# NATIONAL ELIGIBILITY CUM ENTRANCE TEST

NEET (UG), 2017 BOOKLET CODE-Z (VANI) 1. The vascular cambium normally gives rise to:

Secondary xylem

- (2) Periderm
- (3) Phelloderm
- (4) Primary phloem
- 2. Which of the following is made up of dead cells?

Phellem

- (2) Phloem
- (3) Xylem parenchyma
- (4) Collenchyma
- 3. Double fertilization is exhibited by:
  - (1) Fungi

Angiosperms

- (3) Gymnosperms
- (4) Algae
- 4. With reference to factors affecting the rate of photosynthesis, which of the following statements is procedured:

C<sub>3</sub> plants respond to hi her tem eratu with enhanced photosynthesis while C<sub>4</sub> plants have much lower temperature optimum

- (2) Tomato is a greenhouse crop which can be grown in CO<sub>2</sub> enriched atmosphere for higher yield
- (3) Light saturation for CO<sub>2</sub> fixation occurs at 10% of full sunlight
- (4) Increasing atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentration up to 0.05% can enhance CO<sub>2</sub> fixation rate
- 5. Which statement is wrong for Krebs' cycle?
  - (1) During conversion of succinyl CoA to succinic acid, a molecule of GTP is synthesised

The cycle starts with cond of ace l group (acetyl CoA) wi ruvic aci :o ield citric acid

- (3) There are three points in the cycle where NAD+ is reduced to NADH±H+
- (4) There is one point in the cycle where FAD+ is reduced to FADH<sub>2</sub>

- 6. Coconut fruit is a
  - (1) Nut
  - (2) Capsule Drupe
  - (4) Berry
- 7. The morphological nature of the edible part of coconut is:

Endosperm

- (2) Pericarp
- (3) Perisperm
- (4) Cotyledon
- 8. Identify the wrong statement in context of heartwood:

It conducts water and minerals efficiently

- (2) It comprises dead elements with highly lignified walls
- (3) Organic compounds are deposited in it
- (4) It is highly durable
- 9. The final proof for DNA as the genetic material came from the experiments of
  - (1) Avery, Mclood and McCarly
  - (2) Hargobind Khorana
  - (3) Griffith

Hershey and Chase

- 10. Which one of the following is related to Ex-situ conservation of threatened animals and plants?
  - (1) Amazon rainforest
  - (2) Himalayan region •

Wildlife Safari parks

- (4) Biodiversity hot spots
- 11. <u>During DNA replication</u>, Okazaki fragments are used to elongate
  - (1) The leading strand away from replication fork
  - The lagging strand away from the replication fork.
    - (3) The leading strand towards replication fork.
    - (4) The lagging strand towards replication fork.

12.	Whi	ch of the following statements is correct?	18.		genotypes of a Husband and Wife are IAIB and
	(1)	The ascending limb of loop of Henle is		J <sup>A</sup> i.	mathabland turnar of their shilldress have
	<b>(-)</b>	permeable to water.			ng the blood types of their children, how many rent genotypes and phenotypes are possible?
	(2)	The descending limb of loop of Henle is permeable to electrolytes.		#F	4 genotypes; 3 phenotypes
		The ascending limb of loop of Henle is		(2)	4 genotypes; 4 phenotypes
		impermeable to water.		(3)	3 genotypes; 3 phenotypes
	(4)	The descending limb of loop of Henle is		(4)	3 genotypes; 4 phenotypes
	,	impermeable to water.			
45	DI		19.		T constitutes about percent of the
13.	Plar	nts which <u>produce</u> characteristic amatophores and show vivipary belong to:		-	bhoid tissue in human body. 70%
	(1)	Psammophytes		(1)	10%
	(2)	Hydrophytes		(2)	50%
			7	(1)	20%
	(3)	Mesophytes		(4)	20 /0
7		Halophytes	20.	Hom	ozygous purelines in cattle can be obtained
14.	Zvgo	otic meiosis is characteristic of :		<u>by</u> :	
	(1)	Funaria		(1)	mating of individuals of different breed.
	- <del>(2</del> ) -	- Chlamydomonas		(2)	mating of individuals of different species.
	(3)	Marchantia	٢	13)	mating of related individuals of same breed.
	(4)	Fucus		(4)	mating of unrelated individuals of same breed.
	(1)	1 MCNO			O(G-V)
15.	Whic	th among the following are the smullest living	21.		function of copper ions in copper releasing
	cells,	known without a definite cell wall, pathogenic		IÙD'	
	to pla	nnts as well as animals and can survive without		(1)	They make uterus unsuitable for implantation.
	oxyg	en?		(2)	They inhibit oxulation
<u></u>		Mycoplasma		(Z)	They suppress sperm motility and fertilising
	(2)	Nostoc	-	<b>(</b> -)	capacity of sperms.
	(3)	Bacillus		(4)	They inhibit gametogenesis.
	(4)	Pseudomonas	9	TA71 : 1	1 CH CHECK THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN THE COLU
			22.		ch one of the following statements is not valid erosols?
16.		by boy aged two years is admitted to play school basses through a dental check - up. The dentist		(1)	They cause increased agricultural
		ved that the boy had twenty teeth. Which teeth		(-)	productivity
	were	absen ?		(2)	They have negative impact on agricultural
4	11)	Pre-molars			<u>Iand</u>
	(2)	Molars		(3)	They are harmful to human health
	(3)	Incisors		(4)	They alter rainfall and monsoon patterns
	(4)	Canines	23.	. 0	ng the followin characters, which one was
		to the management	(	not	onsidered b Mendel in his ex eriments on
17.		citation occurs in :		pea?	
	(1)	Vas deferens		(1)	Seed - Green or Yellow
4	3	Female Reproductive tract		(2)	Pod - Inflated or Constricted
	(3)	Rete testis		(3)	Stem - Tall or Dwarf
	(4)	Epididymis	4	(4)	Trichomes - Glandular or non-glandular

