## DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

**Test Booklet Series** 

T. B. C.: VS - 1 - 2018



#### TEST BOOKLET VETERINARY ASSISTANT SURGEON

SI. No.

PAPER - I

(Veterinary Science)

Time Allowed: 21 Hours

Maximum Marks: 400

#### : INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF THE SAME SERIES ISSUED TO YOU.
- ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D, AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET USING BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK).
- You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILL UP & DARKEN ROLL NO., TEST BOOKLET / QUESTION BOOKLET SERIES IN THE ANSWER SHEET AS WELL AS FILL UP TEST BOOKLET / QUESTION BOOKLET SERIES AND SERIAL NO. AND ANSWER SHEET SERIAL NO. IN THE ATTENDANCE SHEET CAREFULLY. WRONGLY FILLED UP ANSWER SHEETS ARE LIABLE FOR REJECTION AT THE RISK OF THE CANDIDATE.
- 5. This Test Booklet contains 200 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer
- All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- After you have completed filling in all your responses (answers) on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet issued to you. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy / second page of the Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet, after completion of the examination, for your reference.

Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

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1.	Complex symmetry occurs in :	(B) Fimbriae
	(A) Bacteriophage	(C) Enzymes
	(B) TMV	OOA (D) Cilia
*	(C) Influenza virus	ATBIBBA YHANISHTEV
	(D) Pox Virus	7. CAMP test is employed for
2.	Type of lenses employed in electron	differentiation of :  (A) Staphylococcus species
	microscope :	(B) Streptococcus species
	(A) Glass	
	(B) Quartz	FIGURAGE PRINCE FATT AND THE COLUMN
	(C) Optic fiber	(D) Serratia species
	(D) Electromagnetic fields	8. One of the following is NOT a property
3.	Latency is a typical feature of:	of bacterial plasmid :
	(A) Adenoviridae	(A) Double standed
	(B) Herpesviridae	(B) Circular
	(C) Para myxoviridae	(C) Replicates autonomously
	(D) Circoviridae	(D) Essential for survival of
4.	Father of microbiology :	bacterium
	(A) Anton Von Leuwenhoek	9. Viral genome are made up of :
	(B) Edward Jenner	sus generile are made up of .
	(C) Peter Medawar	(A) RNA only
3	(D) Robert Koch	(B) DNA only
5.	Antiviral activity of interferons is	(C) Either RNA or DNA but never
	because it inhibits :	both
- 5	(A) Attachment	(D) Both RNA and DNA
	(B) Transcription	10. McFadyan reaction is employed for
21	(C) Translation	diagnosis of:
	(D) Elongation	(A) Anthrax
3.	the Britis Hastilla rousen National for the common assertion	(B) Pasteurellosis
76	One of the following is NOT a virulence factor of bacteria:	(C) Blackquarter
	(A) Capsule	(D) Viral diarrhea
AC-	- 1A/6 (2)	EG in britisher and steer report to steer or
	(2)	Contd.

- 11. The most common medium employed to grow fungi in the laboratory:
  - (A) Sabouraud agar
  - (B) Blood agar at pH5.6
  - (C) Nutrient agar at pH7.6
  - (D) Milk agar
- Type of vaccine with potential for reversion to virulence :
  - (A) Killed vaccines
  - (B) Live Vectored vaccines
  - (C) Attenuated vaccines
  - (D) Recombinant vaccines
- Bacteria that are motile without possessing external flagella :
  - (A) Vibrios
  - (B) Bacilli
  - (C) Streptococci
  - (D) Spirochetes
- 14. Unstained Leptospiral organisms can be seen diectly under this type of microscope :
  - (A) Bright field
  - (B) Fluorescent
  - (C) Dark field
  - (D) Electron
- 15. The major immunoglobulin produced during secondary immune response is:
  - (A) Ig G
  - (B) IgA

- (C) Ig D
- (D) Ig M
- Natural active immunity is acquired through:
  - (A) Colostrum
  - (B) Vaccines
  - (C) Infection
  - (D) Synthetic antigen
- 17. The source of complement for CFT is :
  - (A) Rabbit serum
  - (B) -Chicken serum
  - (C) Dog serum
  - (D) Guinea Pig Serum
- 18. One of the following is a thermo precipitation test employed if diagnosis:
  - (A) Weil Felix reaction
  - (B) Ascoli's test
  - (C) Anton's reaction
  - (D) Coomb's test
- 19. Liver fluke damage is the predisposing factor for:
  - (A) Malignant edema
  - (B) Braxy
  - (C) Gas gangrene
  - (D) Black disease
- 20. Which one of the following is considered as energy parasite?
  - (A) Rickettsia
  - (B) Mycoplasma
  - (C) Chlamydia
  - (D) Mycobacteria

21. The simple quantitative test used in	(B) 1:4 most land and
the diagnosis of Brucella abortus	The state of the s
infection in cattle :	(C) 1:6
(A) Plate agglutination test	(D) 1:12
(B) Tube agglutination test	26. In apoptosis following feature is
(C) Coomb's test	absent: (a)
(D) IHA test	(A) Chromatin condensation
22. The specific regions on antigens,	(B) Formation of cytoplasmic buds
against which immune responses	(C) Cell shrinkage dolarsys
are directed, are called:	(D) Inflammation (A)
(A) Paratopes	27. The type of leucocyte commonly
(B) Epitopes	The or reaconite commonly
(C) Idiotopes	noticed in high numbers in parasitic infections :
(D) Antitopes	tuerdisc state are significant at
23. Segmented RNA is seen in one of	(A) Eosinophil
the fallowing views	(B) Neutrophil
(A) Influenza virus	(C) Basophil Magazi (S)
(B) FMD viruses	(D) Lymphocyte
(C) IBR virus	28. The metal involved in wound healing:
(D) Newcastle Disease virus	(A) Iron Proping Libertal Ar
tol votasi grileog	can be seen diocity under this type
24. Hemorrhagic infarcts are commonly	reductionally for
seen in ;	the second second second
(A) Liver	(D) Cobalt Mediconguist (E)
(B) Kidneys	29. Grey hepatisation of lungs is
(C) Lungs	attributed to:
(D) Heart	(A) WBC infiltration in alveoli
25. Anaplastic cells show nuclear-	(B) RBC infiltration in alveoli
cytoplasmic ratio of	(C) Atelectasis
(A) 1:1	(D) Emphysoma
	(b) Emphysema

