :  
(a) "The Function of Criticism"  
(b) "Hamlet and his Problems"  
(c) "The Metaphysical Poets"  
(d) "Tradition and the Individual Talent"

**Ans: (d)** T. S. Eliot propounds 'the impersonal theory of poetry' in - Tradition and Individual talent published in - 1919. According to Eliot - poetry should be essentially impersonal. Hence option (d) is correct.

4. Change the given Sentence into indirect form of speech:  
He said to me, "I don't believe you".  
(a) He told he does not believe me  
(b) He said he didn't believe me  
(c) He said he refused to believe me  
(d) He told me that didn't believe me

**Ans: (d)** The indirect speech of - He said to me, "I don't believe you" is - He told me that didn't believe me, is correct. Hence option (d) is correct.

5. Fill in the blank in the given sentence choosing the correct option:  
'The Cat Sprang ----the table'  
(a) Upon (b) On  
(c) In (d) Around

**Ans: (a)** दिये गये वाक्य के रिक्त स्थान पर Preposition upon का प्रयोग शुद्ध है।

**नियम-**गति अवस्था के लिये Preposition 'upon' का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

अतः शुद्ध वाक्य- The Cat Sprang upon the table.

अतः विकल्प (a) शुद्ध है।

6. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words from the list given below the sentence :  
I don't have a piece of Chalk, So I ----write on the blackboard:

(a) Don't (b) Won't  
(c) Can't (d) May not

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये वाक्य के रिक्त स्थान पर विकल्प (c) Can't का प्रयोग शुद्ध है।

सामर्थ्यता (ability) दिखाने के लिये Modal Auxiliary Verb can का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

अतः शुद्ध वाक्य-

I don't have a piece of Chalk, so I can't write on the blackboard.

अतः विकल्प (c) शुद्ध है।

7. Fill in blanks with appropriate words from the list given below the sentence.  
"They ----have received our letter by now?"  
(a) Did (b) Should  
(c) Shall (d) Will

**Ans: (b)** दिये गये वाक्य के रिक्त स्थान पर विकल्प (b) का प्रयोग शुद्ध है। Should का प्रयोग advice (सलाह), Recommendation (सिफारिश) के अर्थ में किया जाता है।

अतः शुद्ध वाक्य- They should have received our letter by now.

Hence option (b) is correct.

8. Fill in the blanks with appropriate word from the list given below the sentence:  
'When I was Young' I -----read without glasses  
(a) Could (b) Might  
(c) Would (d) Should

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये वाक्य के रिक्त स्थान पर विकल्प (c) would का प्रयोग शुद्ध है। Would का प्रयोग Show the habit of past (भूतकाल की आदत) को दर्शाने के लिए किया जाता है।

अतः शुद्ध वाक्य-

When I was young' I would read without glasses.

9. The phrase 'on and off' means:  
(a) Continuously (b) Regularly  
(c) Annually (d) Intermittently

**Ans: (d)** दिये गये Phrase - on and off का अर्थ 'कभी-कभी' होता है, जिसका शुद्ध अर्थ विकल्प (d) Intermittently (रुक-रुक कर) है।

अतः विकल्प (d) शुद्ध है।

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### 10. Point out the figure of speech :

**Yonder comes the powerful king of day  
rejoicing in the east.**

- (a) Metaphor (b) Apostrophe  
(c) Personification (d) Simile

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये वाक्य में Personification (मानवीकरण) का प्रयोग किया गया है।

Personification is a figure of speech where non-living objects are described to seem like people.

Hence option (c) is correct.

### 11. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- (a) Athism (b) Athiesm  
(c) Atheism (d) Athesisism

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये विकल्पों में विकल्प (c) Atheism—अनीश्वरवाद की वर्तनी शुद्ध है। अन्य वर्तनियाँ अशुद्ध हैं।

### 12. One word substitution: A man with abnormal habits

- (a) Arrogant (b) Egoist  
(c) Sceptic (d) Eccentric

**Ans: (d) Eccentric (सनकी, झक्की)** – A man with abnormal habits.

Hence option (d) is correct.

Other options are—

Arrogant - घमण्डी, अहंकारी

Egoist - अहंवादी

Sceptic - अविश्वासी

### 13. The correct meaning of the idiom

**'Not to see eye to eye' is.**

- (a) Disagree (b) Not to propose  
(c) Not to argue (d) Not to perceive

**Ans: (a)** दिये गये Idiom – Not to see eye to eye का अर्थ विकल्प (a) Disagree से व्यक्त होता है। अतः विकल्प (a) शुद्ध है।

### 14. Identify the correctly spelt word

- (a) Avaunt-guard (b) Avant-garde  
(c) Avount-gard (d) Avontgurd

**Ans: (b)** Given option (b) is correct spelt— Avant-garde. **Avant-garde** – New and experimental ideas and methods in art, music or literature.

