

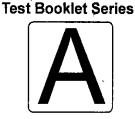


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T. B. C. : AS – 1

Serial No.

## TEST BOOKLET



SPECIAL RECRUITMENT OF A. S. O.

ENGLISH

Time Allowed : 1 Hour

06177

Maximum Marks : 100

#### : INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF THE SAME SERIES ISSUED TO YOU.
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- 3. You have to enter your **Roll No.** on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **DO NOT** write *anything else* on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided, by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
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**Direction (Q. Nos. 1 – 5) :** Choose the right answer from the given alternatives and mention it as (A), (B), (C) or (D) in the answer sheet against the question number.

- What kind of verb is the underlined word in the sentence 'His friends <u>misunderstood</u> him unnecessarily' ?
  - (A) Regular

Adda 247

- (B) Irregular
- (C) Auxiliary
- (D) Intransitive
- 2. What kind of verb is 'need' in the sentence : 'You need not worry about it, we will manage' ?
  - (A) Primary auxiliary
  - (B) Modal
  - (C) Main verb
  - (D) Strong verb

- 4. What is the word 'moving' in the sentence, 'It is dangerous to get into a moving train' called ?
  - (A) Participle
  - (B) Gerund
  - (C) Present progressive
  - (D) Adjective
- 5. What is the word 'go' in the sentence,'He made him go there' called ?
  - (A) Object
  - (B) Infinitive
  - (C) Principal verb
  - (D) Zero infinitive

**Direction (Q. Nos. 6 – 15) :** Supply the correct tense form of the verbs given in brackets in the sentences.

- 6. It's time the government (revisit) the issue in the larger interests of the people.
  - (A) revisits
  - (R) revisited





8.	It has been very cold lately, but it just	13. I wrote down his address in case I		
,	(begin) to get warmer.	(forget) it.		
	(A) is beginning	(A) would forget		
	(B) begins	(B) forgot		
	(C) will begin	(C) forget		
	(D) was beginning	(D) might forget		
•		14. If only I (know) what she wanted !		
<b>9</b> .	It is two years since he (leave) the	(A) knew		
	country.	(B) had known		
	(A) had left	(C) know		
	(B) has left	(D) did know		
	(C) left	15. If I (have) enough money, I would go		
	(D) is leaving	to America.		
10.	He refused to go till he (finish) all his	(A) had		
	assignments.	(B) will have		
	(A) finishes	(C) had had		
	(B) would finish	(D) have		
	(C) finished	Direction (Q. Nos. 16 – 25) : Fill in the		
	(D) had finished	blanks in the following sentences with		
11.	She ran as <mark>if s</mark> he (have) <mark>wi</mark> ngs.	appropriate prepositions.		
••••	(A) has	16. Lassured him my support.		
		(A) with		
	(B) was having	(B) about		
	(C) is having	(C) of		
	(D) had	(D) for		
12.	If they (report) in time, they would	17. He refused to hear anything		
	have succeeded.	her.		
	(A) reported	(A) about		
	(B) would report	(B) for		
	(C) report	(C) against		
	(D) had reported	(D) on		

(Turn over)

RF - 1A/11

(3)





18.	The government conceded	23. What is the time your
	the demands of the union.	watch?
	(A) to	(A) in
	(B) at	(B) at
	(C) with	
	(D) about	(C) on
19.	The food deficient	(D) by
	vitamins is of no value.	24. The dog sprang the hen.
	(A) of	(A) on
	(B) in	
	(C) with	(B) upon
	(D) at	(C) onto
		(D) at •
20.	The mothers are usually quite blind	25 the merely of her storm
	the faults of their children.	25 the mask of her stern
	(A) at	appearance is there a soft heart.
	(B) on	(A) Under
	(C) with	(B) Below
	(D) to	(C) Beneath
21.	Vinay insisted my coming	
	here.	(D) Down
	(A) at	Direction (Q. Nos. 26 – 30) : Fill in the
	(B) about	blanks in the following sentences with
	(C) on	suitable adverbs/adjuncts.
	(D) for	
22	The office complied the	26, we have to arrange our
22.	The office complied the	lectures.
	objections of the Treasury.	(A) Month-wise
	(A) to	(B) Evidently
	(B) with	
	(C) for	(C) Moreover
	(D) at	(D) Otherwise
RF	<b>1A</b> /11 (	(4) Contd.