Z	_										
24.		disease caused by an autosoma primary disjunction is:  Turner's Syndrome					28.	Out of 'X' pairs of ribs in humans only 'Y' pairs are true ribs. Select the option that correctly represents values of X and Y and provides their explanation:			
ر.	(2)	Sick Dow	le Cell A	Anemia	a e			(1)	X = 24, Y = 7	attached to	s are dorsally vertebral column e on ventral side.
25.		Klinefelter's Syndrome  ect the correct route for the passage of sperms in lefrogs:						(2)	X = 24, Y = 12	attached to	s are dorsally overtebral column e on ventral side.
	(1)	Testes → Vasa efferentia → <u>Bidder's canal</u> → Ureter → Cloaca				/	(F)	X = 12, Y = 7		s are attached vertebral colu <u>mn</u>	
	(2)	$\frac{\text{Testes} \rightarrow \text{Vasa efferentia} \rightarrow \text{Kidney} \rightarrow}{\text{Bidder's canal} \rightarrow \text{Urinogenital duct} \rightarrow}$ $\frac{\text{Cloaca}}{\text{Cloaca}}$					(4)	X=12, Y=5	True ribs	lly to the sternum.	
	(3)					<u>→ Kidney →</u> Vasa al duct → Cloaca				•	to vertebral column um on the two ends.
	(4)		inal Ve			<u>itia</u> → Kidney → inogenital duct →	29.	) Whicl	h ecosystem has	the maxim	um biomass ?
	T. W							(1)	Pond ecosyster	n	
<b>26.</b>		Tracti				nelles is responsible bothy drates to form		(2)	Lake ecosysten	n	
	(1)	Chloroplast				<u></u>	[3]	<u>Forest ecosystem</u>			
Y	(3)		chondr some	rion				(4)	Grassland ecos	system	
	(4)	Ribos									
	(-)						30.	Virojo	ls differ from v	iruses in hav	ving:
27.	diseas	ses (C	olumg	- I) w	<u>ith</u> the	ally transmitted eir causative agent ect option		(1)	RNA molecules with protein coat		
	(0014		mn-I			Column - II	<i>—</i>	12	RNA molecule	s without p	rotein coat
	(a)	Gono	orrhez	· · ·	(i)	HIV		(3) =	DNA molecule	es with prot	ein coat
	(b)	Syph	ilis		(fi)	Neisseria		. ,		-	
	(c)	Geni	tal Waı	rts	(iii)	Treponema		(4)	DNA molecule	es without p	protein coat
	` '	AIDS (iv) Human Papilloma - Virus			31,	Select	t <u>the mis</u> match :				
	Optio	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(1)	Anabaena		Nitrogen fixer
	(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)			(2)	Rhizobium		Alfalfa
	(2)	(iv) (ii)	(iii)	(ii) (iv)	(i) (i)			(3)	<u>Fran</u> kia		Alņus

(4)

(iii)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

Rhodospirillum \_

Mycorrhiza

32.	Good rich i	d vision depends on adequate intake of carotene- food.	35.		icial selection to obtain cows yieldin higher output represents:
	Selec	t the best o tion from the following statements		(1)	disruptive as it splits the population into two,
	(a)	Vitamin A derivatives are formed from carotene.		(2)	one yielding higher output and the other lower output.
	(b)	The photopigments are embedded in the membrane discs of the inner segment.		(2)	stabilizing followed by disruptive as it stabilizes the population to produce higher yielding cows
	(c)	Retinal is a derivative of Vitamin A.	,	(3)	stabilizing selection as it stabilizes this character in the population.
	(d)	Retinal is a light absorbing part of all the visual photopigments.	6	(4)	directional as it pushes the mean of the character in one direction.
	Optio	ons:	36.	Theh	nepatic portal vein drains blood to liver from:
	072	(a) and <b>(</b> c)	50.	(1)	Kidneys
7	(2)	(b), (c) and (d)		( <u>1</u> )	Intestine
	(3)	(a) and (b)		(3)	Heart
				(4)	Stomach
	(4)	(a), (c) and (d) <b>↓</b>		(-)	
22	T/	whent all and tall are not a fall a harden continues	37.	The v	vater potential of pure water is:
33.		s heart when taken out of the body continues at for sometime.		(1)	More than zero but less than one
	Select	the best option from the following statements.		(2)	More than one
			7	137	Zero -
	(a)	Frog is a poikilotherm.		(4)	Less than zero
	(b) (c)	Frog does not have any coronary circulation.  Heart is "myogenic" in nature:	38.	A <u>ten</u> is:	nporary endocrine gland in the human body
		<del></del>		15. HZ	Corpus luteum
	(d)	Heart is autoexcitable.		(2)	Corpus allatum
	Optio	ons;		(3)	Pineal gland
	(1)	(a) and (b)		(4)	Corpus cardiagum
4	12)	(c) and (d)			- Cospan can can can
	(3)	Only (c) ♥	39.		nce of plants arranged into well defined vertical
	(4)	Only (d)		in:	s depending on their height can be seen best
	(1)	Olay (c)		(1)	Grassland
34.	If the	re are 999 bases in an RNA that codes for a		(2)	Temperate Forest
	prote	in with 333 amino acids, and the base at		(3)	Tropical Savannah
		on 901) is deleted such that the length of the becomes 998 bases, how many codons will be		(4)	Tropical Rain Forest
	altere				
	W	33	40.	Mycc	orrhizae are the example of :
	(2)	333			Antibiosis
					Mutualism
	(3)	1			Fungistasis
	(4)	11			Amensalism

41. Thalassemia and sickle cell anemia are caused due to a problem in globin molecule synthesis. Select the correct statement.



Thalassemia is due to less synthesis of globin molecules.

- (2) Sickle cell anemia is due to a quantitative problem of globin molecules.
- (3) Both are due to <u>a qualitative</u> defect in globin chain synthesis.
- (4) Both are due to a quantitative <u>defect</u> in globin chain synthesis.
- **42.** Which of the following are **not** polymeric?
  - (1) Polysaccharides

(2) Lipids

- (3) Nucleic acids
- (4) Proteins
- 43. The region of Biosphere Reserve which is legally protected and where no human activity is allowed is known as:
  - (1) Transition zone
  - (2) Restoration zone

Core zone

- (4) Buffer zone
- **44.** Which of the following RNAs should be most abundant in animal cell?
  - (1) m-RNA
  - (2) mi-RNA

r-RNA

- (4) t-RNA
- 45. What is the criterion for DNA fragments movement on agarose gel during gel electrophoresis?
  - (1) Positively charged fragments move to farther end
  - (2) Negatively charged fragments do not move
  - (3) The larger the fragment size, the farther it

The smaller the fragment size the farther it moves

46. In case of poriferans, the spongocoel is lined with flagellated cells called:

choanocytes

- (2) mesenchymal cells
- (3) ostia
- (4) oscula
- 47. DNA replication in bacteria occurs:
  - (1) Prior to fission
  - (2) <u>Just before transcription</u>

During S phase

- (4) Within nucleolus
- 48. Lungare made up of air-filled sacs, the alveoli. They do not collapse even after forceful expiration, because of:
  - (1) Tidal Volume
  - (2) Expiratory Reserve Volume

Residual Volume

(4) Inspiratory Reserve Volume

- 49. <u>An important characteristic that Hemichordates</u> share with Chordates is
  - (1) pharynx with gill slits
  - (2) pharynx without gill slits

absence of notochord

(4) ventral tubular nerve cord

- 50. Asymptote in when:
  - (1) K>N
  - (2) K < N
  - (3) The value of 'r' approaches zero

K = N

51. The association of histone H1 with a nucleosome indicates:

The DNA is condensed into a Chromatin Fibre.

- (2) The DNA double helix is exposed.
- (3) Transcription is occurring.
- (4) DNA replication is occurring.

