

General Instructions:

 $Read\ the\ following\ instructions\ very\ carefully\ and\ strictly\ follow\ them\ :$

- (i)This question paper comprises 39 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) This question paper is divided into five sections -A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A Questions No. 1 to 20 are Multiple Choice Questions. Each (iii) question carries 1 mark.
- (iv)**Section B** – Questions No. 21 to 26 are Very Short Answer type questions. Each question carries 2 marks. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- (v)Section C - Questions No. 27 to 33 are Short Answer type questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Answer to these questions should in the range of **50** to **80** words.
- Section D Questions No. 34 to 36 are Long Answer type questions. Each (vi) question carries 5 marks. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- Section E Questions No. 37 to 39 are of 3 source-based/case-based units of (vii) assessment carrying 4 marks each with sub-parts.
- There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in some sections. Only one of the alternatives has to be attempted in such questions.

SECTION A

Select and write the most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions no. 1 to 20. There is no negative marking for incorrect response. $20 \times 1 = 20$

1. Given below are the structures of some hydrocarbons. Select the two structures which are related to each other from the given options:

(A) (i) and (iv) (B) (ii) and (iv)

(ii) and (iii)

(i) and (iii) (D)

31/3/2

[P.T.O.]



- Choose the incorrect statement about the common reaction used in 2. hydrogenation of vegetable oils.
 - It is an addition reaction. (A)
 - It takes place in the presence of nickel or palladium catalyst. (B)
 - The product contains only single bonds between carbon atoms. (C)
 - It is an addition reaction which occurs in the presence of an acid (D) catalyst.
- Consider the following chemical equation: 3.

$$p Al + q H_2O \longrightarrow r Al_2O_3 + s H_2$$

To balance this chemical equation, the values of 'p', 'q', 'r' and 's' must be respectively:

3, 2, 2, 1(A)

2, 3, 3, 1 (B)

2, 3, 1, 3 (C)

3, 1, 2, 2 (D)

Study the following cases: 4.

$$(i)$$
 $CuSO_4 + Mg \longrightarrow$

(ii)
$$FeSO_4 + Pb \longrightarrow^{\uparrow}$$

(iii)
$$CaSO_4 + Al \longrightarrow$$

(iv)
$$ZnSO_4 + Ca \longrightarrow$$

The case/cases in which new product(s) will form is/are:

- Only (i) (A)
- Only (iii) (B)
- (i) and (iv) (C)

5.

- (i), (ii) and (iv) Which of the given option represents a family of salts?
 - $\rm NaCl, Na_2SO_4, CaSO_4$ (A)
 - $\mathrm{K_2SO_4, Na_2SO_4, CaSO_4}$ (B)
 - $NaNO_3$, $CaCO_3$, Na_2CO_3 (C)
 - $MgSO_4$, $CuSO_4$, $MgCl_2$ (D)

[P.T.O.]

6.

Match Column-I with Column-II and select the correct option fro

	Column-I	hrióD	from the
a.	Site of fertilisation of egg with the sperm		Column- II
b.	Site of implantation of embryo	(i)	Vagina
c.	Site of entry of sperm into the female reproductive	(ii)	Uterus
			Oviduct
d.	Site through which the waste materials generated by the developing embryo are removed	(iv)	Placenta
		(y)	Cervix

- (A) a-(ii), b-(i), c-(v), d-(iv)
- (\mathbf{B}) a-(iii), b-(i), c-(v), d-(iv)
- (C) a-(iv), b-(ii), c-(iii), d-(i)
- a-(iii), b-(ii), c-(i), d-(iv) (D)
- The part of the hind-brain controlling involuntary actions such as 7. salivation and vomiting in humans is:
 - Cerebellum (A)

Cerebrum (B)

Pons (C)

- Medulla (D)
- Select a pair of bisexual flowers from the following: 8.
 - Papaya and mustard (A)
- Hibiscus and mustard (B)·
- Hibiscus and papaya (C)
- Hibiscus and watermelon (D)
- The plant hormone present in greater concentration in the areas of 9.
 - rapidly dividing cells is:
- Cytokinins (B)

. Auxin (A)

Abscisic acid (D)

- Temporary finger-like extensions on the cell surface to take in food is
- 10. Amoebaformed in: (B) ·
 - Paramoecium(A)

- Rhizopus (D)
 - [P.T.O.]