<b>2</b> 7.	The students,, are	Direction (Q. Nos. 31 – 35) : Fill in the		
	unhappy with the present curriculum.	blanks in the following sentences with		
	(A) especially	correct alternatives.		
	(B) really	31. One should always be sure of		
	(C) indeed	facts.		
	(D) in particular	(A) his		
28.	He is responsible for	(B) her		
	what has happened.	(C) their		
		(D) one's		
	(A) obviously	32. Most of the work		
	(B) almost	remained unfinished.		
	(C) indeed	(A) has		
	(D) at last	(B) have		
29.	Ramesh is the most	(C) are		
	effective amongst all.	(D) is		
	(A) totally	33. More than one person		
	(B) thoroughly	involved in this misappropriation.		
		(A) are		
	(C) altogether	(B) has been		
	(D) by far	(C) were		





- 35. The committee \_\_\_\_\_ divided on the issue.
  - (A) has been
  - (B) are
  - (C) is
  - (D) was

**Direction (Q. Nos. 36 – 40) :** Point out in the following sentences what kind of errors are there mentioning the correct alternatives.

- The cow kicked the boy that was grazing in the field.
  - (A) Error in the relative pronoun
  - (B) Error in the subject-verb agreement
  - (C) Syntactical error
  - (D) Error in the verb tense
- 37. They could not come to a final conclusion.

- (C) Error in the use of article
- (D) Prepositional error
- 39. The doctor expected that the patient would die.
  - (A) Error in the use of words
  - (B) Verb tense error
  - (C) Error in the clause
  - (D) Error in the subject-verb
- 40. They robbed him his money.
  - (A) Omission of a preposition
  - (B) Syntactical error
  - (C) Error in the use of determiner
  - (D) None of these

**Direction (Q. Nos. 41 – 45)** : Find out which part of the following sentences contains an error.

41. (A) The Police



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- The girl continued 43. (A)
  - (B) to be attractive
  - (C) as long as she
  - (D) was fourteen years old.
- Scarcely he had 44. (A)
  - (B) entered the campus
  - (C) a terrorist attacked
  - (D) the office.
- 45. (A) Supposing
  - (B) if you are selected,
  - (C) which branch
  - (D) will you take up?

Direction (Q. Nos. 46 – 50) : Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with suitable linking words.

46. You have read all the comedies of

47. The age limit to apply for the post is

26. \_\_\_\_\_, there is a relaxation

of 3 years for SC/ST candidates.

- (A) And
- (B) Of course
- (C) On the other hand
- (D) However
- 48. He could not pay the tuition fees for months together. \_\_\_\_\_ his name was struck off.
  - (A) As a result
  - (B) For which
  - (C) Obviously
  - (D) Therefore

49. She wanted to be posted in Delhi.

> \_\_\_\_\_, her boss sent her to Mumbai.

- (A) Yet (B) All the same
- On the other hand (C)

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**Direction (Q. Nos. 51 – 60) :** Fill in the blanks with suitable articles/possessives.

- 51. I met \_\_\_\_\_ one-legged man while going to the post office.
  - (A) a
  - (B) an
  - (C) no article
  - (D) the
- 52. Hari visited \_\_\_\_\_ hospital to meet his friend.
  - (A) no article
  - (B) the
  - (C) a
  - (D) an
- 53. The Chairman was not happy with \_\_\_\_\_\_ explanations.
  - (A) unsatisfactory
  - (B) a lot of
  - (C) a