					Z
52.		t and leaf drop at early stages can be prevented the application of:	58.	follo	It human RBCs are enucleate. Which of the owing statement(s) is/are most appropriate anation for this feature?
C	(1)	Auxins		(a)	They do not need to reproduce κ
	(2)	Gibberellic acid		(b)	They are somatic cells <
	(3)	Cytokinins		(c)	They do not metabolize ✓
	(4)	Ethylene		(d)	All their internal space is available for oxygen
53.	Whi	ch of the following represents order of 'Horse'?			transport
	(1)	Caballus		Opti	
	(2)	Ferus		(1)	(a), (c) and (d)
• -	(3 <u>1</u>	Equidae		(2)	(b) and (c)
E	(4)	Perissodactyla			Only (d)
		-		(4)	Only (a)
54.		th of the following are found in extreme saline itions?	59.		ch among these is the correct combination of tic mammals?
	(1)	Cyanobacteria	<u>_</u>	町	Whales, Dolphins, Seals
	(2)	Mycobacteria		(2)	Trygon, Whales, Seals
	3	<u>Archaebacteria</u>		(3)	Seals, Dolphins, Sharks 🗷
	(4)	<u>Eubacteria</u>		(4)	Dolphins, Seals, Trygon 🔍
55.	Alexa	ander Von Humbolt described for the first	60.	Recej	ptor sites for neurotransmitters are <u>p</u> resent on :
ر_ن	THE	Species area relationships		(1)	tips of axons
	(2)	Population Growth equation	-	12)	post-synaptic membrane
	(3)	Ecological Biodiversity		(3)	membranes of synaptic vesicles
	(4)	Laws of limiting factor		(4)	pre-synaptic membrane
		-	61.	DNA	. fragments are <u>:</u>
<b>56</b> .	Splice	eosomes are not found in cells of :	OZ.	(1)	Neutral
	(1)	Animals		(2)	Either positively or negatively charged
4	12)	Bacteria		(-)	depending on their size
	(3)	Plants		(3)	<u>Positively charged</u>
	(4)	Fungi	4	197	Negatively charged
57.		h one of the following statements is correct, reference to enzymes?	62.		process of separation and purification of essed protein before marketing is called:
	(1)	Coenzyme = Apoenzyme + Holoenzyme <		(1)	Bioprocessing
		Holoenzyme Coenzyme + Co-factor		(2)	Postproduction processing
	(3)	Apoenzyme = Holoenzyme + Coenzyme		(3)	Upstream processing
4	到	Holoenzyme = Apoenzyme + Coenzyme			Downstream processing

63.	Flowers which have single ovule in the ovary and			Attractants and rewards are required for:			
	by:	acked into inflorescence are usually pollinated		(1)	Hydrophily		
	A	Wind		(2)	Cleistogamy		
	(2)	Bat		(3)	Anemophily		
	(3)	Water	Y	1	Entomophily		
	(4)	Bee	70	Calaa	t the mierratale.		
			70.		t the mismatch:	I I at a way a service	
<b>64.</b>	Funcinto:	tional <u>megaspore in an angiosperm</u> develops		(1)	Salvinia	Heterosporous	
	111	Embryosac		(2)	Equisetum	Homosporous	
2	(2)	Embryo		13)	Pinus	<u>Dioecious</u>	
	(3)	Ovule		(4)	Cycas	Dioecious	
	(4)	Endosperm	71.	GnRI	H. a hypothalam	ic hormone, needed in	
	(-/	, and the second			duction, acts on:	, ,	
65.		h one from those given below is the period for del's hybridization experiments?		(1)	posterior pituital secretion of oxytoo	ry gland and stimulates cin and FSH.	
	(1)	1857 - 1869		(2)		ry gland and stimulates	
	(2)	1870 - 1877		(0)	secretion of LH an		
	13)	1856 - 1863		(3)	secretion of LH an	y gland and stimulates doxytocin.	
	(4)	1840 - 1850		4	anterior pituitar	y gland and stimulates	
66.	Anex	ample of colonial alga is :			secretion of LH an	d FSH.	
	(1)	Ulothrix	72.	Whic	h cells of 'Crypts	of Lieberkuhn' secrete	
	<b>(1) (2)</b>	Ulothrix Spirogyra	72.		h cells of 'Crypte acteriallysozyme?	of Lieberkuhn' secrete	
			72.				
	(2)	Spirogyra	72.	antib	acterial lysozyme?		
67.	(2) (3)	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox	72.	(1) (2) (3)	acterial lysozyme?  Zymogen cells	_	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type	72.	(1) (2)	Zymogen cells <a href="#"> Kupffer cells</a>	_	
67.	(2) (3)  Trans to non of 1m	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type amune-response is responsible for such	· · · ·	(1) (2) (3)	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells		
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type amune-response is responsible for such ions?	72.	(1) (2) (3) (4) Myel	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells	ed by	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of im rejecti (1)	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type imune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response	· · · ·	(1) (2) (3) (4) (1) (1)	Zymogen cells   Kupffer cells   Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  in sheath is produce  Oligodendrocytes	ed by and Osteoclasts	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2)	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type mune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response	· · · ·	(1) (2) (3) (4) Myel	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A	ed by:  and Osteoclasts  strocytes	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of im rejecti (1)	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type tmune-response is responsible for such tions?  Hormonal immune response  Physiological immune response  Autoimmune response	· · · ·	antilb (1) (2) (3) (4) Myel (1) (2)	Argentaffin cells Paneth cells Paneth is produce Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A Schwann Cells an	ed by: and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2)	Spirogyra Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type mune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response	· · · ·	(1) (2) (3) (4) (1) (1)	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A	ed by: and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes	
67.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3) In cass low sp	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type imune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response Cell - mediated immune response  e of a comple where the male is having a very perm coun, which technique will be suitable	73.	antilbe (1) (2) (3) Myel (1) (2) (4) Whice	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A  Schwann Cells an  Astrocytes and Sch	ed by and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells	
1.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3) In cas low sp for fer	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type mune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response  Cell - mediated immune response  e of a comple where the male is having a very perm coun, which technique will be suitable ?	73.	antilbe (1) (2) (3) Myel (1) (2) (4) Whice	Argentaffin cells Paneth cells Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A Schwann Cells an Astrocytes and Sch	ed by and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells omponents provides sticky cell?	
1.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3) In cass low sp	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type mune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response Cell - mediated immune response  cof a comple where the male is having a very perm coun, which technique will be suitable  Artificial Insemination	73.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) Whice characters (1) (2) (4)	Zymogen cells  Kupffer cells  Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A  Schwann Cells an  Astrocytes and So  th of the following courter to the bacterial	ed by and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells omponents provides sticky cell?	
1.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3) In cas for fer (1)	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type mune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response  Cell - mediated immune response  e of a comple where the male is having a very perm coun, which technique will be suitable ?	73.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) Whice characters (1) (2) (4)	Argentaffin cells  Paneth cells  Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A Schwann Cells an Astrocytes and So th of the following cocter to the bacterial	ed by and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells omponents provides sticky cell?	
1.	(2) (3) Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3) In cas low sp for fer	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due acceptance by the patient's body. Which type amune-response is responsible for such ions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response Cell - mediated immune response Cell - mediated immune response  Artificial Insemination Intracytoplasmic sperm injection	73.	antilb (1) (2) (3) (4) Myel (1) (2) (4) Whice chara (1)	Argentaffin cells Paneth cells Paneth cells Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A Schwann Cells an Astrocytes and So th of the following courter to the bacterial Plasma membrane Glycocalyx	and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells omponents provides sticky cell?	
1.	(2) (3)  Trans to non of 1m rejecti (1) (2) (3)  In cass for fer (1) (3)	Chlorella Volvox  plantation of tissues/organs fails often due -acceptance by the patient's body. Which type timune-response is responsible for such tions?  Hormonal immune response Physiological immune response Autoimmune response Cell - mediated immune response Cell - mediated immune response  Artificial Insemination Intracytoplasmic sperm injection Intracytoplasmic sperm injection Intracytoplasmic sperm injection	73.	antilb (1) (2) (3) (4) Myel (1) (2) (4) Whice chara (1) (3)	Argentaffin cells Paneth cells Paneth cells Oligodendrocytes Osteoclasts and A Schwann Cells and Astrocytes and So th of the following colorer to the bacterial Plasma membrane Glycocalyx Cell wall	and Osteoclasts strocytes d Oligodendrocytes hwann Cells omponents provides sticky cell?	