Leishmania(C)



- A wire of length 'l' is gradually stretched so that its length increases to 3l. 11. If its original resistance is R, then its new resistance will be:
 - -(A) $\cdot 3R$

(B) 6R

(C)9R

- (\mathbf{D}) 27R
- **12**. Which one of the following statements is not true about a bar magnet?
 - It sets itself in north-south direction when suspended freely. (\mathbf{A})
 - (B) It has attractive power for iron filings.
 - (C) It produces magnetic field lines.
 - The direction of magnetic field lines inside a bar magnet is from its (D) north pole to its south pole.
- Absolute refractive index of water and glass is $\frac{4}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$ respectively. If 13. the speed of light in glass is 2×10^8 m/s, the speed of light in water is :
 - (C) $\frac{9}{4}$ m/s (B) $\frac{7}{3}$ m/s (C) $\frac{16}{9}$ m/s (D) $\frac{9}{8}$ m/s

- When a beam of white light passes through a region of very fine dust particles, the colour of light that scatters the most in that region is: 14. orange

(B)

- yellow (D)
- The strength of the magnetic field produced inside a current carrying (C).
- long straight solenoid does not depend upon: **15.**
 - Area of cross-section of the tube of the solenoid Number of turns per unit length in the solenoid (A).
 - Direction of current flowing through the coil of the solenoid (B)
 - Material of the core of the solenoid (C)

[P.T.O.]

(D)



- Other than the abiotic components, which of the given biotic components 16. are *not* required to make an aquarium with small herbivorous fishes a
 - Aquatic plants and aquatic animals
 - Terrestrial plants and terrestrial animals (ii)
 - Decomposers as bacteria and fungi (iii)
 - Consumers as clown fishes and sea urchins\ (iv)
 - (A) (i) and (iv)

(B) (ii) and (iii)

(C) (i) and (iii)

(D) (ii) and (iv)

For Questions number 17 to 20, two statements are given — one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (A), (B), (C) and (D) as given

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not (B) the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false. · (C)
- Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true. (D)
- Assertion (A): In our actions of writing or talking, our nervous system **17.** communicates with the muscles.
 - Cranial nerves and spinal nerves form the peripheral Reason(R): nervous system.
- 18. Assertion (A): Use of jute bags for shopping reduces pollution.
 - Jute is biodegradable and its bag may be reused as and Reason(R): when needed. The first the property of the first specific of the f
- Assertion (A): Hydrogen gas is not evolved when a metal reacts with 19. nitric acid.
 - Nitric acid is a strong reducing agent and reduces the Reason(R): hydrogen produced in the reaction to water.
- Magnetic field lines around a bar magnet never intersect Assertion (A): 20. each other.
 - Magnetic field produced by a bar magnet is a quantity Reason(R):that has both magnitude and direction.

[P.T.O.]



SECTION B

Questions no. 21 to 26 are Very Short Answer Type questions.

List the possible sources of energy required in decomposition (a) 21. reactions. Illustrate any one with a suitable example.

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OR

What is observed when hydrated ferrous sulphate crystals are (b) heated in a dry boiling tube? Give balanced chemical equation(s) of the reactions(s) that occur(s).

2

Giving reason, state the advantage of using baking powder over baking 22. soda for the preparation of bread or cakes.

2

State the main function of arteries. Why do they have thick and elastic 23. walls?

2

Explain how the proteins control the 'characteristics' in an organism with the help of an example of 'short height' trait in pea (a) 24. plant.

2

Name the information source of making proteins in a cell. (b)

A student has difficulty in reading his textbooks but can read the blackboard clearly while sitting in the last row. Name the defect of (a) 25. vision the student is suffering from. List two reasons due to which this defect arises. Write the nature of the lenses required to correct this defect.

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Draw a ray diagram to show the path of a ray of light falling obliquely on one of the refracting faces of a triangular glass prism (b) and mark the angle of deviation on it.

2

A voltage source sends a current of 2 A to a resistor of 40 Ω connected across it for 5 minutes. Calculate the electrical energy supplied by the 26. source.

[P.T.O.]



SECTION C

Questions no. 27 to 33 are Short Answer Type questions.