30. Type of inflammation NOT seen in the 35. Gid in sheep is caused by: brain: Setaria digitata (A) **Fibrinous** (B) Taenia echinococcus Catarrhal (B) (C) Coenurus cerebralis (C) Purulent (D) Taenia pissiformis Hemorrhagic 36. 'Panters' is secondary complication seen in: 31. In gastric diseases, the type of (A) Bluetongue anemia seen is: (B) Foot and mouth Microcytic normochromic (C) Cattle plague Macrocytic normochromic Hog cholera (C) Aplastic anemia Button ulcers in intestines and turkey 37. Normochromic megaloblastic egg appearance of kidneys are anemia pathognomonic lesions seen in: 32. White spotted kidney. is (A) Swine fever characterized by: (B) Swine pox Diffuse interstitial nephritis (C) Swine vesicular exanthema Glomerulonephritis Swine erysipelas infection (C) Embolic nephritis Langhan's type giant cells are the 38. (D) Focal interstitial nephritis characrteristics in: 33. The parasite commonly seen in dog (A) Clostridium infections heart is: Tuberculosis (B) Oncocerca armillata (C) Botryomycosis (B) Strongylus vulgaris (D) All of the above Spirocerca lupi (C) Which of the following lesions is (D) Dirofilaria immitis found in chicks infected with velogenic viscerotropic Newcastle 34. In ox urinary calculi are commonly disease virus? seen in : Haemorrhagic ulcers in small (A) Groove of ox penis intestines Sigmoid curve (B) Splenomegaly Urinary bladder Necrotic foci on liver (C) Renal pelvis Consolidation of both lungs (D)

(5)

(Turn over)

AC - 1A/6

- 40. Name the mycotoxin which is hepatotoxic:
  - (A) Ochratoxin
  - (B) Trichothecenes
  - (C) Aflatoxins
  - (D) Citrinin
- 41. Which of the following nutritional deficiency disease is associated with rancidity of poly unsaturated fatty acids?
  - (A) Rickets
  - (B) Encephalomalacia
  - (C) Curled toe paralysis
  - (D) Foot pad dermatitis
- 42. Characteristic intranuclear inclusions in tracheal epithelial cells are seen in:
  - (A) Fowl pox
- entra (B) still Thinkip agrid a'ne
  - (C) IBH
  - (D) All of these
- 43. Colisepticemia is characterized by:
  - (A) Perihepatitis
  - (B) Necrotic hepatitis
  - (C) Haemorrhagic liver
  - (D) Fatty liver
- 44. Cecal coccidiosis is caused by:
  - (A) Eimeria necatrix
  - (B) Eimeria acervulina
  - (C) Eimeria tenella
  - (D) Eimeria brunetti

- 45. Anaesthetic action of thiopentone is terminated in a few minutes due to:
  - (A) Redistribution
  - (B) First pass effect
  - (C) Excretion
  - (D) Biotransformation
- 46. In a log dose response relationship, the curve is linear at:
  - (A) 20-80 % of response
  - (B) 10-90 % of response
  - (C) 40-60 % of response
  - (D) 45-55 % of response
- Insulin receptors are categorized as:
  - (A) Type III receptors
  - (B) Type IV receptors
  - (C) Type I receptors
  - (D) Type II receptors
- 48. A muscarinic antagonist (M2) that is used as a patch behind the ear for controlling chemoreceptor trigger zone mediated vomiting is:
  - (A) Apomorphine
  - (B) Scopolamine
  - (C) Prochlorperazine
  - (D) Ondansetron
- 49. The receptors present in the skeletal muscle end plate are :
  - (A) Nm receptors
  - (B) Nn receptors
  - (C) M1 receptors
  - (D) M2 receptors

50. One of the following is a potassium The determinants of bioavailability sparing diuretic: (A) Mannitol (A) Rheological parameters of blood (B) Clorthiazide (B) Amount of a substance Amiloride obtained orally and quantity of Caffeine (D) intakes 51. Action of growth hormone is Extent of absorption and (C) mediated by: hepatic first-pass effect (A) Somatomedins Glomerular filtration rate (B) Somatostatins What is the characteristic of the (C) Cyclic GMP intramuscular route of drug administration? Phospholipase C (A) Only water solutions can be An antidote for heparin over dosage injected is: (B) Oily solutions can be injected Warfarin (A) Opportunity of hypertonic (B) Protamine solution injections (C) Pindone (D) The action develops slower. (D) Atropine than by oral administration One of the following is used for the 53. One of the following is oral treatment of fasciolosis: hypoglycaemic agent: (A) Lipid soluble (A) Insulin (B) Water soluble Gliclazide (B) (C) Low molecular weight (C) Carbimazole (D) High molecular weight (D) Prednisolone 58. Primary stain used in Gram's stain 54. One of the following is selective β1 blocker: (A) Triclabendazole (A) Isoproterenol (B) Praziquantel

(B)

(C)

(D)

Propranolol

Prazosin

Atenolol

(C)

(D)

Pyrantel

Levamisole

- 59. The glucocorticoid-induced protein that targets phospholipase A2 is :
  - (A) Calmodulin
  - (B) Mx protein
  - (C) Phospholamban
  - (D) Annexin 1
- 60. The central neurotransmitter that is responsible for the short term memory:
  - (A) Acetylcholine
  - (B) Dopamine
  - (C) Nitric oxide
  - (D) 5-HT
- 61. The period between the time of infection of the host and onset of clinical symptoms is called:
  - (A) Prepatent period
  - (B) Biological incubation period
  - (C) Patent period
  - (D) Incubation period
- 62. The nematode egg that transmits "Black head diseases" in turkeys:
  - (A) Ascaridia galli
  - (B) Gongylonema ingluvicola
  - (C) Heterakis gallinarum
  - (D) Syngamus trachea
- 63. Faecal egg count method is done by:
  - (A) Harada Mori method
  - (B) Faecal culture
  - (C) McMaster method
  - (D) Willis technique

- 64. The following is called as stable fly:
  - (A) Tabanus striatus
  - (B) Stomoxys calcitrans
  - (C) Haematopota chrysops
  - (D) Musca autumnalis
- 65. Sebacious adenitis/Acne is due to:
  - (A) Psorptic mange
  - (B) Sarcoptic mange
  - (C) Demodectic mange
  - (D) Notodectic mange
- 66. Culicoides austeni act as vector for :
  - (A) Yellow fever virus
  - (B) Dengue fever virus
  - (C) Bluetongue virus
  - (D) Rift-valley fever virus
- 67. Classical vector for Theileria annulata is:
  - (A) Boophilus annulatus
  - (B) Rhipicephalus appendiculatus
  - (C) Hyalomma anatolicum
  - (D) Amblyoma intergrum
- 68. Hodge's garbage trap is employed to catch:
  - (A) Stomoxys sp.
  - (B) Tabanus sp.
  - (C) Musca sp.
  - (D) Haematobia sp.