					Z
81.		ene whose ex ression hels to identife ormed cell is known as:	81.		ersecretion of Growth Hormone in adults does ause further increase in height, because
	(1)	Plasmid		(1)	Bones loose their sensitivi to Growth
	(2)	Structural gene		. ,	ormone in adults.
Ļ	137	Selectable marker		(2)	Muscle fibres do not grow in size after birth.
ı.	(4)	Vector		(3)	Growth Hormone becomes inactive in adults.
Mr.	Doot	haire develop from the region of		(4)	Epiphyseal plates close after adolescence.
76.	(1)	hairs develop from the region of:  Root cap			
	(2)	Meristematic activity	82.		th of the following is correctly matched for the
	(2) - (3)	Maturation			uct produced by them?
7	(4)	Elongation		(1)	Penicillium notatum: Acetic acid
	(-)	h	4	12)	Sacchromyces cerevișiae : Ethanol
77.		c cle of Ectocar us, and Fucus respectively		(3)	Acetobacter aceti: Antibiotics
_	are:	Haplodiplontic, Diplontic		(4)	<u>Methanobacterium</u> : <u>Lactic acid</u> ←
	(2)	Haplodiplontic, Haplontic	83.	A dec	rease in blood pressure/volume will not cause.
	(3)	Haplontic, Diplontic			elease of:
	(4)	Diplontic, Haplodiplontic		(1)	Aldosterone
<b>~</b> 0	TA71 .	I of the fellowing a first transfer of		(2)	ADH
78.		th of the following options gives the correct ence of events during mitosis		(3)	Renin
	(1)	condensation → crossing over → nuclear		A	Atrial Natriuretic Factor
	( )	membrane disassembly → segregation →			
		telophase	84.		h of the following o resents the
	(2)	<u>condensation</u> → arrangement at equator →	-	`	ne composition o ancreatic ice?
		$\frac{\text{centromere division}}{\text{telophase}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{segregation}}{\text{telophase}}$		(1)	peptidase, amylase, pepsin, rennin
	(3)	condensation → nuclear membrane	· //	12/	lipase, amylase trypsinogen, procarboxypeptidase
		$\overline{\text{disassembly}} \rightarrow \overline{\text{crossing over}} \rightarrow$		(3)	amylase, peptidase, trypsinogen, rennin
		segregation → telophase <		(4)	amylase, pepsin, trypsinogen, maltase
. /	(4)	$\frac{\text{condensation}}{\text{disassembly}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{nuclear membrane}}{\text{arrangement at equator}} \rightarrow$		(-)	-4th
		centromere division $\rightarrow$ segregation $\rightarrow$	85.	Adio	ecious flowering plant prevents both:
		telophase		(1)	Geitonogamy and xenogamy
79.	Thep	rivot joint between atlas and axis is a type of :		(2)	Cleistogamy and xenogamy
c _	ALL THE	synovial joint		(3)	Autogamy and xenogamy_
6	(2)	saddle joint	<u></u>	14	Autogamy and geitonogamy
	(3)	fibrousjoint			
	(4)	cartilaginous joint	86.		h of the following facilitates opening of tal aperture?
80.		phoenol pyruvate (PEP) is the primary CO <sub>2</sub>	4	11)	Radial orientation of cellulose microfibrils in the cell wall of guard cells
	(1)	C <sub>2</sub> plants		(2)	Longitudinal orientation of cellulose
	(2)	C <sub>3</sub> and C <sub>4</sub> plants		(~)	microfibrils in the cell wall of guard cells
	(3)	C <sub>3</sub> plants		(3)	Contraction of outer wall of guard cells
·	14	C <sub>4</sub> plants		(4)	Decrease in turgidity of guard cells
-	-			-	<u> </u>

- 87. The DNA fragments separated on an agarose gel91. can be visualised after staining with
  - (1) Aniline blue



Ethidium bromide

- (3) Bromophenol blue
- (4) Acetocarmine
- 88. In Bougainvillea thorns are the modifications of.

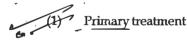


- (2) Leaf
- (3) Stipules
- (4) Adventitious root
- 89. Anaphase Promoting Complex (APC) is a protein degradation machinery necessary for proper mitosis of animal cells. If APC is defective in a human cell which of the following is expected to occur?



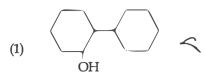
Chromosomes will not segregate

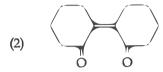
- (2) Recombination of chromosome arms will occur
- (3) Chromosomes will not condense
- (4) Chromosomes will be fragmented
- 90. Which of the following in sewage treatment removes suspended solids?

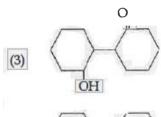


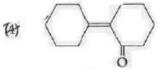
- (2) Sludge treatment
- (3) 1erhary treatment
- (4) Secondary treatment

Of the following, which is the product formed when cyclohexanone undergoes aldol condensation followed by heating?









- 92. The most suitable method of separation of 1:1 mixture of ortho and para nitrophenols is
  - (1) Crystallisation
  - Steam distillation
    - (3) Sublimation
    - (4) Chromatography
- 93. The species, having bond angles of 120° is:
  - (1) NCI<sub>3</sub>
  - BCl<sub>3</sub>
    - (3) PH<sub>3</sub>
    - (4) ClF<sub>3</sub>
- 94. The equilibrium constants of the following are:

$$N_2+3 \xrightarrow{H_2} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{ NH}_2$$
  $K_1$   
 $N_2+O_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{ NO}$ 

$$H_2 + \frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow H_2O$$

The equilibrium constant (K) of the reaction:

$$2 \text{ NH}_3 + \frac{5}{2} \text{ O}_2 \stackrel{K}{\rightleftharpoons} 2 \text{ NO} + 3 \text{ H}_2 \text{O}$$
, will be:

- (1) K<sub>2</sub> K<sub>3</sub>/K<sub>1</sub>
- (2)  $K_2^3 K_3/K_1$
- (3)  $K_1 K_3^3 / K_2$



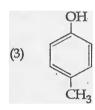
Which one is e wron atement? filled orbitals have greater Half filled an stability due to greater exchange energy, greater symmetry and more balanced <u>The energy of 2s orbital is less than the energy</u> of 2p orbital in case of Hydrogen like atoms. de-Broglie's wavelength is given by  $\lambda = \frac{1}{100}$ (3)where m = mass of the particle, v = groupvelocity of the particle. (4)The uncertainty principle HgCl2 and I2 both when dissolved in water 96. -containing I ions the pair of species formed is: (2)(3)HgI<sub>2</sub>, I -(4)97. An example of a sigma bonded organometallic compound is: (1)Ferrocene (2)Cobaltocene (3)Ruthenocene Grignard's reagent 98. The correct statement regarding electrophile is: (1)enerall eutra s ec es and can form a bond <u>by accepting a p</u>air of electrons from a nucleophile Electrophile can be either neutral or positively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile (3) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile (4) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of alactrons from another electrophile 99. Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution: (1)  $NO_2$ (2) $P_2\Omega_5$ 

 $CO_2$ 

 $SO_2$ 

100. The heating of phenyl-methyl ethers with HI produces.

- (2) benzene
- (3) ethyl chlorides
- (4) iodobenzene
- 101. Which one is the most acidic compound?