### 15. Identify the correctly spelt word

- (a) Vivisection (b) Vaivisection  
(c) Vievissection (d) Vivasection

**Ans: (a)** दिये गये विकल्पों में विकल्प (a) Vivisection की वर्तनी शुद्ध है।

**Vivisection**— the cutting into or other use of living animal in tests for the purpose of increasing medical knowledge.

### 16. Identify the correctly spelt word:

- (a) Phalegmatic (b) Phlegmatic  
(c) Phelegmatic (d) Phailegmatic

**Ans: (b)** दिये गये विकल्पों में विकल्प (b) Phlegmatic (शांतचित्त) की वर्तनी शुद्ध है।

**Phlegmatic**— not easily excited or emotional; calm.

### 17. Identify the correct spelt word:

- (a) Horizontal (b) Horaigental  
(c) Horizontal (d) Horizontale

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये विकल्पों में विकल्प (c) Horizontal (क्षैतिज) की वर्तनी शुद्ध है। दिये गये अन्य विकल्पों की वर्तनी अशुद्ध हैं।

अतः विकल्प (c) शुद्ध है।

### 18. Fill in the blanks in the following sentence with an appropriate preposition given below the sentence.

**Although we requested him to help us, he remained indifferent ----our words.**

- (a) for (b) with  
(c) by (d) to

**Ans: (d)** Word 'Indifferent' is followed by preposition 'To'. Correct sentence— Although we requested him to help us, he remained indifferent to our words.

Hence option (c) is correct.

### 19. Fill in the blank in the given sentence with an appropriate preposition:

**W. B. Yeats was nominated a senator of the Irish free state on the ground that he had been a member of the Irish Republican Brotherhood, one of the main forces----the tragedy.**

- (a) of (b) Behind  
(c) in (d) for

**Ans: (b)** In the given sentence appropriate preposition is option (b) Behind. Correct sentence— W. B. Yeats was nominated a senator of the Irish free state on the ground that he had been a member of the Irish Republican Brotherhood, one of the main forces behind the tragedy.

### 20. Fill in the gap in the given sentence with an appropriate preposition.

**Language is a verbal communication, but we communicate -----other means also.**

- (a) with (b) for  
(c) in (d) by

**Ans: (a)** In the given sentence appropriate preposition is option (a) in.

Correct sentence—

Language is a verbal communication, but we communicate with other means also.

**Communicate with somebody/something** – to exchange information, news, ideas etc.

Hence option (a) is correct.

### 21. Identify the figure of speech used in the following lines:

**"How soon hath Time, the subtle thief of youth  
stal'n on his wing my three and twentieth year"**

- (a) Oxymoron (b) Hyperbole  
(c) Personification (d) Metaphor



**Ans: (d)** Figure of speech 'Metaphor' is used in the lines.  
Metaphor– The comparison of one thing to another that does not use the terms 'like' or 'as'.  
Hence option (d) is correct.

**22. Correct the following sentence:**

**Newton discovered that the force of gravitation made apples fall'**

- (a) Newton discovered that the force of gravitation has made apples fall  
(b) Newton discovered that the force of gravitation would make apples fall.  
(c) Newton discovered that the force of gravitation had made apple fall.  
(d) Newton discovered that the force of gravitation makes apples fall.

**Ans: (d)** Option (d) is correct sentence.

**Rule–** Simple truth is always expressed in – simple present tense.

Hence option (d) is correct.

**23. Add right suffix to 'repent'.**

- (a) ent (b) ant  
(c) eous (d) enc

**Ans: (b)** Right suffix to 'repent' is option (b) 'ant'.  
So – Repentant is correct.

**24. Add right prefix to 'bold'.**

- (a) em (b) im  
(c) en (d) in

**Ans: (a)** Right prefix to 'bold' is option (a) 'em'. So – Embold is correct.

**25. Give the correct antonym for 'acquit'.**

- (a) Convict (b) Punish  
(c) Arrest (d) Reprimand

**Ans: (a)** दिये गये शब्द Acquit (दोष मुक्त करना) का विलोम विकल्प (a) Convict (दोष सिद्ध करना) होगा। अतः विकल्प (a) शुद्ध है।

**26. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom 'put out' in the following sentence:**

**He was put out when I refused his request for a loan.**

- (a) Vexed (b) Resolved  
(c) Angry (d) Contented

**Ans: (a)** Correct meaning of the idiom – 'put out' (परेशानी होना, परेशान) is option (a) Vexed (परेशान) according to above sentence.

Hence option (a) is correct.