69.	Koc	h's blue bodies are :		Non	(B)	Ascardia galli
	(A)	Sporozoites			(C)	Prosthagonimus ovatus
	(B)	Oocystes (A)			(D)	Subulura brumpti
	(C)	Macrogametes		75.	Neu	rocysticerocis is due to:
	(D)	Macroschizonts			(A)	Eating salads
70.	Red	water disease is synonym for			(B)	Eating uncooked pork
hercin	(A)	Theileriosis	6		(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(B)	Babesiosis Engineers			(D)	Eating uncooked beef
	(C)	Anaplasmosis		76.	Drug	g of choice for snoring disease
		Toxoplasmosis			in bu	ullock is:
	(D)	Toxopiasmosis			(A)	Anthiomaline
71.	Ama	astigote state is present in :			(B)	Albendazole
	(A)	Trypanosoma evansi		bean	(C)	Ivermectin
	(B)	Trypanosoma equiperdum			(D)	Fenbendazole
	(C)	Trypanosoma equinum		77.	Self	cure phenomenon is seen in :
	(D)	Leishmania donovani			(A)	Ostertagia ostertagi
72.	The	laboratory reagent used for	or		(B)	Hemonchus contortus
		rulation of Eimeria species is :			(C)	Nematodirus spathiger
	(A)	1% K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			(D)	Trichostrongylus axei
	(B)	2% K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		78.	The	fertile life of spermatozoa is
	(C)	2.5% K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			long	est in : Report to the second
	(D)	10%1% K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			(A)	Cervix
73.	Malt	ese cross is seen in :			(B)	Vagina
70.	(A)	Babesia bigemina			(C)	Uterus (All Parallel
	(B)	5 1 1 1 1			(D)	Fallopian tube
	(C)	Babesia cabali Babesia bovis		79.	U.G. WALL	prognosis for rare leg structural
					unsc	oundness in bulls is :
	(D)	Babesia equi			(A)	Good
74.	Para	asite which causes production of	of		(B)	Fair (48)
	abno	ormal eggs in poultry is :			(C)	Poor
	(A)	Raillietina tetragona			(D)	Questionable
AC-	- 1A/6	3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	(9)			(Turn over)
						A-2000
						"Secretary"

80.	Bulbo urethral gland is developed from:	85. Twinning is common cause of abortion in:
7	(A) Genital tubercle	(A) Cow
	(B) Urogenital sinus	(B) Ewe
	(C) Genital fold	(C) Mare
	(D) Genital swelling	(D) Doe
81.	Neighing is observed in :	86. The test used for diagnosis of tubal
	(A) Bull	(A) Rubin's insufflation test
	(B) Ram	(P) Cubonitest
	(C) Stallion	(C) A-Z test
	(D) Boar	(D) Rabbit test
82.	Cowper's glands are well developed	87. Posterior presentation is more
	in: (A) Bulls	common in:
		(A) Sow
	(B) Dogs	(B) Cow
	(C) Boars	(C) Doe
	(D) Stallion	(D) Mare
83.	The volume of semen ejaculate in stallion is:	88. Ventral deviation of head is called:
	(A) 5 to 6 ml	(A) Breach presentation (B) Vertex presentation
	(B) 8 to 9 ml	
	(C) 15 to 30 ml	(C) Dog sitting posture (D) Transverse presentation
	(D) 60 to 100 ml	the south the first state of south and the first state of
84.	Seminal plasma is slightly alkaline in :	89. Ideal frequency of semen collection from bulls is:
	(A) Bore	(A) Once in a week
	(B) Bull	(B) Twice in a week
	(C) Ram	(C) Thrice in a week
	(D) Buck	(D) Four times a week
AC	- 1A/6 ( *	10) Contd.

	attai	inment of puberty in Ewes is:		obse	erved in bitches affected with:
	(A)	8-12		(A)	Endometritis
	(B)	20		(B)	Vaginitis
	(C)	22		(C)	Pyometra
	(D)	6 410002-0000 (0)		(D)	Cervicitis
91.	Opti	mum breeding age in cows is	96.		dose of natural $PGF_2 \alpha$ in the ment of pyometra in bitches is :
	(A)	10-12 months		(A)	1 mg / kg. body weight
	(B)	14-22 months		(B)	2 mg / kg. body weight
	(C)	30 months		(C)	100 micrograms / kg. body
	(D)	32 months			weight
92.	Win	king of clitoris is observed in :		(D)	None of these
	(A)	Sow	97.	The	number of graafian follicles in
	(B)	Cow		cow	s during estrum is:
	(C)	Mares		(A)	One
	(D)	Ewes		(B)	Two
93.		py, rough, nodular surface of	of British	(C)	Three
93.		nal mucosa is observed in cow		(D)	Four
		cted with :	98.	The	average number of follicular
	(A)	Trichomoniasis		wav	es in cows are :
	(B)	Vibriosis (A)		(A)	One
	(C)			(B)	Two
	(D)	Leptospirosis		(C)	Three
	-	Healest Berlin, (14)		(D)	Six
94.	Pos	t coital pyometra is observed in	99.	The	ca cells are stimulated by:
	(A)	Trichomoniasis		(A)	FSH
	(B)	Vibriosis		(B)	LH COME HJ
	(C)	Brucellosis		(C)	Estradiol
	(D)	None of these		(D)	Prolactin (19)
AC ·	– 1A/	6	(11)		(Turn over)

95. Leucocytosis with shift to left is

90. The average age (months) of

- 100. The time of ovulation in cows is:
  - (A) 6 to 10 hours after the end of estrum
  - (B) 12 to 14 hours after the end of estrum
  - (C) 6 to 10 hours before the end of estrum
  - (D) 12 to 14 hours before the end of estrum
- 101. The flushing medium used for embryo collection is:
  - (A) TCM 199
  - (B) Normal saline
  - (C) Dulbecco's phosphate buffer saline
  - (D) None of these
- 102. In embryo transfer technology, the embryos are collected after (in days) artificial insemination :
  - (A) 2-3 days
  - (B) 4-5 days
  - (C) 6-8 days
  - (D) 10-12 days
- 103. Hermophroditism is common in:
  - (A) Mares
  - (B) Cows
  - (C) Goats
  - (D) Bitches

- 104. The dose of LH for treating the cow affected with follicular cyst is:
  - (A) 1000 IU
  - (B) 1500 IU
  - (C) 2000-3000 IU
  - (D) 3000-5000 IU
- 105. Silent estrum is commonly observed in :
  - (A) Cows
  - (B) Buffaloes
  - (C) Mares
  - (D) Bitches
- 106. The hormone responsible for preparing the uterine mucosa for implantation is:
  - (A) FSH
  - (B) LH
  - (C) Progesterone
  - (D) Estogen
- 107. One of the following is NOT a estrus detection aid :
  - (A) Teaser animal
  - (B) Ferguson's reflex
  - (C) Standing reflux
  - (D) Visual observation
- 108. Eutocia is:
  - (A) Normal parturition
  - (B) Difficulty in parturition
  - (C) Abortion
  - (D) Embryonic mortality