- 102. For a given reaction,  $\Delta = 5.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  and  $\Delta S = 83.6 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ . The reaction is spontaneous at: (Assume that  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  do not vary with temperature)
  - (1) all temperatures
  - (2) T > 298 K
  - (3) T < 425 K

(4) T > 425 K

- 103. The correct order of the stoichimmetries of AgCl formed when AgNO<sub>3</sub> in excess is treated with the complexes: CoCl<sub>3</sub>.6 NH<sub>3</sub>, CoCl<sub>3</sub>.5 NH<sub>3</sub>, CoCl<sub>3</sub>.4 NH<sub>3</sub> respectively is:
  - 3 ΛgCl, 2 ΛgCl, 1 AgCl
  - (2) 2 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl 代
  - (3) 1 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 2 AgCl ∞
  - (4) 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl, 2 AgCl

#### 104. In the electrochemical cell

Zn|ZnSO<sub>4</sub>(0.01M)||CuSO<sub>4</sub>(1.0 M)|Cu, the emf of this Daniel cell is E<sub>1</sub>. When the concentration of ZnSO<sub>4</sub> is changed to 1.0 M and that of CuSO4 changed to 0.01 M, the emf changes to E2. From the following, which one is the relationship between E₁ and E₂?

(Given, 
$$\frac{RT}{F} = 0.059$$
)

- (1)  $E_1 > E_2$  (2)  $E_2 = 0 \neq E_1$ (3)  $E_1 = E_2$  (4)  $E_1 < E_2$

## 105. Ionic mobility of which of the following alkali metal ions is lowest when aqueous solution of their salts are put under an electric field?

- (1) Rb
- (2) Li
- (3) Na
- (4) K

- (1) [Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(en)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>
- (2) [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(en)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>
- (3) [Co(en)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>
- (4) [Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(en)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>, [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>

#### 107. Mixture of chloroxylenol and terpineol acts as

- (1) Antipyretic
- (2) Antibiotic
- (3) Analgesic
- (4) Antiseptic

#### 108. Predict the correct intermediate and product in the following reaction

$$H_3C$$
 —  $C$   $\equiv$   $CH$   $\xrightarrow{H_2O, H_2SO_4}$  intermediate  $\longrightarrow$  produce (A) (B)

- (1) **A**: H<sub>3</sub>C C CH<sub>3</sub> **B**: H<sub>3</sub>C C CH

- (3)  $A: H_3C C CH_2$   $B: H_3C C CH_3$   $SO_4$  O

(4) 
$$\mathbf{A}: H_3C \longrightarrow CH_2 \qquad \mathbf{B}: H_3C \longrightarrow CH_2 \qquad \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{matrix}$$
 OH

- 109. It is because of inability of ns2 electrons of the valence shell to participate in bonding that
  - (1) Sn2+ and Pb2+ are both oxidising and reducing
  - (2) Sn4+ is reducing while Pb4+ is oxidising
  - (3) Sn2+ is reducing while Pb4+ is oxidising
  - (4) Sn2+ is oxidising while Pb4+ is reducing

# 110. With respect to the conformers of ethane, which of the following statements is true?

- (1) Both bond angle and bond length change
- (2) Both bond angles and bond length remains
- (3) Bond angle remains same but bond length changes
- (4) Bond angle changes but bond length remains same

#### 111. Which of the following pairs of compounds is isoelectronic and isostructural?

#### 112. The reason for greater range of oxidation states in actinoids is attributed to

- (1) 5f, 6d and 7s levels having comparable energies
- (2) 4f and 5d levels being close in energies
- (3) The radioactive nature of actinoids
- (4) Actinoid contraction

#### 113. Which of the following statements is not correct?

Blood proteins thrombin and fibrinogen are involved in blood clotting.



Denaturation makes the proteins more active.

- Insulin maintains sugar level in the blood of a human body.
- Oyalbumin is a simple food reserve in egg white

- 114. Mechanism of a hypothetical reaction  $X_2 + Y_2 \rightarrow 2XY$  is given below:
  - $X_2 \rightarrow X + X \text{ (fast)}$
  - $X + Y_2 \rightleftharpoons XY + Y \text{ (slow)}$ (ii)
  - $X + Y \rightarrow XY$  (fast)

The overall order of the reaction will be:

- (1)0
- 1.5 (2)
- (3) / 1
- Which one of the following statements is not 115. correct?
  - Enzymes catalyse mainly bio-chemical
  - (2)Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of enzyme.
  - Catalyst does not initiate any reaction. The value of equilibrium constant is changed in the presence of a catalyst in the reaction at equilibrium.
- 116. Concentration of the Ag+ ions in a saturated solution of  $Ag_2C_2O_4$  is  $2.2 \times 10^{-4}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>. Solubility product of  $Ag_2C_2O_4$  is
  - $(1) 4.5 \times 10^{-11}$
  - (2)  $5.3 \times 10^{-12}$
  - $(3) 2.42 \times 10^{-8}$
  - (4)  $2.66 \times 10^{-12}$
- 117. Which of the following is dependent on temperature?
  - (1) Mole fraction
  - (2) Weight percentage
  - (3) Molality
  - (4) Molarity
- 118. If molality of the dilute solution is doubled, the value of molal depression constant (K<sub>f</sub>) will be
  - Tripled
- (3) Doubled
- (2) Unchanged
- (4) Halved
- 119. A gas is allowed to ex and in a well container against a constant external pressure of 2.5 ntm from an initial volume of 2.50 L to a final volume of 5) L. The change in internal energy  $\Delta U$ o regas in 'oules will be:
- -505
- +505]
- 1136.25 J
- $-500 \, \text{J}$ (4)

- **120.** A first order reaction has cific reaction rate of  $10^{-2}$  sec<sup>-1</sup>. How much time will it take for 20 g of the reactant to reduce to 5 g?
  - 346.5 sec
  - 693.0 sec
  - (3)238.6 sec
  - 138.6 sec
- 121. Pick out the correct statement with res  $[Mn(CN)_6]^{3-}$ :
- It is d<sup>2</sup>sp<sup>3</sup> hybridised and octahedral
  - (2) . It is dsp² hybridised and square planar