**27. Select the word or phrase that is most closely opposite in meaning to the word 'Timid'.**

- (a) Fearful (b) Bold  
(c) Tasteless (d) Busy

**Ans: (b)** दिये गये शब्द Timid (डरपोक) का विलोम शब्द विकल्प (b) Bold (साहसी) होगा।  
अतः विकल्प (b) शुद्ध है।

**28. 'Select the word which is most closely opposite in meaning to 'admonition'.**

- (a) Warning (b) Threat  
(c) Fear (d) Request

**Ans: (d)** दिये गये शब्द Admonition (चेतावनी) का विलोम शब्द विकल्प (d) Request (प्रार्थना) होगा। दिये गये अन्य विकल्प अशुद्ध हैं।

**29. Give the antonym of 'Sage'.**

- (a) Fool (b) Rogue  
(c) Egoist (d) Snob

**Ans: (a)** दिये गये शब्द Sage (ज्ञानी) का विलोम शब्द विकल्प (a) Fool (मूर्ख) होगा। अन्य विकल्प शुद्ध विलोम नहीं हैं।

**30. Give antonym of 'Moist'.**

- (a) Crisp (b) Hard  
(c) Dry (d) Parched

**Ans: (c)** दिये गये शब्द Moist (गीला) का विलोम शब्द विकल्प (c) Dry (सूखा) शुद्ध है। अन्य विकल्प शुद्ध विलोम नहीं हैं।

**31. Who wrote the essay entitled "On the knocking at the Gate in Macbeth"?**

- (a) Shakespeare (b) Dr. Johnson  
(c) T.S. Eliot (d) Thomas De Quincey

**Ans: (d)** "On the knocking at the Gate in Macbeth" is an essay in Shakespearean Criticism by – Thomas De Quincey, first published in 1823.

Hence option (d) is correct.

**32. Which of the following poem is not composed in 'balled' form?**

- (a) La Belle Dame Sans Merci  
(b) Proud Maisie  
(c) Lycidas  
(d) Rime of the Ancient Mariner

**Ans: (c)** 'Lycidas' is a Pastoral elegy composed by John Milton in 1637 on the death of his close friend 'Edward King'. The poem is not in ballad form.

Hence option (c) is correct.

**33. Who has originally composed the line "Sweet Thames, run softly, till I end my song"?**

- (a) John Donne (b) T.S. Eliot  
(c) John Milton (d) Edmund Spenser

**Ans: (d)** The line 'Sweet Thames, run softly, till I end my song' is originally composed in Epithalamion (1595) composed by Edmund Spenser.

Hence option (d) is correct.

**34. Who propounded the concept of 'esemplastic imagination' in English Literature?**

- (a) T.S. Eliot  
(b) William Wordsworth  
(c) S.T. Coleridge  
(d) Thomas De Quincey

**Ans: (c)** S.T. Coleridge propounded the concept of – esemplastic imagination in English literature in his book – Biographia Literaria, published in 1817.

Hence option (c) is correct.

35. In which year was the book 'Biographia Literaria' Published?

- (a) 1817 AD (b) 1810AD  
(c) 1798 AD (d) 1803 AD

**Ans:** (a) 'Biographia Literaria' is composed by S.T. Coleridge. This book was published in 1817.  
Hence option (a) is correct.

36. Which of the following terms has been defined as "it dissolves, diffuses, dissipates in order to recreate"?

- (a) Fancy  
(b) Imagination  
(c) Expression of personality  
(d) Escape from personality

**Ans:** (b) The term 'Imagination' has been defined as – "it dissolved, diffuses, dissipates in order to recreate".  
Hence option (b) is correct.

37. Matthew Arnold's 'The study of poetry' was published in.

- (a) 1889 (b) 1870  
(c) 1880 (d) 1895

**Ans:** (\*) No option is matched.

38. The correct title of Shelley's poem is:

- (a) To a skylark (b) To the skylark  
(c) The skylark (d) To skylark

**Ans:** (a) 'To a skylark' is the correct title composed by P. B. Shelley in late June 1820 and published with Prometheus Unbound.  
Hence option (a) is correct.

39. A sense sublime of something far more deeply interfused -----

The words given above occur in

- (a) Ode on intimations of Immortality  
(b) Ulysses  
(c) Sailing to Byzantium  
(d) Tintern Abbey

**Ans:** (d) The above lines occurs in 'Tintern Abbey' composed by William Wordsworth in 1798.  
Hence option (d) is correct.

40. "The Necessity of Atheism" was written by

- (a) Pope (b) Shelley  
(c) Yeats (d) T.S. Eliot

**Ans:** (b) 'The Necessity of Atheism' is an essay on atheism by the English poet P. B. Shelley, published in 1811.  
Hence option (b) is correct.

41. Which of the following poems is not an elegy?

- (a) Break, Break, Break  
(b) Lycidas  
(c) Prospice  
(d) Thyrsis

**Ans:** (c) 'Prospice' is in several ways highly representative of Robert Browning's poetic art. Though it is not a elegy, it is dramatic monologue and it contains great optimism. So this poem is not an elegy.