- How is a double displacement reaction different from a displacement 27. reaction? Explain giving example in the form of balanced chemical
- Common salt is an important raw material for various chemicals of (a) 28. daily use. State in brief the method of preparation of (i) Sodium hydroxide, and (ii) Sodium hydrogen carbonate from common salt. Write balanced chemical equations of the reactions that occur.

OR

- (b) Design an experimental set-up to demonstrate that "Alcohol and glucose contain hydrogen but are not categorised as acids". Also give the reason to justify this fact.
- Enlist any two nitrogenous waste products removed from the blood 29. (a) of human kidney.
 - Name the capillary cluster formed by the branch of renal artery in (b) the Bowman's capsule.
 - Depict in the form of a flow chart the path of the urine formed in (c) each kidney until it is finally passed out through the urethra.
 - A pure pea plant having round (R), yellow (Y) seeds is crossed with another pure pea plant having wrinkled (r), green (y) seeds. Subsequently 30. F_1 progeny is self-pollinated to obtain F_2 progeny.
 - What do the seeds of F_1 generation look like? Give the possible combinations of traits in seeds of F_2 generation. (a)
 - State the reason of obtaining seeds of new combination of traits in (b)
 - (c) [P.T.O.] F_2 generation.

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- A person has to keep reading material much beyond 25 cm (say at 50 cm) 31. from the eye for comfortable reading. Name the defect of vision he is suffering from. List two causes responsible for arising of this defect. Draw defect showing correction of this diagram labelled eye-glasses. Are these glasses convergent or divergent of light?
- Draw a labelled diagram to show the pattern of magnetic field (a) lines on a horizontal white board due to a straight current carrying 32. conductor passing perpendicular through its centre. If the direction of current in the conductor is vertically downwards, mark the direction of (i) current, and (ii) magnetic field lines.
 - State the right hand thumb rule and check whether the directions marked on the diagram are in accordance with this rule. (b)
 - "In a food chain energy flow is unidirectional." Give two reasons for (a) 33. the given statement.
 - If 10,000 J energy is available at the producer level, how much energy will be available to the secondary consumers? Give reason (b) to justify your answer.

SECTION D

Questions no. 34 to 36 are Long Answer Type questions.

- "In refraction of light through a rectangular glass slab, the emergent ray is always parallel to the direction of the incident ray." Why? Explain with the help of a ray diagram. What happens when a ray of light falls normally on one of (i) (a) 34. the faces of a rectangular glass prism? Draw diagram.

 - An object is placed at a distance of 30 cm from the optical centre of a concave lens of focal length-20 cm. Use Lens formula to determine the position of the image formed in (ii) this case.

OR

[P.T.O.]

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3



- (i) A student wishes to study the image formation by a concave (b) mirror using candle flame as object. State the type of the image formed by the mirror and mention the change in the image formed, if any, that he observes when the candle flame is gradually moved away from the pole of the mirror. Draw a ray diagram to show the image formation when the object distance is nearly equal to the radius of curvature of the mirror.
 - A convex mirror used for rear-view on an automobile has a focal length of 3.0 m. If a bus is located at 6.0 m from this (ii) mirror, use mirror formula to find the position of the image of the bus as seen in the mirror.
- Consider the following metals: (i) (a) 35.

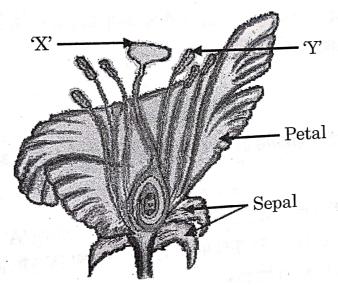
Select from the above metals, a metal which

- does not react with oxygen even at high temperature.
- reacts with oxygen at ordinary temperature and forms a protective oxide layer which prevents the I. II. metal from further oxidation.
 - catches fire when kept in the open.
- does not burn in oxygen but the hot metal is coated III.
- with a black coloured oxide layer.
- What are amphoteric oxides? With the help of balanced chemical equations show that aluminium oxide is an
- (ii) amphoteric oxide.
- What are alkalis? Give one example. [P.T.O.] (iii) OR



- (i) With the help of balanced chemical equations state the (b) process of extracting (I) mercury from its ore called cinnabar, and (II) copper from its sulphide ore.
 - (ii) Silver and copper articles slowly lose their shiny surfaces when exposed to air. Name the compounds formed on (I) silver articles, and (II) copper articles in the form of coating.

Identify the parts 'X' and 'Y' in the figure given below: (a) 36.