    ✓
  - It is sp<sup>3</sup>d<sup>2</sup> hybridised and octahedral (3)
  - (4) It is sp<sup>3</sup>d<sup>2</sup> hybridised and tetrahedral
- 122. Match the interhalogen compounds of column I with the geometry in column II and assign the correct code

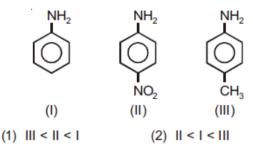
### Column I Column II (a) XX" (i) T-shape $XX_3'$ (ii) Pentagonal bipyramidal (iii) Linear (iv) Square-pyramidal (d) XX<sub>7</sub> (v) Tetrahedral

#### Code:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(v)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)

(3) II < III < I

123. The correct increasing order of basic strength for the following compounds is



(4) ||| < | < ||

**124.** Which of the following is a sink for CO?

- (1) Oceans
- (2) Plants

Haemoglobin

(4) Micro organisms present in the soil

125. The element Z=114 has been discovered recently. It will belong to which of the following family/group and electronic configuration?

- (1) Oxygen family, [Rn]  $5f^{1.4} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^4$
- (2) Nitrogen family, [Rn] 5f<sup>14</sup> 6d<sup>10</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> 7p<sup>6</sup>
- (3) Halogen family, [Rn]  $5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^5$

Carbon family, [Rn]  $5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^2$ 

**126.** Which of the following reactions is appropriate for converting acetamide to methanamine?

- (1) Stephens reaction
- (2) Gabriels phthalimide synthesis
- (3) Carbylamine reaction

Hoffmann hypobromamide reaction

127. Identify A and predict the type of reaction

OCH

Br and cine substitution reaction

OCH<sub>3</sub>
(2) and cine substitution reaction

 $OCH_3$  and substitution reaction  $NH_2$ 

(4) NH<sub>2</sub> and elimination addition

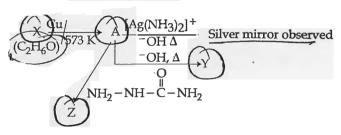
128. A 20 litre container at 400 K contains O at pressure 0.4 atm an an excess of SrO (neglect the volume of solid SrO). The volume of the container is now decreased by moving the movable piston fitted in the container. The maximum volume of the container, when pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> attains its maximum value, will be:

(Given that :  $SrCO_3(s) \rightleftharpoons SrO(s) \dotplus CO_2(g)$ , Kp=1.6 atm)

- (1) 4 litre
- (2) 2 litre

(4) 5 litre (4) 10 litre

129. Consider the reactions:



Identify A, X, Y and Z

A-Ethanal, X-Ethanol, Y-But-2-enal, Z-Semicarbazone

A-Ethanol, -Acetaldeh , Y-Butanone, Z-Hydrazone.

- (3) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanoic acid, Y-Acetate ion, Z-hydrazine. K
- (4) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanol, Y-Ethanoic acid, Z-Semicarbazide

130. Which one of the following pairs of species have the same bond order?

CN-,CO

- (2)  $N_2, O_2^-$
- (3) CO. NO
- (4) O<sub>2</sub>, NO+

131. In which pair of ions both the species contain S-S bond?

- (1)  $S_2O_7^{2-}$ ,  $S_2O_8^{2-}$
- (2)  $S_4O_6^{2-}, S_2O_7^{2-}$
- (3)  $S_2O_7^{2-}, S_2O_3^{2-}$

 $S_4O_6^{2-}, S_2O_3^{2-}$ 

# 132. Extraction of gold and silver involves leaching with CN<sup>-</sup> ion. Silver is later recovered by:

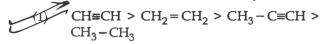
(1)

zone refining

# displacement with Zn

- (3) liquation
- (4) distillation

# 133. Which one is the correct order of acidity?



(2) 
$$CH_3 - CH_3 > CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 - C = CH > CH = CH$$

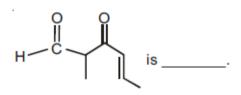
(3) 
$$CH_2=CH_2>CH_3-CH=CH_2>CH_3-C=CH>CH=CH$$

(4) 
$$CH = CH > CH_3 - C = CH > CH_2 = CH_2 > CH_3 - CH_3$$

#### 134. Which is the incorrect statement?

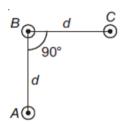
- NaCl(s) is insu lator, silicon is semiconductor, silver is conductor, quartz is piezo electric crystal
- (2) Frenkel defect is favoured in those ionic compounds in which sizes of cation and anions are almost equal
- (3) FeO<sub>0.98</sub> has non stoichiometric metal deficiency defect
- (4) Density decreases in case of crystals with Schottky's defect

#### 135. The IUPAC name of the compound



- (1) 5-methyl-4-oxohex-2-en-5-al
- (2) 3-keto-2-methylhex-5-enal
- (3) 3-keto-2-methylhex-4-enal
- (4) 5-formylhex-2-en-3-one

- 136. The two nearest harmonics of a tube closed at one end and open at other end are 220 Hz and 260 Hz. What is the fundamental frequency of the system?
  - (1) 30 Hz
- (2) 40 Hz
- (3) 10 Hz
- (4) 20 Hz
- 137. Two Polaroids  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are placed with their axis perpendicular to each other. Unpolarised light  $I_0$  is incident on  $P_1$ . A third polaroid  $P_3$  is kept in between  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  such that its axis makes an angle 45° with that of  $P_1$ . The intensity of transmitted light through  $P_2$  is
  - (1)  $\frac{I_0}{8}$
- (2)  $\frac{I_0}{16}$
- (3)  $\frac{I_0}{2}$
- (4)  $\frac{I_0}{4}$
- 138. An arrangement of three parallel straight wires placed perpendicular to plane of paper carrying same current 'I' along the same direction is shown in Fig. Magnitude of force per unit length on the middle wire 'B' is given by

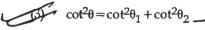


- $(1) \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu_0 I^2}{\pi d}$
- $(2) \quad \frac{\mu_0 I^2}{\sqrt{2}\pi d}$
- $(3) \quad \frac{\mu_0 I^2}{2\pi d}$
- $(4) \quad \frac{2\mu_0 I^2}{\pi d}$
- 139. A gas mixture consists of 2 moles of O<sub>2</sub> and 4 moles of Ar at temperature T. Neglecting all vibrational modes, the total internal energy of the system is
  - (1) 9 RT
- (2) 11 RT
- (3) 4 RT
- (4) 15 RT

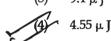
- 140. Two astronauts are floating in gravitational free space after having lost contact with their spaceship. The two will:
  - (1) Move away from each other
  - (2) Will become stationary
  - (3) Keep floating at the same distance between them
  - (4) Move towards each other
  - 141. If  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  be the <u>apparent angles of dip observed</u> in two vertical planes at right angles to each other, then the true angle of dip  $\theta$  is given by:
    - (1)  $\cot^2\theta = \cot^2\theta_1 \cot^2\theta_2$



(2)  $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 - \tan^2\theta_2$ 



- (4)  $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 + \tan^2\theta_2$
- 142. A 250 Turn rectangular coil of length 2.1 cm and width 1.25 cm carries a current of 85 μA and subjected to a magnetic field of strength 0.85 T. Work done for rotating the coil by 180° against the torque is:
  - (1)  $2.3 \mu J$
  - (2) 1.15 μ J
  - (3) 9.1 μ J



143. Radioactive material 'A' has decay constant '8λ' and material 'B' has decay constant 'λ'. Initially they have same number of nuclei. After what time, the ratio of

number of nuclei of material 'B' to that 'A' will be  $\frac{1}{e}$ ?