42. Stanley Webber in The Birthday Party is a

- (a) Pianist (b) Guitarist  
(c) Violinist (d) Drummer

**Ans:** (a) 'The Birthday Party' is the first full length play by Harold Pinter in 1957. Stanly Webber is a pianist in the present play.

Hence option (a) is correct.

43. The twin brother of Viola in Twelfth Night is

- (a) Cesario (b) Sebastian  
(c) Orsino (d) Autonio

**Ans:** (b) 'Twelfth Night' is a comedy by William Shakespeare. In this play The twin brother of Viola is – Sebastian.

Hence option (b) is correct.

44. Which among the following was not written by Rabindranath Tagore:

- (a) Sacrifice (b) Red Oleanders  
(c) The Bachelor of Arts (d) Chitra

**Ans:** (c) 'The Bachelor of Arts' is a novel by R.K. Narayan. It is published in 1837.

Hence option (c) is correct.

45. In which book of Mulk Raj Anand Bakha is the central character?

- (a) Coolie  
(b) Untouchable  
(c) The Leaves and a Bud  
(d) The Sword and the Sickle

**Ans:** (b) 'Untouchable' is a novel by Mulk Raj Anand, published in 1935. Bakha is the central character in this novel.

46. For which work was Ernest Hemingway awarded the Nobel Prize?

- (a) The Sun Also Rises  
(b) For whom the Bell Tolls  
(c) The old man and the Sea  
(d) A Farewell to Arms

**Ans:** (c) Ernest Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1954 for his novel 'The Old Man and the Sea'.

Hence option (c) is correct.

47. Which among the following is a play not written by Girish Karnad?

- (a) Sacrifice (b) Tughlaq  
(c) Yayati (d) Hayavadana

**Ans:** (a) 'Sacrifice' is a play by Ravindranath Tagore. So, this play is not written by Girish Karnad.

48. "The Function of Criticism at the Present Time" was written by

- (a) Dr. Johnson (b) S.T. Coleridge  
(c) M. Arnold (d) T.S. Eliot

**Ans: (c)** 'The Function of Criticism at the Present Time' was written by – Mathew Arnold. It is the prefatory essay to his collection essay in criticism and present argument.  
Hence option (c) is correct.

- 49. Who said "Donne affects the metaphysics not only in his satires but in his amorous verses-----"**  
(a) John Dryden (b) Dr. Johnson  
(c) T.S. Eliot (d) M. Arnold

**Ans: (a)** John Dryden said "Donne affects the metaphysics not only in his satires but in his amorous verses \_\_\_\_".  
Hence option (a) is correct.

- 50 Which among the following was not composed by P.B. Shelley?**  
(a) The Revolt of Islam  
(b) Prometheus Unbound  
(c) The Cenci  
(d) Lamia

**Ans: (d)** 'Lamia' is composed by John Keats. So this poem is not composed by P. B. Shelley. It is a narrative poem.  
Hence option (d) is correct.

- 51. Which phrase was not coined by T.S. Eliot**  
(a) Negative Capability  
(b) Objective correlative  
(c) Unification of Sensibility  
(d) Dissociation of Sensibility

**Ans: (a)** The term 'Negative Capability' was coined by – John Keats, while other option are coined by – T. S. Eliot.  
Hence option (a) is correct.

- 52. Tennyson won the chancellor's Medal at Cambridge on his poem.**  
(a) Ulysses  
(b) The Lady of Shallot  
(c) Timbuctoo  
(d) Lotus-Eaters

**Ans: (c)** Tennyson won the Chancellor's Medal at Cambridge on his poem – Timbuctoo.  
Hence option (c) is correct.

- 53. The line "Hearts are not had as a gift but hearts are earned" Appears in W.B. Yeats's poem.**  
(a) The Lake Isle of Innisfree  
(b) A Prayer for my Daughter  
(c) A Prayer for my Son  
(d) The wind among the Reeds

**Ans: (b)** The line "Hearts are not had as a gift but hearts are earner" appears in W.B. Yeats poem 'A Prayer for my Daughter', written in 1919 and published in 1921.  
Hence option (b) is correct.

- 54. "The rest is silence" These are the last words Spoken before his death. Who is the speaker?**  
(a) Macbeth (b) Caesar  
(c) Lear (d) Hamlet

**Ans: (d)** 'The rest is silence' these are the last word spoken by Prince Hamlet. Hamlet is regarded the one of the greatest tragedy written by William Shakespeare.  
Hence option (d) is correct.

- 55. Chaucer's Prologue to the Canterbury Tales opens with a description of the month of:**  
(a) January (b) March  
(c) April (d) August

**Ans: (c)** Chaucer's 'Prologue to the Canterbury Tales' opens with a description of the month of April. "When the April the Sweetest Showers Falls".