- 55. He hit him on \_\_\_\_\_ head.
  - (A) his
  - (B) the
  - (C) a
  - (D) none of these
- 56. What is the word 'science' in the expression 'the first few old science colleges of Odisha' called ?
  - (A) Adjective
  - (B) Noun head
  - (C) Determiner
  - (D) Classifier
- 57. What is the word 'half' in the sentence 'Half the population was in distress' called ?
  - (A) Fraction
  - (B) Pre determiner
  - (C) Adjective
  - (D) Determiner





- 59. What is the word 'few' in the sentence'Her few friends are not to be seen'called ?
  - (A) Quantifier
  - (B) Adjective
  - (C) Post determiner
  - (D) Amount word
- 60. What is 'which' in the sentence 'Which colour do you like most'?
  - (A) Adjective
  - (B) Relative pronoun
  - (C) Wh-determiner
  - (D) Demonstrative

Direction (Q. Nos. 61 – 65) : Replace the underlined expressions in the following sentences with suitable phrasal verbs.

- 61. His dismissal from the party <u>started</u> violent protests and other political complications.
  - (A) Set off
  - (B) Set in
  - (C) Brought out
  - (D) Set out

- 62. You have to work very hard to compensate for your loss.
  - (A) Get over
  - (B) Make out
  - (C) Make for
  - (D) Make up
- 63. The commission is <u>investigating</u> the embezzlement of the public funds.
  - (A) Looking on
  - (B) Looking at
  - (C) Looking into
  - (D) Looking for
- 64. He <u>discarded</u> his bad company and concentrated on his studies.
  - (A) Threw down
  - (B) Threw off
  - (C) Gave up
  - (D) Came out of
- 65. The master <u>dismissed</u> the servant on charges of theft.
  - (A) Drove out
  - (B) Kicked out
  - (C) Turned out
  - (D) Turned off

(Turn over)

RF – 1A/11

(9)





**Direction (Q. Nos. 66 – 75) :** Substitute a single word for the following expressions.

- 66. A person falsely claiming a special knowledge or skill.
  - (A) Hypocrite
  - (B) Charlatan
  - (C) Egoist
  - (D) Braggart
- 67. In a state of moral or cultural deterioration.
  - (A) Decadence
  - (B) Profligacy
  - (C) Debilitation
  - (D) Depravity
- 68. Favouritism shown to relatives or friends in conferring offices.
  - (A) Unlawful
  - (B) Partial

- 70. Not showing enough care or enthusiasm.
  - (A) Lack-lustre
  - (B) Lackadaisical
  - (C) indolent
  - (D) Impudent
- 71. Forecast of the probable course of disease.
  - (A) Prognosis
  - (B) Decipher
  - (C) Ultra sound
  - (D) Diagnosis
- 72. One who deals in carpets, curtains, beds, etc.
  - (A) Confectioner
  - (B) Cartographer
  - (C) Haberdasher



74	<b>1</b> . A	place for keeping bees.	
	(A	) Apiary	
	(B	) Aviary	
	(C	) Barns	
	(D	) Sanctuary	79.
75		ne who has a special skill in judging od, wine, etc.	
	(A)	) Valetudinarian	
	(B)	Cuisine	
	(C)	Connoisseur	80.
	(D)	Adroit	80.
		<b>n (Q. Nos. 76 – 85) :</b> Find the is of the following.	
76.	Pro	digal :	
	(A)	Thrifty	
	(B)	Extravagant	81.
	(C)	Economical	
	(D)	Temperate	
77.	Sho	ut:	
	(A)	Shriek	
	(B)	Twitter	82.
	(C)	Scale down	
	(D)	Whisper	
78.	Opa	que :	
	(A)	Labyrinth	

RF - 1A/11

- (B) Dungeon
- (C) Transparent
- (D) Translucent
- 79. Hostile :
  - (A) Amiable
  - (B) Friendly
  - (C) Hanger on
  - (D) Apathetic
- 80. Dolorous :
  - (A) Remorseful
  - (B) Jovial
  - (C) Candid
  - (D) Hopeful
- 81. Philanthropist :
  - (A) Misogynist
  - (B) Misanthrope
  - (C) Cannibal
  - (D) Humanitarian
- 82. Mandatory:
  - (A) Optional
  - (B) Compulsory
  - (C) Statutory
  - (D) Liberal