(2) 
$$\frac{1}{9\lambda}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

(4)  $\frac{1}{7\lambda}$ 

- In an electromagnetic wave in free space the root mean square value of the electric ield is  $E_{rms} = 6V/m$ . The peak value of the magnetic field is:
  - (1) 0.70×10<sup>-8</sup> T
  - (2)  $4.23 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$
  - (3)  $/ 1.41 \times 10^{-8}$  T

(4) 2.83×10<sup>-8</sup> T

145. The acceleration due to gravity at a height 1 km above the earth is the same as at a depth d below the surface of earth. Then

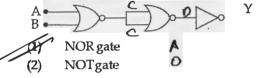
(1) 
$$d = \frac{3}{2} \text{ km}$$

(2) 
$$d = 2 \text{ km}$$

(3) 
$$d = \frac{1}{2} \text{ km}$$

(4) 
$$d = 1 \text{ km}$$

146. The given electrical network is equivalent to:



- (3) AND gate
- (4) OR gate
- 147. The bulk modulus of a spherical object is 'B'. If it is subjected to uniform pressure 'p', the fractional decrease in radius is
  - 1)  $\frac{3p}{B}$
- (2)  $\frac{p}{3B}$
- (3)  $\frac{p}{B}$
- (4)  $\frac{B}{3p}$
- 148. Suppose the charge of a proton and an electron differ slightly. One of them is -e, the other is  $(e + \Delta e)$ . If the net of electrostatic force and gravitational force between two hydrogen atoms placed at a distance d (much greater than atomic size) apart is zero, then  $\Delta e$  is of the order of [Given mass of hydrogen  $m_h = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ ]
  - (1) 10-37 C
  - (2) 10<sup>-47</sup> C
  - (3) 10<sup>-20</sup> C
  - (4) 10<sup>-23</sup> C

149. A spr of force constant k is cut into of ratio 1:2:3. They are connected in series and the new force constant is k'. Then they are connected in parallel and force constant is k". Then R': R" is:

1: 11 (2) 1: 14 (3) 1: 6 (4) 1: 9

150. The x and y coordinates of the particle at any time  $are x = 5t - 2t^2$  and y = 10t respectively, where x and y are in meters and t in secon . The acceleration of the particle at t = 2s is

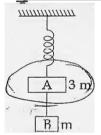
 $\begin{array}{ccc}
 & -4 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 & -8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 & (3) & 0 \\
 & (4) & 5 \text{ m/s}^2
\end{array}$ 

151. Consider a drop of rain water having mass 1g falling from a height of 1 km. It hits the ground with a speed of 50 m/s. Take 'g constant with a value 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>. The work done by the (i) gravitational force and the (ii) resistive force of air is:

(i) (i) 100 J (ii) 8.75 J (i) 10 J (ii) -8.75 J (3) (i) -10 J (ii) -8.25 J (4) (i) 1.25 J (ii) -8.25 J

are connected by a massless and mextensible string.

The whole system is suspended by a massless spring as shown in figure. The magnitudes of acceleration of A and B immediately after the string is cut, are respectively:



- (1) g, g
- (2)  $\frac{g}{3}$ ,  $\frac{g}{3}$
- (3)  $g, \frac{g}{3}$
- (4)  $\frac{g}{3}$ , g

153. A particle executes linear simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 3 cm. When the particle is at 2 cm from the mean position, the magnitude of its velocity is equal to that of its acceleration. Then its lime period in seconds is:



 $(2) \qquad \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

 $(3) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\pi}$ 

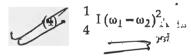
 $(4) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \sqrt{5} \\ 2\pi \end{array}$ 

154. Two discs of same moment of inertia rotating about their regular axis passing through centre and perpendicular to the plane of disc with angular velocities  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ . They are brought into contact face to face coinciding the axis of rotation. The expression for loss of energy during this process is

(1)  $I(\omega_1 - \omega_2)^2 \vec{O}$ 

 $\frac{I}{8}(\omega_1-\omega_2)^2$ 

(3)  $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{I} (\omega_1 + \omega_2)^2 = \mathbf{k}$ 



The resistance of a wire is 'R' ohm. If it is melted and stretched to 'n' times its original length, its new resistance b:

(1)  $n^2R$  (2)  $\frac{R}{n^2}$ 

(3) nR (4)  $\frac{R}{R}$ 

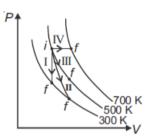
- 156. A spherical black body with a radius of 12 cm radiates 450 watt power at 500 K. If the radius were halved and the temperature doubled, the power radiated in watt would be
  - (1) 1000
  - (2) 1800
  - (3) 225
  - (4) 450
- 157. The photoelectric threshold wavelength of silver is  $3250 \times 10^{-10}$  m. The velocity of the electron ejected from a silver surface by ultraviolet light of wavelength  $2536 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m is}$

(Given  $h = 4.14 \times 10^{-15}$  eVs and  $c = 3 \times 10^8$  ms<sup>-1</sup>)

- (1)  $\approx 61 \times 10^3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  (2)  $\approx 0.3 \times 10^6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- (3)  $\approx 6 \times 10^5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  (4)  $\approx 0.6 \times 10^6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- 158. A beam of light from a source L is incident normally on a plane mirror fixed at a certain distance x from the source. The beam is reflected back as a spot on a scale placed just above the source L. When the mirror is rotated through a small angle θ, the spot of the light is found to move through a distance y on the scale. The angle  $\theta$  is given by

- 159. A rope is wound around a hollow cylinder of mass 3 kg and radius 40 cm. What is the angular acceleration of the cylinder if the rope is pulled with a force of 30 N?
  - (1) 25 rad/s<sup>2</sup>
- (2) 5 m/s<sup>2</sup>
- (3) 25 m/s<sup>2</sup>
- (4) 0.25 rad/s<sup>2</sup>
- 160. One end of string of length I is connected to a particle of mass 'm' and the other end is connected to a small peg on a smooth horizontal table. If the particle moves in circle with speed 'v', the net force on the particle (directed towards center) will be (T represents the tension in the string)
  - (1)  $T \frac{m v^2}{I}$

- (3) T
- (4)  $T + \frac{m v^2}{l}$
- 161. Thermodynamic processes are indicated in the following diagram.