- 56. Which play of Shakespeare has an Epilogue in it?**  
(a) The Tempest  
(b) Twelfth Night  
(c) A Midsummer Night's Dream  
(d) Macbeth

**Ans: (a)** The play 'The Tempest' has an Epilogue. 'The Tempest' was written by William Shakespeare.  
Hence option (a) is correct.

- 57. Dryden's The Hind and the Panther (1687) is written in defence of:**  
(a) Anglican Church  
(b) Roman Catholic Faith  
(c) Puritanism  
(d) Quakerism

**Ans: (b)** Dryden's 'The Hind and the Panther' (1687) is written in defence of 'Roman Catholic Faith'.  
Hence option (b) is correct.

- 58. Who made the following remark: "if Pope be not a poet, where is poetry to be found"?**  
(a) M. Arnold (b) Tennyson  
(c) Dr. Johnson (d) Browning

**Ans: (c)** Dr. Johnson made the following remark for Alexander Pope–  
"If Pope be not a poet, where is poetry to be found."  
Hence option (c) is correct.

- 59. The term 'Renaissance' means:**  
(a) Revival of medieval arts  
(b) Rebirth of Classical learning  
(c) Reformation of Catholic Church  
(d) None of the above

**Ans: (b)** The term 'Renaissance' means – Rebirth of Classical learning. The English Renaissance was a cultural and artistic movement in England dating from late 15<sup>th</sup> to early 17<sup>th</sup> century.  
Hence option (b) is correct.

60. **The Prelude of Wordsworth consists of:**

- (a) 10 Bks (b) 12 Bks  
(c) 14 Bks (d) 16 Bks

**Ans: (c)** 'The Prelude' or 'Growth of a poet's Mind' an autobiographical poem in blank verse by the English poet William Wordsworth, it consist 14 books and published in 1850.

Hence option (c) is correct.

61. **Aristotle's Concept, 'Peripeteia' means:**

- (a) Reversal of the situation  
(b) Conversion of a character  
(c) Dawn of Knowledge  
(d) A Flaw in the tragic hero

**Ans: (a)** Aristotle's Concept 'Peripeteia' means – Reversal of the situation. It also known as the turning point, the place in which the tragic protagonist changes from good to bad. Hence option (a) is correct.

62. **Find out the correct sentence among the following**

- (a) He entered into the room  
(b) This book is preferable than that  
(c) I am fond of reading fiction  
(d) The boy threw a stone in the river

**Ans: (c)** Correct sentence is option (c).

"I am fond of reading fiction."

63. **Change the following into indirect narration:**

**The teacher Said to the boy, "Go away from your class"**

- (a) The teacher said to the boy to go away from his class  
(b) The teacher ordered the boy to go away from his class  
(c) The teacher pleaded with the boy to go away from his class  
(d) The teacher requested the boy to go away from his class

**Ans: (b)** Correct indirect narration is option (b).

"The teacher ordered the boy to go away from his class."

64. **Change the following into passive voice:**

**'He can read English and French'**

- (a) English and French could be read by him  
(b) English and French will be read by him  
(c) English and French would be read by him  
(d) English and French can be read by him

**Ans: (d)** Correct passive voice is option (d).

"English and French can be read by him."

Hence option (d) is correct.

65. **Give the Synonym of 'Childlike'**

- (a) Childish (b) Children  
(c) Simple (d) Complex

**Ans: (a)** The synonyms of Childlike is option (a) 'Childish'.

Hence option (a) is correct.

66. **Give the antonym of 'Knotty'.**

- (a) Difficult (b) Easy  
(c) Complex (d) Complicated

**Ans: (b) Knotty**– extremely difficult or complex. Antonym of the word 'Knotty' is option (b) 'Easy'.

Hence option (b) is correct.

67. **Supply the suitable preposition in the following**

**sentence: 'The book lies \_\_\_ the table**

- (a) At (b) In  
(c) On (d) Across

**Ans: (c)** Suitable preposition in the following sentence is option (c) 'On'.

Correct sentence–

The book lies on the table.

68. **Use the proper idiomatic Phrase in the following sentence: 'The rebels \_\_\_ their arms.'**

- (a) Laid out (b) Laid down  
(c) Laid up (d) Laid by

**Ans: (b)** The proper idiomatic phrase in the following sentence is option (b).

The rebels laid down their arms.

**Lay down (one's) arms** – literally to lay down one's weapon, as part of a truce, treaty or surrender.

69. **Supply the proper prefix to 'qualify'.**

- (a) Un (b) Dis  
(c) Mis (d) None of the above

**Ans: (b)** Proper prefix to 'qualify' is option (b) 'Dis', means Disqualify.

Hence option (b) is correct.

70. **Which of the following expresses the meaning of 'A red-letter day':**

- (a) A dangerous day in one's life  
(b) A Sad day in one's life  
(c) An important and happy day in one's life  
(d) A dangerous and sad day in one's life

**Ans: (c)** 'A red-letter day' means – An important and happy day in one's life.

Hence option (c) is correct.

