JA-1/23
Paper - I
LANGUAGE TEST
(ENGLISH & ODIA)

Time: 2 hours

(Both for English and Odia)

Full Marks: 100

(English: 50 + Odia: 50)

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates should write the answer in two separate Answer Books supplied to them i.e. one for 'English' and another for 'Odia'.

Answer as directed.

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(Turn Over)

LANGUAGE TEST (English)

Attempt all questions from all the Sections.

SECTION-A

(Grammar)

1. (A) Fill in the blank with appropriate tense given below the sentence: 1

Neither of the paintings _____ sold.

- (i) have been
- (ii) were
- (iii) are
- (w) was

(B) Choose the passive voice for the following sentence:

Please maintain silence in this room.

- (i) Let silence be maintained in this room
- (ii) This room shall maintain silence
- (iii) There shall be silence in this room
- (iv) Please remain silent in this room

(Continued)

(C) Choose the passive voice for the following sentence:

They are painting their house.

- (i) Their house is painted
- (ii) Their house is being painted
- (iii) They shall be painting their house
- (iv) The house is painted
- (D) Fill in the blank with the appropriate modal verb in the following sentence: 1

I ____ read without my reading glasses. Where are they?

- (i) may not
- (ii) would not
- (iii) not
- (iv) cannot
- (E) Choose the grammatically correct sentence from the following:
 - (i) When you told him the story?
 - (ii) I am watching this serial for two years' now.

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(4)
(iii) He is having many pens in his pocket.
(iv) She told her name after coming home.
Choose the correct infinite for the following sentence:
Are you ready now?
(i) going
(ii) to go
(iii) by
(iv) today
Choose the correct conjunction for the following sentence:
He was late the bus did not come.
(i) or
(ii) but

(Continued)

(H)	Use the correct phrase for the following sentence:
	Children play every evening.
	(i) like to
	(ii) be liked
	(iii) will liked to
	(iv) not like to
<i>(1</i>)	Choose the correct word and fill in the blank given below:
	She was wearing a bangle
	(i) make of gold
	(ii) golden
	(iii) made of gold
	(iv) making of gold
(J)	Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions given below the sentence:
	He climbed the ladder to get the roof.
	(i) up, onto
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(iii) because

(iv) while

(G)

(ii) on, on
(iii) up, over
(w) up, up
(K) Cool as a cucumber means
(i) calm and relaxed
(ii) feeling a chill
(iii) having a fever
(iv) not thinking right
(L) Fill in the blank with the correct article given below the sentence:
What huge mountain!
(i) the
(ii) a
(iii) an
M) Choose the correct reported speech for the following sentence:
She said, "I'll phone you tomorrow".
(i) She said that she would phone
tomorrow (Continued)

	(ii) She said I shall phone you tomorrow
	(iii) She told him to phone tomorrow
	(iv) She said she would phone me the next day
(N)	Use the superlative form of the adjective given in brackets for the following sentence:
	Nayana is the (pretty) girl in the class.
	(i) pretty
	(ii) prettier
	(iii) prettiest
	(iv) more prettier
(0)	Use the appropriate determiner for the following sentence:
	Have you seen MP3 player anywhere?
	(i) all
	(ii) more
	(iii) few
	(iv) my
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(P) Choose the correct answer for the question given below:

Can you swim?

- (i) In the sea
- (ii) Very good
- (iii) Yes, I can
- (iv) Deep water
- (Q) Your mother is cooking in the kitchen.'

 Tick the correct question from the following:
 - (i) What is your mother doing?
 - (ii) What is your mother cooking in the kitchen?
 - (iii) How is your mother cooking?
 - (iv) Where is your mother going?
- (R) Choose the appropriate preposition for the following sentence:

She was hiding ____ the table.

(i) on

(Continued)

(ii) over

- (iii) under
- (iv) above
- (S) Spot the incorrect sentence from the following:
 - (i) A European visited India.
 - (ii) It takes me an hour to visit the temple.
 - (iii) She is a honest woman.
 - (iv) It is an honour to serve you.
- (T) Spot the correct sentence from the following:
 - (i) I bought four dozen apples.
 - (ii) I buying four dozen apple.
 - (iii) I bought four dozens of apples.
 - (iv) I buy four dozen apples.

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SECTION-B

(Comprehension)

2. Our ancestors had great difficulty in getting books. Now, our difficulty is what to read. There are books and books but our hours of reading are very few. Therefore, choice becomes essential. We should be very careful about what we read. There are books which poison our lives by suggesting evils. We should keep them at arm's length.