- 109. The type of placenta in cattle is:
  - (A) Zonary type
  - (B) Discoid type
  - (C) Diffused type
  - (D) Cotyledonary type
- 110. In cattle, high milk yielders suffer from the following disease due to parathyroid insufficiency:
  - (A) Ketosis
  - (B) Parturient paresis
  - (C) Lactation Tetany
  - (D) Eclampsia
- 111. The drug preferred in the treatment of immature amphistomiasis is:
  - (A) Praziquantel
  - (B) Albendazole
  - (C) Oxyclozanide
  - (D) Rafoxanide
- 112. After the death of animal, blood oozing out from natural orifices is a pathognomic sign of the following disease:
  - (A) Tetanus
  - (B) Enterotoxaemia
  - (C) Anthrax
  - (D) Bluetongue
- 113. Dehydration can be assessed clinically in animals by:
  - (A) Packed cell volume
  - (B) Skin fold test

- (C) Total serum solids
- (D) Erythrocyte count
- 114. The disease state compounded of toxemia, hyperthermia and presence of large number of infectious micro organisms in the blood stream is:
  - (A) Fever
  - (B) Bacteremia
  - (C) Toxemia
  - (D) Septicemia
- 115. Sign of recurrent tympany and gruel like faces in cattle is seen in the following ruminal dysfunction:
  - (A) Acid Indigestion
  - (B) Alkaline Indigestion
  - (C) Vagal Indigestion
  - (D) Non-penetrating foreign body syndrome
- 116. Drug of choice in goat suffering with acid indigestion is:
  - (A) Sodium bicarbonate
  - (B) Sodium chloride
  - (C) Sodium sulfate
  - (D) Magnesium sulphate
- 117. Grunting in cattle, which is usually expiratory is due to :
  - (A) Acute local peritonitis
  - (B) Chronic local peritonitis
  - (C) Acute diffuse peritonitis
  - (D) Traumatic pericarditis

118.		major clinical finding of	123.		talopia and xeropthalmia seen in o-vitaminosis A is due to :
	1	umonia in early state is :		(A)	Regeneration of visual purple
	(A)	Polypnea		(B)	Degeneration of visual purple
	(B)	Dyspnea		(C)	Increased CSF pressure
	(C) (D)	Fever Abnormal Lung Sounds		(D)	Atropy of epithelial cells
119.	The	rapy of choice in broncho- umonia of cattle is :	124.	hyp weig	therapeutic dose of vitamin A in ovitaminosis A (per kg body ght) is:
	(B)	Respiratory stimulants		(A)	40 IU degrad (N)
		Bronchodilators		(B)	44 IU
	(C)	Antella Medicina water City		(C)	400 IU
	(D)	Antibiotics		(D)	440 IU
120.		sided abdomen is seen in cattle ering with :	125.		drug of choice in cattle suffering postpartum haemoglobinuria is:
	(A)	Left abomasal displacement		(A)	Calcium borogluconate
	(B)	Right abomasal displacement		(B)	Magnesium sulphate
who	(C)	Anterior abomasal displace-		(C)	Sodium acid phosphate
		ment		(D)	Copper sulphate
	(D)	Vagal indigestion	126.	Pete	echial haemorrhages of mucous
121.	Exc	ess molybdenum in diet of cattle ses :			mbranes is a common finding n in cattle suffering from :
	(A)	Bronchitis		(A)	Haemorrhagic septicemia
	(B)	Gastritis		(B)	Anaplasmosis
	(C)	Rhinitis		(C)	Trypanosomiasis
	(D)	Enteritis		(D)	Babesiosis
122	an e	ose the mineral deficiency that	127.	Intra	avascular hemolysis of RBC is a

causes chronic inappetance in cattle:

(B) Cobalt (B) Trypanosomiasis

(C) Anaplasmosis

common finding in :

(D) All the above

(C) Zinc

(D) Iron

128.		of choice for tapeworm infesta-		One of the following is an example of wormian (sutural) bones:		
		in sheep is : (6)	807		Inter frontale	
	(A)	Albendazole		(A)		
	(B)	Praziquantel A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		(B)		
	(C)	Levamisole Man (A)		(C)	Inter chondral	
	(D)	Rafoxanide		(D)	Sphenoid	
129.	Drug	g of choice for theileriosis in	134.	Acro	omion process is at the level of	
	cros	sbred cows is :		glen	oid cavity in the scapula of:	
	(A)	Oxytetracyclin		(A)	Ox	
100.0	(B)	Quinapyramine sulphate		(B)	Sheep	
	(C)	Diaminazine aceturate		(C)	Horse	
	(D)	Buparvaquone		(D)	Dog	
130.		mals that are considered	135.		one which develops in a tendon	
		stant to tuberculosis are :	ehta		muscle is called as :	
	(A)	Cattle		(A)	Os cardis	
	(B)	Goat		(B)	Sesamoid	
	(C)	Pig and past (ii)		(C)	Sutural	
	(D)	Sheep Sheep (0)		(D)	Splint	
131.	Aca	rodermatitis in animals is caused	136.	The	following large metatarsal bone	
	by:	tkil (excurent faringes) axt		of horse is called as 'Canon' bone:		
	(A)	Ascaris		(A)	1 <sup>st</sup>	
	(B)	Ticks and Mites		(B)	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
	(C)	Bacteria		(C)	3 <sup>rd</sup>	
	(D)	Fungi (C)		(D)	4 <sup>th</sup>	
132.	Pup	s affected with canine parvo virus	137.	Cos	tal facets are located on the	
	die d	due to:	muni	follo	wing vertebra(e):	
	(A)	Dehydration	Acut	(A)	Atlas	
	(B)	Dehydration and Enteritis		(B)	5 <sup>th</sup> cervical	
	(C)	Dehydration and gastritis		(C)	1 <sup>st</sup> to 13 <sup>th</sup> dorsal	
	(D)	Dehydration and myocarditis		(D)	Lumbar	
AC-	- 1A/	6 (1	5)		(Turn over)	

138.	'Keel' is a prominent				bony			
	promine	ence	in	the	sternum	of the		
	following animal:							