71. **Who wrote the poem Absalom and Achitophel?**

- (a) John Dryden (b) Geoffrey Chaucer  
(c) Edmund Spenser (d) William Langland

**Ans: (a)** 'Absalom and Achitophel' is a satirical poem by John Dryden written in Heroic Couplets and first published in 1681.

72. **The Dunciad was written by**

- (a) John Dryden  
(b) George Orwell  
(c) Alexander Pope  
(d) Earnest Hemingway

**Ans: (c)** 'The Dunciad' is a land mark mock-heroic narrative poem by Alexander Pope, published in 1728.

Hence option (c) is correct.

73. **Mrs. Warren's Profession was written by**

- (a) Harold Pinter (b) V.S. Naipaul  
(c) Girish Karnad (d) G.B. Shaw



**Ans: (d)** Mrs. Warren's Profession is a play written by George Bernard Shaw in 1893 and first performed in London 1902.

74. **Shakespeare's Measure for Measure is a**  
 (a) Dark Comedy (b) Pure Comedy  
 (c) Tragi Comedy (d) Romantic Comedy

**Ans: (a)** 'Measure for Measure' is a play by William Shakespeare. It is listed as a Dark Comedy.  
 Hence option (a) is correct.

75. **Which of the following is considered as P.B. Shelley, Masterpiece?**  
 (a) "Ode to the West Wind"  
 (b) "Ode to a Skylark"  
 (c) "Cousi"  
 (d) "Prometheus Unbound"

**Ans: (a)** "Ode To The West Wind" is considered as P.B. Shelley's Masterpiece. Hence option (a) is correct.

76. **Who wrote the following Lines:**  
**"Men may come and men may go  
 But I go on for ever"**  
 (a) Matthew Arnold  
 (b) Alfred Tennyson  
 (c) William Wordsworth  
 (d) P.B. Shelly

**Ans: (b)** The lines- "Men may come and men may go But I go on for ever" is composed by - Alfred Tennyson in his poem 'The Brook'.

77. **Asia is a character in**  
 (a) Shelley's Prometheus Unbound  
 (b) Harold Pinter's The Caretaker  
 (c) Girish Karnad's Hayavadana  
 (d) G.B. Shaw The Applecart

**Ans: (a)** 'Prometheus Unbound' is a four act lyrical drama by P.B. Shelley published in 1820. Asia is a character in the play.  
 Hence option (a) is correct.

78. **Who is the Author of Culture and Anarchy?**  
 (a) Raja Rao (b) G.B. Shaw  
 (c) Matthew Arnold (d) George Orwell

**Ans: (c)** 'Culture and Anarchy' is a criticism by - Matthew Arnold, published in 1869.  
 Hence option (c) is correct.

79. **Who declared himself to be "a classicist in literature, a royalist in politics and an Anglo-Catholic in religion?"**  
 (a) Philip Sidney (b) P.B. Shelley  
 (c) Matthew Arnold (d) T.S. Eliot

**Ans: (d)** T.S. Eliot was an American Re-born poet. He became British citizen in 1927. He declared himself "a classicist in literature, a royalist in politics and an Anglo-Catholic in religion."  
 Hence option (d) is correct.

80. **The Theme of Ezekiel's poetry is**  
 (a) Rural life (b) Life in the city  
 (c) Nature (d) Mysticism

**Ans: (b)** The Theme of Ezekiel's poetry is 'Life in the city'.  
 Hence option (b) is correct.

81. **From where does the Lady of Shallot see the world around her?**  
 (a) A Window (b) A Mirror  
 (c) A Boat (d) An Island

**Ans: (b)** The Lady of Shallot is a lyrical Ballad by the English poet Tennyson. The Lady of Shallot see the world around her in a mirror.  
 Hence option (b) is correct.

82. **Who pronounced Dryden as the Father of Modern English Criticism?**  
 (a) Alexander Pope (b) M. Arnold  
 (c) Dr. Johnson (d) T.S. Eliot

**Ans: (c)** Dr. Johnson pronounced Dryden as 'the Father of Modern English Criticism'.  
 Hence option (c) is correct.

83. **Which Shakespeare's Play has a Mosque in it?**  
 (a) A Mid summer Night's Dream  
 (b) As you Like it  
 (c) The Tempest  
 (d) Twelfth Night

**Ans: (c)** Shakespeare's play 'The Tempest' has a Mosque in it.  
 Hence option (c) is correct.

84. **Choose the word opposite in meaning to 'Zenith'**  
 (a) Deep (b) Nadir  
 (c) Shallow (d) Low

**Ans: (b)** The opposite meaning of the word 'Zenith' is option (b) 'Nadir'.

85. **Choose the word opposite in meaning to 'agile'**  
 (a) Sluggish (b) Slow  
 (c) Lazy (d) Idle