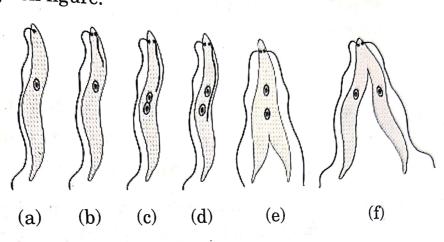
- Name the yellowish coloured structures produced by the (ii) part labelled as Y'.
- Write the name of the process by which these are transferred to the part labelled as 'X'. (iii) 5
- Explain the process of seed formation in a flowering plant. (iv)

OR

[P.T.O.]



(i) Name the type of asexual mode of reproduction shown in the (b) given figure.



- Identify the unicellular organism in the diagram. (ii)
- List any two advantages of asexual reproduction over sexual (iii) reproduction.
- Name and explain any one mode of asexual reproduction 5 (iv) observed in Hydra.

SECTION E

The following questions are Source-based/Case-based questions. Read the case carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- 'A' and 'B' are two salts used for washing purposes. Salt 'A' is used for bathing also. Four test tubes I, II, III and IV as mentioned below are 37. taken.
 - Rain water + solution of salt 'A'
 - Rain water + solution of salt 'B' I. II.
 - Tubewell water + solution of salt 'A'
 - III.

The test tubes are shaken one by one almost identically for the same time and the lengths of foam formed in each test tube is noted. In which one of the four test tubes is the foam formed the

- minimum? (a)
 - Differentiate between salt A and salt B. [P.T.O.] (b)



(c) What are esters? What happens when an ester reacts with (i) an alkali (say sodium hydroxide)? Give chemical equation for

2

2

2

2

1

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OR (c) (ii) What is the cause of hardness of water? Sometimes it is observed that while bathing foam is formed with difficulty and an insoluble substance is formed. Name this substance and write the cause of its formation.

A person while climbing up a rocky hill comes into a panic state and fear. 38. His body starts reacting in a "flight-or-flight" condition to adjust to the dangerous and stressful situation.

Based on the above facts, answer the questions that follow.

Name the hormone secreted in the blood of the person in this (a) (i) situation.

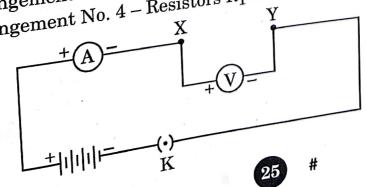
OR

- Name the source gland of the hormone secreted in this (ii) (a) condition.
- State any two responses in the body of the person as a result of the (b) secretion of this hormone.
- How does the action of the chemical signal in terms of hormones differ from the electrical impulses via nerve cells? (c)
- As shown in the diagram, an electric circuit consisting of an ammeter, a voltmeter, 4 cells of 1.5 V each, a plug key with a gap XY was set up. Voltmeter and ammeter readings were recorded in the observation table 39. for four arrangements as given below:

Arrangement No. 1 – only resistor R_1 in gap XY

Arrangement No. 2 – only resistor R_2 in gap XY

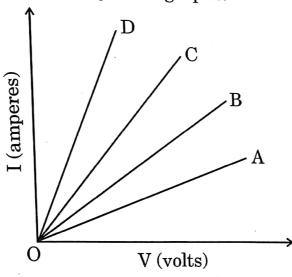
Arrangement No. 3 – Resistors R_1 and R_2 in series in gap XY Arrangement No. 4 – Resistors R_1 and R_2 in parallel in gap XY



[P.T.O.]



Based on the observations, four V-I graphs A, B, C and D as shown in figure were drawn. Study these graphs.



- (a) Which one of the graphs represents the series combination of R_1 and $R_2\,?\,\, \diamondsuit$
- (b) Which one of these graphs represents the parallel combination of R_1 and $R_2\,?_{_{\langle V \rangle}}$
- (c) (i) Show an arrangement of three resistors, each of resistance 10Ω , so that the combination has a resistance of 15 Ω . Give justification for your answer.

OR

(c) (ii) A battery of 6 V is connected with a series combination of five resistors of $0.1~\Omega$, $0.2~\Omega$, $0.3~\Omega$, $0.4~\Omega$ and $0.5~\Omega$. How much current would flow through the $0.3~\Omega$ resistor? Justify your answer.

1

1

2