- (A) Fowl
- (B) Sheep
- (C) Horse
- (D) Ox
- 139. The following muscle replaces 'ventral longitudinal ligament' in 'neck' region:
  - (A) Longus coli
  - (B) Longissimus dorsi
  - (C) Serratus ventralis
  - (D) Complexus
- 140. Large quadrilateral shaped muscle of the hip and thigh is:
  - (A) Quadriceps femoris
  - (B) Biceps brachii
  - (C) Sartorius
  - (D) Biceps femoris
- 141. The apex of heart is located entirely in:
  - (A) Right atrium
  - (B) Left atrium
  - (C) Right ventricle
  - (D) Left ventricle
- 142. 'Circle of Willis' is formed from branches of emergent arteries which arise from:
  - (A) Internal maxillary
  - (B) Rete mirabile cerebri

- (C) Cerebral
- (D) Cerebellar
- 143. Femoral artery gives the following branch in femoral canal:
  - (A) Tibial
  - (B) Popliteal
  - (C) Deep femoral
  - (D) Saphenous
- 144. The nerve which supplies gustatory fibres to posterior 1/3 of tongue is :
  - (A) VII cranial
  - (B) IX cranial
  - (C) X cranial
- (D) XII cranial distributed (D)
- 145. Large venous trunk which drains blood from stomach and intestines is:
  - (A) Portal
  - (B) Iliac
  - (C) Gastric
  - (D) Post mesenteric
- 146. Recurrent laryngeal nerve is the branch of this cranial nerve:
  - (A) XII
  - (B) X
  - (C) IX
  - (D) XI
- 147. Part of intestine which is 'festoon' like in appearance:
  - (A) Duodenum
  - (B) Jejunum
  - (C) Caecum
  - (D) Colon

148.	Com	plete tracheal rings are seen in	153	Lens of eye develops from the			
	(A)	Sheep		follo	wing germ layer:		
	(B)	Fowl		(A)	Neural ectoderm		
	(C)	Goat		(B)	Facial ectoderm		
	(D)	Dog		(C)	Endoderm		
140	'Ara	a cribrosa' is a feature seen ir		(D)	Mesoderm		
51.		idney of the following animal:		The	following structure develops into		
	(A)	into by		verte	ebra:		
	(B)	Horse		(A)	Myotome		
	(C)		- 56	(B)	Nephrotome		
	(D)	Dog Control (a)		(C)	Sclerortome		
	(25)	Fowl.		(D)	Darmatome		
150.	The	accessory sex gland present in ls:	155		cells which produce bile in liver		
	(A)	Zygomatic		-	called as :		
	(B)	Seminal vesicles		(A)	Hepatoblasts		
	(C)	Prostate		(B)	Steatoblasts		
	(D)	Cowper's		(C)	Odontoblasts		
AFA				(D)	Kupffer cells		
151.	1200	noid flexure of the penis is 'pos tal' in one of the following :	156	1103	Supporting cells of semniferous tubules are called as:		
	(A)	Bull (3)	200	(A)	Sertoli		
	(B)	Stallion		(B)	Kupffer		
	(C)	Dog 1930 Gueron (C)		(C)	Betz		
	(D)	Boar		(D)	Stave		
152.	Ovary is in the form of a cluster of spherical shapes (grapes) in :		f 157		of the following is NOT correct ut atropine sulphate actions:		
	(A)	Hen Maria (A)		(A)	Reduces Salivation		
	(B)	Cock		(B)	Reduces Bronchial Secretions		
	(C)	Rabbit		(C)	Reduces Heart Rate		
	(D)	Sow win present (41)		(D)	Reduces intestinal motility		
AC -	- 1A/	6	(17)		(Turn over)		

- 158. Diffusion Hypoxia may be associated with the use of:
  - (A) Halothane
  - (B) Isoflurane
  - (C) Nitrous Oxide
  - (D) Any inhalation anaesthetic
- 159. Xylazine causes bradycardia and II degree AV Block. This can be prevented by premedication with:
  - (A) Yohimbine
  - (B) Diazepam
  - (C) Atropine
  - (D) Ketamine
- 160. A wound with irregular torn edges is termed as:
  - (A) Lacerated Wound
  - (B) Penetrating Wound
  - (C) Perforating Wound
  - (D) Gun Shot Wound
- 161. The lower chain fatty acids present in milk has inhibitory effect on these bacteria:
  - (A) Clostridium sp.
  - (B) Lactobacillus sp.
  - (C) Bacillus sp.
  - (D) Bifidobacterium sp.
- 162. Dry Gangene affects:
  - (A) Intestines
  - (B) Extremities
  - (C) Muscles
  - (D) Lungs

- 163. A double row of Lembert sutures is called :
  - (A) Cushing Suture
  - (B) Czerny Sutures
  - (C) Connel Sutures
  - (D) Reinforced Sutures
- 164. Persistent vomiting causes:
  - (A) Simple Dehydration
  - (B) Severe Dehydration
  - (C) Dehydration with Acidosis
  - (D) Dehydration with Alkalosis
- 165. The speed of a local anaesthetic solution in tissues can be safely increased by:
  - (A) Addition of Hyaluronidase enzyme to the local anaesthetic solution
  - (B) Addition of Adrenaline to the local anaesthetic solution
  - (C) Addition of Atropine sulphate to the local anaesthetic solution
  - (D) Increasing the concentration of the local anaesthetic solution
- 166. Vesicle formation is seen in this kind of burn injuries :
  - (A) First degree
  - (B) Second degree
  - (C) Third degree
  - (D) Charring

- 167. Pentobarbitone sodium is a:
  - (A) Ultrashort acting barbiturate
  - (B) Short acting barbiturate
  - (C) Medium acting barbiturate
  - (D) Long acting barbiturate
- 168. Pentazocine is a:
  - (A) Non-narcotic analgesic
  - (B) Narcotic analgesic
  - (C) Sedative
  - (D) Anaesthetic
- 169. Escape of blood from the blood vessels is termed as:
  - (A) Hematoma
  - (B) Hemorrhage
  - (C) Hemangioma
  - (D) Purpura
- 170. The upper lip and external nares on the corresponding side are desensitized by:
  - (A) Supra Orbital Nerve Block
  - (B) Infra Orbital Nerve Block
  - (C) Local Infiltration
  - (D) Mandibular Nerve Block
- 171. A drug induced state of deep sleep accompanied by analgesia is termed as:
  - (A) Hypnosis
  - (B) Narcosis
  - (C) Genetal anaesthesia
  - (D) Sedation