**Ans: (b)** The opposite meaning of the word 'Agile' (फुर्तीला) is option (b) Slow.

86. **Choose the word nearest in meaning to 'Heathen'**  
 (a) Hidden (b) Haughly  
 (c) Infidel (d) Loyal

**Ans: (c)** The synonym of the word 'Heathen' is option (c) Infidel.  
 Hence option (c) is correct.

**Heathen**- a person who has no religion or who belongs to a religion that is not Christianity, Judaism or Islam.

87. **Choose the word nearest in meaning to 'Holocaust'**  
 (a) Annihilation (b) Overcast  
 (c) Hollow (d) Dark

**Ans: (a)** The synonym of the word 'Holocaust' is option (a) Annihilation.  
**Holocaust**- a situation where a great many things are destroyed and a great many people die.



88. Which word is Opposite in meaning to 'hypothetical'?

- (a) Imaginal (b) Fantastic  
(c) Actual (d) Punctual

Ans: (c) Opposite meaning of the word 'Hypothetical' (परिकल्पित) is option (c) Actual (वास्तविक).

89. Choose the word nearest in meaning to 'Impasse'.

- (a) Deadlock (b) Impossible  
(c) Imminent (d) Anticlock

Ans: (a) Synonym of the word 'impasse' (गतिरोध) is option (a) Deadlock (गतिरोध).

90. Choose the word nearest in meaning to 'Invincible'.

- (a) Undeniable (b) Unachievable  
(c) Impossible (d) Unconquerable

Ans: (d) Nearest meaning of the word 'invincible' (अजेय) is option (d) Unconquerable (अजेय दुस्तर).

91. Choose the correct option among the following.

- (a) Blank verse has no metre and no rhyme  
(b) Blank verse has a metre but no rhyme  
(c) Blank verse has rhyme but no metre  
(d) Blank verse has both rhyme and metre but no rhythm

Ans: (b) Blank verse has a metre but no rhyme. Hence option (b) is correct.

92. The bound morpheme '--- ness' is used to make

- (a) An adjective (b) An adverb  
(c) A Verb (d) A Noun

Ans: (d) The bound morpheme – 'ness' used to make – A Noun. For example – Sweet – Sweetness.

93. A Metrical foot consisting of an unstressed syllable followed by a stressed syllable is

- (a) Dactyl (b) Iambic  
(c) Trochee (d) Anapaest

Ans: (b) In Iambic meter "A metrical foot consisting of an unstressed syllable followed by a stress syllable. Hence option (b) is correct.

94. Which of the following poems is written in 'Terza Rima'?

- (a) Ode to the West Wind  
(b) Ode to Autumn  
(c) Ode to a Skylark  
(d) Ode to Evening

Ans: (a) 'Ode To the West Wind' (1820) is masterpiece poem of P.B. Shelley. It is written in 'Terza Rima'. Hence option (a) is correct.

95. Point out the Figure of speech in the following. "To err is human, to forgive divine"

- (a) Antithesis (b) Paradox  
(c) Oxymoron (d) Anticlimax

Ans: (a) In the present line 'To err is human, to forgive divine' is Antithesis figure of speech.

**Antithesis**—It is a rhetorical device in which two opposite ideas are put together in a sentence to achieve a contrast effect.

96. Name the Figure of speech in the following: "He passed a sleepless night"

- (a) Personification (b) Euphemism  
(c) Transferred epithet (d) Litotes

Ans: (c) 'Transferred epithet' figure of speech is used in – He passed a sleepless night. Transferred epithet—When an adjective usually used to describe one thing is transferred to another.

97. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition: His house is ----- Church Street.

- (a) At (b) Around  
(c) By (d) In

Ans: (d) Appropriate preposition is option (d). Correct sentence— His house is in church street.

98. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition: My friend accommodated me -----a loan.

- (a) By (b) With  
(c) For (d) In

Ans: (b) Here appropriate preposition is 'with'. Correct sentence – My friend accommodated me with a loan.

**Accommodate**– to give what is needed to someone.

99. Choose the correctly Spelt Word.

- (a) Habbits (b) Habits  
(c) Habbites (d) Habbitts

Ans: (b) Option (b) Habits is correctly spelt.

100. Choose the correctly spelt word.

- (a) Agrement (b) Aggrement  
(c) Agreemint (d) Agreement

Ans: (d) Option (d) Agreement is correctly spelt.

101. Choose the correctly spelt word.

- (a) Intelect (b) Intellect  
(c) Intilect (d) Intelicte

Ans: (b) Option (b) Intellect is correctly spelt.

102. Choose the correctly spelt word.

- (a) Nectar (b) Nactor  
(c) Nactar (d) Necktar

Ans: (a) Correctly spelt word is option (a) Nectar.

103. Choose the correctly spelt word.

- (a) Rehythem (b) Rhythm  
(c) Rhythem (d) Rhythom

Ans: (b) Correctly spelt word is option (b) Rhythm.