We should read only those books which have stood the test of time. Such books are our great classics like the Ramayana and the Gita. They contain the wisdom of our sages and saints. They have appealed mankind from generation to generation. Reading of such books has ennobling influence on our mind and character. It gives us spiritual enjoyment. These books give us

represent our ancient culture. They set before us high ideals to follow. They are our best friends, best guides and the best treasure.

- (a) Why should we be selective about reading books?
- (b) We should keep them at arm's length.'
 What does this mean?
- (c) 'They are our best friends.'

Mention the adjective and the comparative degree of the word 'best'.

(d) 'We should read only those books which have stood the test of time.'Convert the above sentence into negative sentence.

(e) What is the meaning of 'classics' in the above passage?

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2

2

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(12)

SECTION-C

(Writing)

3. Write a letter on the following topic (within 10 150 words):

A letter to the Air Pollution Control Board regarding the air pollution in your city (Give statistics and examples).

(OR)

A letter to the Editor of a Newspaper highlighting the problem of garbage in your immediate vicinity and your city.

4. Write a short essay on the following topic (within 250 words):

The Russia-Ukrainian War

(OR)

Renewable energy in India

(Continued)

(13)

LANGUAGE TEST (Odia)

Attempt all questions.

୧. (କ) ନିମ୍ନବାକ୍ୟର ଅଷ୍ଟିସୂଚ୍କ ପଦ କଂଣ ହେବ? ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ଧର୍ମ ସଂସ୍କୃତି ବିନା ଓଡ଼ିଶାକୁ କାଣିହେବ ନାହିଁ।

କ୍ଲ

ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ସରଳ ବାକ୍ୟକୁ ଯୌଗିକ ବାକ୍ୟରେ ପରିଶତ କର:

'ରମେଶ ପୁରୀ ଯାଇ ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ ଦର୍ଶନ କଲା'

(ଖ) ନିମ୍ନ ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ପବର ବିଶେଷଣ ଲେଖ। 'ମାଟି'

- (ଗ) ସହି ବିଲ୍ଲେବ କର। 'ସପ୍ତାଷ୍ଟର୍ଯ୍ୟ'
- (ଘ) ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ କି ପ୍ରକାର ସମାସ ପଦ? ୩
- (ଙ) କୂଳ ଓ କୁଳ ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରି ଦୁଇଟି ବାକ୍ୟ ଲେଖ ।
- (ଚ) ନିମ୍ନଲିଖ୍ଡ ଶବ୍ଦଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଭୁଲ୍ଥଲେ ଠିକ୍ କର : ୩ ମୟୁରଭଞ୍ଜ, ସହାନୁଭୁଡି, ଅନାବୃତ।

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(ଛ) 'ହାତେ ମାପି ଚାଖରେ ଚାଲିକା' ବୃତିପଦର ପୁକ୍ତ ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଶ?

- (ଳ) କୃଦନ୍ତ କହିଲେ କଂଶ ବୁଝାଯାଏ? ଜଦାହରଶଟିଏ ଦିଆ।
- (ଝ) ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରପତି କହିଲେ ସମତ୍ତେ ଜାତୀୟ ସଂଗୀତ ଗାଇବା ଉଡ଼ିତ୍ । — ଏ ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ବିରାମ ଚିହ୍ନ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କର । ୨
- 9. 9% ଶବ୍ଦ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଗୋଟିଏ ବିଷୟରେ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧ ଲେଖ: 09 'ତ୍ରମ ପ୍ରିୟ ଲେଖକ'

କିୟା

ଆମ ସାହିତ୍ୟରେ ବିଜ୍ଞାନର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା।

09

୩. ତୁମ ଅଞ୍ଚଳରେ ମହାମାରୀ କରୋନା ବ୍ୟାପିଛି ଏଥି ନିମନ୍ତେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ପଦକ୍ଷେପ ନେବା ପାଇଁ ଜିଲ୍ଲା ସ୍ପାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କୁ ଦରଖାଞ ଲେଖ।

କିୟା

ତ୍ମେ ଅସୁସ୍ଥ ଥିବାରୁ ୨ଦିନ ଛୁଟି ମଞ୍ଜୁର ନିମନ୍ତେ ୟୁଲର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କୁ ଦରଖାୟ ଲେଖ ।

୪. ନିମ୍ନ ପ୍ରଦର ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ କର : %

Swami Vivekananda was born to Viswanath Dutta and Bhubaneswari Devi in Calcutta on Monday, 12th January 1863. His childhood name was Narendranath Dutta. Narendra was a leading student during his school and college career. He also distinguished himself in Athletics, Music and Philosophy. He came in contact with Sri Ramakrishna, a saint and worshipper of Dakshineswari Kali, on the bank of the river Ganges. Gradually, Narendra became a disciple to his master, Sri Ramakrishna. After coming in contact with Ramakrishna, his personality underwent a big

 ନିମ୍ନଲିଖ୍ଡ ଅନୁହେବଟି ପାଠକରି ତତ୍ ସଂପୃକ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ମଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଭଇର 8×9=00

transformation.

ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀର ଏହି ଅପ୍ରାକୃତିକ ବିପଦରେ ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ଚାରିଆଡୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ଓ ସହାନୁଭୂତି ଆସି ଅଚ୍ଚାଡ଼ି ହୋଇପଡ଼ିଲା। ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ରାଚ୍ଚା ମହାରାଚ୍ଚାମାନେ ମୁକ୍ତହୟରେ ଦାନ କଲେ । କୋଠାଘର ତିଆରି କଳ୍ପନା କରାଗଲା । ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁଙ୍କ ଅନୁରୋଧରେ ବହୁ ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଆସି ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଦେଖି ଯାଉଥାନ୍ତି। ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀରେ ନୂତନ ପ୍ରଣାଳୀରେ ଆଦର୍ଶ ଶିକ୍ଷାପଦ୍ଧତି, ଛାତ୍ରାବାସ ପରିଚାଳନା, ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଗଠନ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟର ସମାଚାର ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶରେ ରଟି ଯାଇଥାଏ। ମିଷ୍ଟର ଦାସ, ବ୍ରଚ୍ଚସୁନ୍ଦର ଦାସ ଏମାର ମଠର ମହନ୍ତ ମହାରାଚ୍ଚା

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ପ୍ରକୃତି କନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ପୃଷ ପୋଷକ ଓ ପରିଦର୍ଶକ ଭାବରେ ଆସି ଇସାହ ଦେଇଥାନି। ୧୯୧୩ ଅପ୍ରେଲ ଗ୍ରୀଷ୍ମାବକାଶ ଆରଷ୍ଟର ପୂର୍ବଦିନ କନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ଉସବ, ଗୋଟିଏ ବଡ଼ ସଭା ହେଲା। ସେଥିରେ ଅନ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କ ଭିତରେ ମିଷ୍ଟର ଦାସ ଯୋଗଦେଇ ଛାତ୍ରଙ୍କୁ ଇକ୍ବୋଧନ ଛଳରେ କହିଲେ "ଏ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଧନରେ ଗଢ଼। ହେଇନାହିଁ। ରକ୍ତମାଂସ ମସ୍ତିଷରେ ଗଡ଼ା ହେଉଛି।" ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ନୀଳକଷଙ୍କୁ ମୁଁ ବହୁଦିନରୁ ଜାଣେ। ସେ ଦୃହେଁ ଏବଂ ଯେଉଁ ଗୋବାବରୀଶ, କୃପାସିନ୍ଧୁ ଆସିବେ ଏ ସମସ୍ତେକେବଳ ଏ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ସଂପୃକ୍ତ ନୁହଁତି । ପରାଧୀନ ଭାରତରୁ ଓ ଖଣ୍ଡବିଖଣ୍ଡିତ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଜାତିର ମୁକ୍ତି ସାଧନପାଇଁ ଏମାନେ ପ୍ରାଣବଳି ଦେଇଛନ୍ତି।

- (କ) କାହାର ବିପଦ ସମୟରେ ଚାରିଆଡୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ସହାନୁକୃତି ଆସି ପହଞ୍ଚିଲା?
- (ଖ) କେଉଁମାନେ ମୁକ୍ତ ହଞ୍ଚରେ ଦାନ କଲେ?
- (ଗ) ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀର କେଉଁ ବିଶେଷତ୍ୱ ପାଇଁ ଏହାର ସୁନାମ ରହିଥିଲା ?
- (ଘ) ଏ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଧନରେ ଗଢ଼ା ହେଉନାହିଁ। ରକ୍ତମାଂସ, ମସ୍ତିଷରେ ଗଢ଼ା ହେଉଛି। ଏହା କିଏ କେଉଁ ପରିସ୍ଥିତିରେ କହିଥିଲେ?
- (ଙ) କେଉଁ କେଉଁ ବିଶିଷ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିମାନେ ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ସହ ସଂପୃକ୍ତ ଥିଲେ?