- 172. Dentigerous cyst is seen in the horses in:
  - (A) Oral Cavity
  - (B) Pharynx
  - (C) Temporal Region
  - (D) Mandibular Region
- 173. Extra chromic cat gut gets absorbed in approximately:
  - (A) 10 days
  - (B) 15 days
  - (C) 20 days
  - (D) 40 days
- 174. A fracture accompanied by a break in the continuity of the skin is termed as:
  - (A) Simple fracture
  - (B) Compound fracture
  - (C) Complicated fracture
  - (D) Double fracture
- 175. The site of injection for cranial epidural analgesia is:
  - (A) Sacro-coccygeal space
  - (B) I and II Intercoccygeal space
  - (C) Lumbo-sacral space
  - (D) Intervertebral foramen
- 176. For topical anaesthesia of cornea, lignocaine is instilled into the eye at a concentration of:
  - (A) 1%
  - (B) 2%
  - (C) 3%
  - (D) 4%

- 177. Forecast regarding the chances of recovery from a disease is termed as: (A) Diagnosis (B) **Differential Diagnosis** (C) **Prognosis** Sequela (D)
- 178. The filament in cathode of X-ray tube is made up of tungsten. Focal spot in anode is made up of:
  - Tungsten (A)
  - (B) Lead
  - (C) Copper
  - (D) Molybdenum
- 179. Morphine is contraindicated in:
  - Felines
  - (B) Canines
  - Caprines (C)
  - All animal species
- 180. Hematosalpinx means bleeding into:
  - Fallopian Tube (A)
  - (B) Uterus
  - Horns of the Uterus
  - Cervix (D)
- 181. A linear accelerator machine is required to perform:
  - (A) Ultrasonography
  - (B) Radiography
  - (C) Radiotherapy
  - **Nuclear Scintigraphy** (D)

- 182. Trichiasis is abnormal deviation of the:
  - (A) Eye lid
  - (B) Eye lash
  - (C) Eye ball
  - (D) Pupil
- 183. Operation performed for chronic otitis externa:
  - Operation for Haematoma (A)
  - (B) Otoplasty
  - (C) Zepp's Operation
  - (D) **Ear Cropping**
- 184. A gamma camera is required to perform this diagnositic procedure:
  - (A) Ultrasonography
  - Radiography (B)
  - Physiotherapy (C)
  - (D) **Nuclear Scintigraphy**
- 185. Atropine sulphate as a premedicant in dogs is used at the dose rate of:
  - (A) 0.02 mg / kg bw
  - (B) 0.2 mg / kg bw
  - (C) 2 mg / kg bw
  - 20 mg / dog (D)
- 186. Drawer sign in dogs is associated with the disease of:
  - (A) Elbow joint
  - (B) Carpal joint
  - (C) Hip joint
  - (D) Stifle joint

- 187. Buttress foot is seen as a sequelae of:
  - (A) Pyramidal disease
  - (B) Navicular disease
  - (C) Laminitis
  - (D) Monday Morning disease
- 188. Exostosis of Phalanges is called:
  - (A) Ring bone
  - (B) Bobba bone
  - (C) Side bone
  - (D) Splint bone
- 189. Ossification of the lateral cartilage in horses is termed as:
  - (A) Ring bone
  - (B) Bobba bone
  - (C) Side bone
  - (D) Splint bone
- 190. Haematoma means:
  - (A) Collection of blood in a body cavity
  - (B) Collection of blood in an abnormal cavity
  - (C) Formation of Pus in an abnormal cavity
  - (D) Spontaneous Bleeding
- 191. The standards provided by BIS for milk and milk products are :
  - (A) Optional
  - (B) Mandatory
  - (C) Safety levels
  - (D) Academic

- 192. As per BIS standards, the SPC counts of pasteurised milk (per ml) :
  - (A) 10000
  - (B) 40000
  - (C) 30000
  - (D) 35000
- 193. The pathogenic organisms that contaminate milk from milkers and milk handlers:
  - (A) S. agalactiae
  - (B) S. aureus
  - (C) Bacillus sp.
  - (D) Micrococci
- 194. Microbial inhibitor used in detergent solution for cleaning of aluminium surfaces:
  - (A) Sodium sulphate
  - (B) Sodium metasilicate
  - (C) Sodium hydroxide
  - (D) Sodium carbonate
- 195. During decomposition of meat, a pronounced repulsive odour and an alkaline reaction takes place due to liberation of:
  - (A) CO<sub>2</sub>
  - (B) NH<sub>3</sub>
  - (C) H<sub>2</sub>S
  - (D) CH<sub>4</sub>

196.	Cap	tive bolt	system of	stunning is	500	(B)	SO,		
	less	effective	in:	mion		(C)	H <sub>2</sub> S		
	(A)	Cattle		(A)	-	(D)	CO		
	(B) (C)	Sheep Pigs		(3)	199.		microorganism con		
	(D)	Goats		(5)		in th	e preparation of bio Bacillus subtilis	pestic	ide :
197.		eptible t	als that <b>a</b> o transporta			(B) (C)	B. thuringiensis B. cereus	Hoxel F (A) F (B)	
	(A)	Cattle		alim /		(D)	B. stearothermopi	nilus	
	(B) (C)	Sheep Pig	Sustant 2		200.		chemical used for re polite :	egene	ration
	(D)	Goat		(0)		(A)	NaCl	agrad	
			on surround	ing electric		(B)	Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		
	powe	er plant is	due to:	mar yer		(Ċ)	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>		
	(A)	CO <sub>2</sub>		fulasia y		(D)	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>		54.7
			000	abus. J					
			mo mundiz	N 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			Opileation of blood obvib		
		- A**	American Market	(a) :		i ba	eld to hollowidd		
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## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



### Test Booklet Series

# A

#### **TEST BOOKLET**

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

VETERINARY ASSISTANT SURGEON SI. No.

PAPER - II

(Animal Science)

Time Allowed : 21 Hours

Maximum Marks: 400

#### : INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF THE SAME SERIES ISSUED TO YOU.
- ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D, AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET USING BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK).
- 4. YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILL UP & DARKEN ROLL NO., TEST BOOKLET / QUESTION BOOKLET IN THE ANSWER SHEET AS WELL AS FILL UP TEST BOOKLET / QUESTION BOOKLET SERIES AND SERIAL NO. AND ANSWER SHEET SERIAL NO. IN THE ATTENDANCE SHEET CAREFULLY. WRONGLY FILLED UP ANSWER SHEETS ARE LIABLE FOR REJECTION AT THE RISK OF THE CANDIDATE.
- 5. This Test Booklet contains 200 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
- All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your total
  marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in
  the Answer Sheet.
- Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- 9. After you have completed filling in all your responses (answers) on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet issued to you. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy / second page of the Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet, after completion of the examination, for your reference.

10. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

1.	· Pul	llet is female of :	6.	- In	idealistic population the family
	(A)	Turkey		sel	ection cannot be better than the
	(B)	Duck		ind	ividual selection if the:
	(C)	Chicken		(A)	Heritability is low
	(D)	Quail	da Ya	(B)	Selection intensity is high
2.	Per of:	rosis is caused due to deficiency		(C)	Heritability of family is larger than the individual basis
1000	(A)	Calcium		(D)	None of the above
	(B)	Phosphorus	7.	Rar	nikhet vaccination can be done by
	(C)	Manganese			following route:
Second 1	(D)	Iron		(A)	Intra muscular
3.		erage egg weight (g) of quail is		(B)	Intra peritoneal
		ch of the following:		(C)	Subcutaneous
	(A)	10 enw 10s		(D)	All of the above
erer e	(B)	15	8.	Rar	nk of India in egg production is :
	(C)	20		(A)	8 <sup>th</sup>
RET H	(D)	25		(B)	6 <sup>th</sup>
4.	The	main source of energy of the	A TUY	(C)	5 <sup>th</sup>
uož v		eloping embryo drives during last	n gartes	(D)	4th
rigye ( Capyto estelan		se of development is from which e following:	9.		albumin is secreted by:
	(A)	Yolk sac		(A)	Infundibulum
9500	(B)	Carbohydrate		(B)	Magnum
HEAT.	(C)	Fat		(C)	Isthmus
	(D)	All of the above		(D)	Uterus
5.	Maiz	re is deficient in the following	10.		inizing Hormone (LH) from the rior pituitary causes:
in the		no acids :		(A)	Release of a mature yolk
	(A)	Methionine and lysine		(B)	Oviduct to develop
what	(B)	Methionine and Arginine		(C)	Increase in blood calcium
	(C)	Lysine and Arginine		(D)	Normal laying and secretion of
	(D)	Lysine and Tryptophan			albumen
AC	- 2A/1	6 (2	2)		Contd.

- 11. The thyroid hormones affects:
  - (A) Metabolic rate of the bird
  - (B) Feather growth and colour
  - (C) All of the above
  - (D) None of the above
- 12. The tendem method of selection is preferred over independent culling level if:
  - (A) Genetic correlations between traits are desirable
  - (B) Phenotypic correlations between traits are positive
  - (C) No correlations between the traits
  - (D) None of the above
- 13. Family selection of the method of choice for traits with :
  - (A) Low heritability
  - (B) High heritability
  - (C) Expression in one sex only
  - (D) Large families
- 14. Proof that genetic variance exists at the stage of selection limit:
  - (a) If there is response to reserve selection
  - (B) If the population mean remains constant
  - (C) Heritability remains constant
  - (D) Reduction in phenotypic variance

- 15. Which is not the characteristic of the lines choosen for reciprocal recurrent selection?
  - (A) Differ in gene frequency
  - (B) High level of performance
  - (C) Inbreed
  - (D) Good combining ability
- 16. The superiority of a selection index in multi-trait selection largely depends upon the accuracy of estimation of:
  - (A) Heritability of the trait
  - (B) Relative weights of the traits
  - (C) Genetic and phenotypic variance and covariance
  - (D) Repeatability of the traits
- 17. The effective number of parents under pedigreed random breeding control population will be:
  - (A) 1/Ne = 1/4 M + 1/4 F
  - (B) 1/Ne = 3/16 M + 1/16 F
  - (C) 1/Ne = 3/32 M + 1/32 F
  - (D) 1/Ne = 3/32 M + 1/32 F
- 18. The goal of the selection can be defined under:
  - (A) Artificial selection
  - (B) Natural selection
  - (C) Both artificial and the natural selection
  - (D) None of the above

	(a) Raffinose		(A)	Lecithines
	(B) Dextrins		(B)	Cephalines
	(C) Inulin	. 7	(C)	Triolein
	(D) Cellulose		(D)	Steroides
20.	In birds the main end product protein metabolism are:  (A) Uric acid	of 25.	nitr	ich is the main non-protein ogenous components of seem herbage?
	(B) Allatoin		(A)	Ammonia Nitrogen
	a digital and a second second second		(B)	Amide Nitrogen
			(C)	Amino Nitrogen
	(D) Nitrate nitrogen		(D)	Nitrate Nitrogen
21.	Which is not classified as Ba amino acid?	sic 26.		ch of the following is essential in rention of perosis in chicks ?
	(A) Arginine		(A)	Choline
	(B) Valine		(B)	Biotin
	(C) Histidine		(C)	Folic acid
	(D) Lysine		(D)	Pantothenic acid
22.	Which one of the following is no saturated fatty acid?  (A) Palmitic acid	ta 27.	secr	was the first to unravel the et of biological reproduction and dity?
			(A)	Charles Darwin
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T		(B)	Thomas Hunt Morgan
	(C) Stearic acid (D) Arachidonic acid		(C) (D)	John Gregor Mendel  James D. Watson
23.	Which of the following was also considered lately as an essent mineral?	ial 28.	The	mahogany and red colors in represent a good example to
	(A) Zinc	S'Value	(A)	Sex-influenced inheritance
	(B) Cobalt	4	(B)	Sex-limited inheritance
	(C) Selenium		(C)	Sex-linked inheritance
	(D) Chromium	Siting		None of these
	No.		(D)	None of these
AC -	· 2A/16	(4)		Contd.

24. Which is non-glycerol based lipid?

19. Which one is not polysaccharides?

29. The first case of mutation was	(C) Reciprocal Recurrent Selection
discovered in :	(D) All of these
<ul><li>(A) Drosophila</li><li>(B) Garden pea</li><li>(C) Male lamb</li></ul>	34. Manifold effects of a gene refer to :  (A) Penetrance  (B) Expressivity
(D) Neurospora	(C) Pleiotropy
30. Recurrent selection is practised to utilize:  (A) Dominant deviation  (B) Additive variance  (C) Non- additive variance  (D) Environmental variation  31. Selection is effective for those traits which are governed by:  (A) Additive genes  (B) Dominant genes  (C) Epistatic genes  (D) All of the above	(D) Epistasis  to the phenomenon of inbreeding depression is its opposite, 'hybrid vigour' or 'heterosis'.  (A) Complementary  (B) Supplementary  (C) Additive  (D) Multiplicative  36. The magnitude of inbreeding coefficient of close inbreeding under full-sib mating reaches 0.500 aftergeneration.
<ul> <li>32. Sib selection in cattle is recommended for: <ul> <li>(A) Sex-linked trait</li> <li>(B) Sex-limited trait</li> <li>(C) Sex-influenced trait</li> <li>(D) None of the above</li> </ul> </li> <li>33. The epistasis type of gene action is important for growth rate in poultry. Therefore, the type of selection practices is:</li> </ul>	(B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5  37. In a statistical hypothesis testing experiment, what type of error is committed by rejecting the null hypothesis when it is true: (A) Type-I (B) Type-II
(A) Recurrent Selection	(C) Type – I and Type – II  (D) None of the above
(B) Pedigree Selection	(D) None of the above (Turn over)
AC - 2A/16	(5) (Tullfover)