#### Match the following

	Column-1		Column-2
P.	Process I	a.	Adiabatic
Q.	Process II	b.	Isobaric
R.	Process III	c.	Isochoric
S.	Process IV	d.	Isothermal

- (1)  $P \rightarrow c$ ,  $Q \rightarrow d$ ,  $R \rightarrow b$ ,  $S \rightarrow a$
- (2)  $P \rightarrow d$ ,  $Q \rightarrow b$ ,  $R \rightarrow a$ ,  $S \rightarrow c$
- (3)  $P \rightarrow a$ ,  $Q \rightarrow c$ ,  $R \rightarrow d$ ,  $S \rightarrow b$
- (4)  $P \rightarrow c$ ,  $Q \rightarrow a$ ,  $R \rightarrow d$ ,  $S \rightarrow b$

162. A physical quantity of the dimensions of length tha

can be formed out of c, G and  $\frac{e}{\pi \epsilon}$  s [c is velocity of light, G is universal constant of gra d de is chargel:

(1) 
$$\frac{1}{c^2} \left[ \frac{e^2}{G4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

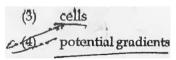
(2) 
$$\frac{1}{c}G\frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{1}{c^2} \left[ G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$(4) \quad c^2 \left[ G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

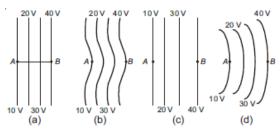
163. Young's double slit experiment is first performed in air and then in a medium other than air It is found that 8<sup>th</sup> bright fringe in the medium lies where 5<sup>th</sup> dark fringe lies in air. The refractive index of e medium is nearly:

- 164. A potentiometer is an accurate and versatile device to make <u>electrical measurements of E.M.F.</u> because the method <u>involves</u>
  - (1) <u>a condition of no current flow through</u> the galvanometer.
  - (2) a combination of cells, galvanometer and resistances



165. The ratio of wavelengths of the last line of Balmer series and the last line of Lyman series is

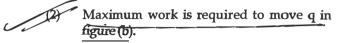
166. The diagrams below show regions of equipotentials.



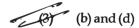
A positive charge is moved from A to B in each

(1) Minimum work is required to move q in figure (a). 

✓



- (3) Maximum work is required to move q in figure (c).
- O (4) In all the four cases the work done is the same.
- 167. Which of the following statements are correct?
  - (a) Centre of mass of a body always coincides with the centre of gravity of the body.
  - (b) Centre of mass of a body is the point at which the total gravitational torque on the body is zero.
  - (c) A couple on a body produce both translational and rotational motion in a body.
  - (d) Mechanical advantage greater than one means that small effort can be used to lift a large load.
  - (1) (b) and (c)
  - (2) (c) and (d)

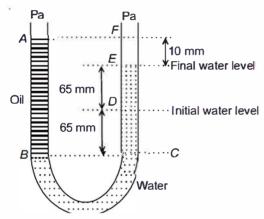


- (4) (a) and (b) 🕊
- 168. The ratio of resolving powers of an optical microscope for two wavelengths \(\text{1} \) \(\frac{41100}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\)

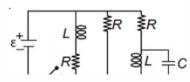
3:2

- (2) 16:81
- (3) 8:27
- (4) 9:4

- 169. A capacitor is charged by a battery. The battery is removed and another identical uncharged capacitor is connected in parallel. The total electrostatic energy of resulting system
  - (1) Remains the same
  - (2) Increases by a factor of 2
  - (3) Increases by a factor of 4
  - (4) Decreases by a factor of 2
- 170. A U tube with both ends open to the atmosphere, is partially filled with water. Oil, which is immiscible with water, is poured into one side until it stands at a distance of 10 mm above the water level on the other side. Meanwhile the water rises by 65 mm from its original level (see diagram). The density of the oil is



- (1)  $800 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$
- (2) 928 kg m<sup>-3</sup>
- (3) 650 kg m<sup>-3</sup>
- (4)  $425 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$
- 171. Figure shows a circuit contains three identical resistors with resistance  $R = 9.0 \Omega$  each, two identical inductors with inductance L = 2.0 mH each, and an ideal battery with emf  $\varepsilon = 18 \text{ V}$ . The current  $\Gamma$  through the battery just after the switch closed is

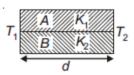


- (1) 2 A
- (2) 0 ampere
- (3) 2 mA
- (4) 0.2 A

- 172. The de-Broglie wavelength of a neutron in thermal equilibrium with heavy water at a temperature *T* (Kelvin) and mass *m*, is
  - $(1) \frac{2h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
  - $(2) \frac{2h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$
  - (3)  $\frac{h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$
  - $(4) \frac{h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
- 173. Which one of the following represents forward bias diode?

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & 3 \lor & R & 5 \lor \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

174. Two rods A and B of different materials are welded together as shown in figure. Their thermal conductivities are  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ . The thermal conductivity of the composite rod will be



- (1)  $K_4 + K_2$
- (2)  $2(K_1 + K_2)$
- (3)  $\frac{K_1 + K_2}{2}$
- (4)  $\frac{3(K_1+K_2)}{2}$

175. A Carnot engine having an efficiency of  $\frac{1}{10}$  as heat engine, is used as a refrigerator. If the work done on the system is 10 J, the amount of energy absorbed

from the reservoir at lower temperature is

- (1) 99 J
- (2) 100 J
- (3) 1 J
- (4) 90 J
- 176. In a common emitter transistor ampuner the authors signal voltage across the collector is 3 V. The resistance of collector is 3 k $\Omega$ . If current gain is 100, and the base resistance is 2 k $\Omega$ , the voltage an power gain of the am lifter is:



150 and 15000

- (2) 20 and 2000
- (3) 200 and 1000
- (4) 15 and 200
- 177. Preeti reached the metro station and found that the escalator was not working. She walked up the stationary escalator in time t<sub>1</sub>. On other days, if she remains stationary on the moving escalator, then the escalator takes her up in time t<sub>2</sub>. The time taken by her to walk up on the moving escalator will be:



- (2)  $t_1 t_2$
- (3)  $\frac{t_1 + t_2}{2}$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{t_1t_2}{t_2 t_1}$
- 178. A thin prism having refracting angle 10° is made of glass of refractive index 1.42. This prism is combined with another thin prism of glass of refractive index 1.7. This combination produces dispersion without deviation. The refracting angle of second prism should be:
  - (1) 8°
  - (2) 10°

- 179. A long solenoid of diameter 0.1 m has  $2 \times 10^4$  turns per meter. At the centre of the solenoid, a coil of 100 turns and radius 0.01 m is placed with its axis coinciding with the solenoid axis. The current in the solenoid reduces at a constant rate to 0 A from 4 A in 0.05 s. If the resistance of the coil is  $10\pi^2 \, \Omega$ , the total charge flowing through the coil during this time is
  - (1) 32 μ C
  - (2)  $16 \pi \mu C$
  - (3) 32 π μC
  - (4) 16 μ C
- 180. Two cars moving in opposite directions approach each other with speed of 22 m/s and 16.5 m/s respectively. The driver of the first car blows a horn having a frequency 400 Hz. The frequency heard by the driver of the second car is [velocity of sound 340 m/s]
  - (1) 411 Hz
  - (2) 448 Hz
  - (3) 350 Hz
  - (4) 361 Hz