104. Give one word for the following:

"The fact of being the first child born in a family"

- (a) Primordial (b) Ultimogeniture  
(c) Primogeniture (d) Primipara

Ans: (c) One word for the sentence – 'The fact of being the first child born in a family' is option (c) Primogeniture.

105. Give one word for the following:

A hospital for people who are dying

- (a) Mortuary (b) Hospice  
(c) Sanatorium (d) Infirmary

Ans: (b) One word for the sentence – 'A hospital for people who are dying' is option (b) Hospice.

106. Give the Synonym of 'imperative'.

- (a) Vital (b) Serious  
(c) Suggestive (d) Sagacious

Ans: (a) Synonym of the word 'imperative' is option (a) Vital.]

**Imperative** – extremely important or urgent.

107. Give the Synonym of 'Percipient'.

- (a) Receptive (b) Perceptive  
(c) Acceptive (d) Restike

Ans: (b) Synonym of the word 'Percipient' (समझने वाले) is option (b) Perceptive.

**Percipient** – having good insight or understanding; perceptive.

108. Give the Synonym of 'Pusillanimous'.

- (a) Ignorant (b) Cowardly  
(c) Insincere (d) Sluggish

Ans: (b) Synonym of the word 'Pusillanimous' (डरपोक) is option (b) Cowardly.

**Pusillanimous**– showing a lack of courage or determination; timid.

109. Give the Antonym of 'Cellar'.

- (a) Roof (b) Ceiling  
(c) Top (d) Attic

Ans: (d) Antonym of the word 'Cellar' (तहखाना) is option (d) Attic (अटारी).

110. Use prefix to the word 'BITTER'.

- (a) Em (b) In  
(c) Un (d) Dis

Ans: (a) Prefix to the word 'Bitter' is option (a) Em means – **Embitter** – to make someone feel angry and unhappy for a long time.

111. Transform the following sentence into an affirmative sentence your options are as below:

There is no fool like an old fool

- (a) Old Fools are greater than many other fools  
(b) Old fools surpass all other fools in folly  
(c) Old fools are fooler than many other fools  
(d) Old fools are more excellent than other fools

Ans: (b) Affirmative of the sentence 'There is no fool like an old fool' is option (b) Old fools surpass all other fools in folly.

Hence option (b) is correct.

112. Who first used the term 'sprung rhythm' in prosody?

- (a) F.R. Lewis (b) I.A. Richards  
(c) G.M. Hopkins (d) T.S. Eliot

Ans: (c) The term 'Sprung Rhythm' in prosody was first used by G.M. Hopkins.

Hence option (c) is correct.

113. Which epithet cannot be applied to Robert Frost's poetry?

- (a) Dramatic (b) Neo-classical  
(c) Regional (d) conversational

Ans: (b) Neo-classical epithet cannot be applied to Robert Frost's poetry. Robert Frost was an American poet.

114. 'Wessex' refers to

- (a) The hometown of George Eliot  
(b) The region where brontes Sisters lived  
(c) The region in which Hardy's novels are set  
(d) An area of Scotland

Ans: (c) Wessex refers to the region in which Hardy's novels are set. Hence option (c) is correct.

115. Which of the following is novel by Raja Rao?

- (a) Coolie  
(b) The Financial Expert  
(c) He who Rides a Tiger  
(d) Comrade Kirillov

Ans: (d) Comrade Kirillov is a novel by 'Raja Rao'.

116. Gitanjali by Tagore is a collection of

- (a) 80 songs (b) 90 songs  
(c) 100 songs (d) 103 songs

Ans: (d) 'Gitanjali' is a collection of 103 songs by Ravindra Nath Tagore. He got Nobel Prize in 1913.

117. What kind of character is Major Sergius in Arms and the Man?

- (a) Philosophical (b) Realistic  
(c) Romantic (d) Humanistic

Ans: (c) 'Arms and the Man' is a romantic play by G.B. Shaw. Major Sergius is a romantic character in the present play.

118. In his love-poems W.B. Yeats has celebrated the beauty of:

- (a) Lady Giregory (b) Maud Gonne  
(c) Mme. Leary (d) None of these

Ans: (b) In his love poem W.B. Yeats has celebrated the beauty of 'Maud Gonne'. She was beloved of W.B. Yeats.

119. Lucetta is a character in Hardy's

- (a) Far From the madding Crowd  
(b) The Return of the Native  
(c) The Mayor of Casterbridge  
(d) Jude the obscure

Ans: (c) Lucetta is a character in Hardy's novel 'The Mayor of Casterbridge'.

120. Which novel of Charles Dickens is highly autobiographical?

- (a) David Copperfield  
(b) Hard Times  
(c) A Tale of Two Cities  
(d) Great Expectations

Ans: (a) David Copperfield is highly autobiographical novel of Charles Dickens.