(11)

(Turn over)



- 83. Frequent:
  - (A) Casual
  - (B) Irregular
  - (C) Unfrequent
  - (D) Occasional
- 84. Heterodox:
  - (A) Agnostic
  - (B) Conformist
  - (C) Atheist
  - (D) Orthodox
- 85. Prostrate :
  - (A) Supine
  - (B) Recumbent
  - (C) Flat
  - (D) Horizontal

Direction (Q. Nos. 86 – 92) : Read the following passages and choose the correct answers to the questions given. education, can put an end to the chaos and build a happier social order. If those who are young have the spirit of enquiry, if they are constantly searching out the truth of all things, political and religious, personal and environmental, then youth will have great significance and there is hope for a better world.

- 86. How do you characterize the author's attitude ?
  - (A) Liberal
  - (B) Cynical
  - (C) Fanatic
  - (D) Optimistic

87. How can the coming generation change the world?

- (A) Dismissing the old ideas and tradition
- (B) With the right kind of education,





- (b) Peace is not achieved through any ideology, it does not depend on legislation ; it comes only when we as individuals begin to understand our own psychological process. If we avoid the responsibility of acting individually and wait for some new system to establish peace, we shall merely become the slaves of that system.
- 88. How can peace be achieved ?
  - (A) By legislation
  - (B) By a new system
  - (C) By understanding our ownselves
  - (D) By demolishing the old ideologies
- 89. Does the author insist on :
  - (A) Collective effort
  - (B) Individual effort
  - (C) The continuity of the old tradition
  - (D) Following an ideology
- RF 1A/11 (13)

90. What kind of 'peace' does the author talk about ?

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- (A) Social
- (B) Peace at the individual level
- (C) Spiritual
- (D) Conforming to a set pattern
- (c) Order is not following a pattern of life, or following certain systems blindly or openly, but to enquire into ourselves and discover for ourselves; not to be told, not to be guided, but to unfold in ourselves the real causes of this disorder. So, what are the causes of this chaos, not only in the world outside of us, but also of our own inward psychological confusion which has produced disorder outwardly?
- 91. How will you describe the author's attitude?
  - (A) A conventionalist
  - (B) Non-conformist
  - (C) Ritualistic
  - (D) Pacifist

(Turn over)



- 92. What is the author more worried about?
  - (A) The prevailing order
  - (B) Searching for a system
  - (C) Seeking proper guidance
  - (D) Our own inward psychological confusion

**Direction (Q. Nos. 93 – 96) :** Give the meanings of the following idioms and expressions.

- 93. A snake in the grass :
  - (A) A favourable person
  - (B) An unfriendly person
  - (C) A cunning harmful person, pretending to be friendly
  - (D) In keeping with the system
- 94. A storm in a tea cup :
  - (A) A trivial incident
  - (B) Creating an uproar
  - (C) Shouting at a small incident
  - (D) Disturbance in the atmosphere

RF – 1A/11 (14)



- 95. To make hay while the sun shines :
  - (A) To swim with the current
  - (B) To become an opportunist
  - (C) To do the right thing at the right time
  - (D) To take advantage of an opportunity
- 96. To smell a rat :
  - (A) To suspect somebody
  - (B) To be suspicious about something
  - (C) To feed the poor
  - (D) To exploit the situation

Direction (Q. Nos. 97 – 100) : Give the nouns of the following.

- 97. Feed :
  - (A) Fodder(B) Feeding(C) Feed
    - (D) Food
- 98. Hinder:
  - (A) Hindrance
  - (B) Hindering
  - (C) Hinder
  - (D) Hinderation

Contd.





- 99. Convert:
  - (A) Convert
  - (B) Convertion
  - (C) Converting
  - (D) Conversion

- 100. Recalcitrant :
  - (A) Racalcitration
  - (B) Recalcitrate
  - (C) Recalcitranse
  - (D) Recalcitrance

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