38.	Which of the following has maximum	43.	White	ch of the following animal has		
00.	chromosome number?	10.		imum pulse rate?		
	(A) Pig		(A)	Horse Manager (A)		
	(B) Horse	#1) 2014	(B)	Cattle		
	(C) Camel		(C)	Pig (O)		
	(D) Dog		(D)	Dog		
39.	Meat of buffalo is known as :	44.	One	ml of ejaculate of bull has how		
	(A) Beef		man	y million of sperms?		
	(B) Carabeef		(A)	1100		
	(C) Mutton		(B)	1300		
	(D) Chevon		(C)	1500		
	(A) Complementary		(D)	1800		
40.	Which animal contribute maximum to	45.	Siler	nt heat occurs in cow (in days)		
	the milk production of India?		postpartum:			
	(A) Goat		(A)	10 – 13		
	(B) Buffalo		(B)	13 – 15		
aobn	(C) Cow	ů.	(C)	15 – 18		
	(D) Sheep		(D)	60		
41.	Gestation period of cow and buffalo respectively (in days) are :	46.	18 W. P. C. L. T. S. L.	of sexual maturity in cattle (in		
	(A) 310 and 282		(A)	1-2		
	(B) 282 and 310		(B)	2-8		
	(C) 336 and 250		(C)	2-3		
graj.	(D) 250 and 336		(D)	4-5		
42.	Normal body temperature of cattle is(°F).	47.		feed conversion efficiency is imum in:		
	(A) 100.8 – 102.4		(A)			
	(B) 100.4 – 101.7		(B)	Poultry		
	(C) 100.9 – 102		(C)	Pig Andrews (A)		
	(D) 101.6 – 103		(D)	Camel		

(6)

Contd.

AC - 2A/16

48.		ed farming incorporates which of following?	53.		ich of the following breed of
	(A)	Crop production	libr o		falo has Maximum milk fat centage in its milk?
	(B)	Animal production		(A)	Murrah Murrah
	(C)	Both of the above	,	(B)	Jaffarabadi
	(D)	Mixed crop production		(C)	Mehsana
	100	(F) topic (A) close -(C)			Nagpuri
49.		ch river is richest fresh water			evode estra NA SQU !!
		s source in India ?	54.		ntral cattle breeding farm for
	(A)	Jamuna			parkar is located at :
	(B)	Chambal		(A)	Suratgarh
	(C)	Ganga		(B)	Jaisalmer
	(D)	Narmada		(C)	Sirsa
50.	Ske	leton of fetus is made up of :		(D)	Hissar
	(A)	Bone only	55.	NDF	RI is situated at :
	(B)	Cartilage only	Tabe	(A)	Izzatnagar
	(C)	Mostly bone		(B)	Karnal
	(D)	Mostly cartilage		(C)	Delhi
51.	Whi	ch structure is between the bone		(D)	Ludhiana
	to be	one joint?	56.	Wh	ich method is useful for
	(A)	Ligament		ехре	erimental farm ?
	(B)	Tendon		(A)	Artificial insemination
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)		(B)	Flock system
	(D)	None of the above		(C)	Pen system
52.	Whi	ch of the following is absorbed		(D)	Hand system
	in or	nasum?	57.	Why	close grazing occur in sheep?
	(A)	Water		(A)	Due to small muzzle
	(B)	Volatile fatty acid	16-704	(B)	Due to split upper lip
	(C)	Both of the above	4	(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(D)	None of the above		(D)	None of the above
AC-	- 2A/	16 (7	)		(Turn over)
					desirable to the state

58.	How	much water needed for an adult	o moline	(C)	Comes from loin and sides
	she	ep?		(D)	Comes from rear quarters
	(A) (B)	2 litter water/ day during winter 3.5 - 4 litre water/day during	63.		ritional deficiency occurs more in ch of the following?
	(C)	summer 2 - 3 litre water/every 1 kg of dry feed		(A) (B) (C)	Pig Ruminant Both (A) and (B)
	(D)	All of the above		(D)	Camel
59.		at meat from which breed is more cious ?	64.		from pig carcass after it has been dered is known as :
	(A)	Black Bengal and Angora Chevon		(A) (B)	Gammon Lard
	(B)	Nubian		(C)	Ham
	(C)	Chigu and Changthangi		(D)	All of the above
	(D)	Marwari and Beetal	65.		ssure of hand milking should be:
60.	ls ge	estation heat present in goat:	-	(A)	25 – 40 mm of Hg
	(A)	Yes		(B)	25 – 50 mm of Hg
	(B)	No		(C)	35 – 40 mm of Hg
	(C).	May be		(D)	35 – 50 mm of Hg
tút	(D)	Depend on age	66.	Spe	cific gravity of milk is:
61.		ch contributes richness of flavour	*	(A)	0.94
		nilk?		(B)	1
	(A)	Phospholipid		(C)	1.030
	(B)	Galactolipid		(D)	1.050
	(C) (D)	Glycolipid Cholesterol	67.		ch is the most heat tolerate exoticed of cattle?
62.	Han	n is:		(A)	H.F.
	(A)	Which comes from back and		(B)	Jersy

join

(B) Which comes from sides

(C) Ayreshire

(D) Brown Swiss

The factor responsible for initiating Role of mutation in evolution is:-73. cell division is: Reproductive isolation Cytoplasmic index (B) Genetic variation (B) DNA (C) Genetic drift (C) Karyoplasmic index (D) None of these (D) Nucleus Which is a tetrasomic condition? (A) 2n-1Crossing over takes place between: (B) 2n+1+1 Sister Cromatid (C) 2n+2Non-sister cromatid (D) 2n+3 (C) Cromosome (D) Cromonema Mutation induced by S-bromouracil 75. are: 70. The type of cell division which takes (A) Transversional mutation place only once in cell lifetime, is Transitional mutation called: (C) Frame shift mutation (A) Amitosis (D) Backward mutation Meiosis (B) Mitosis (C) Enzyme useful in genetic engineering is: Free cell division (D) (A) Lipase 71. Crossing over takes place in: (B) DNase (A) Mitosis (C) Restriction endonuclease Meiosis - I (D) Amylase (C) Meiosis – II Daughter of colour blind father and (D) All of the above normal mother marries a normal 72. What happens in crossing over? person colour blindness in the family Duplication of chromosome (A) shall be:

(B)

material

Linkage in chromosomes

(D) Exchange of Genetic material

Minimization in Genetic

50% son

50% daughter

50% off springs

50% son and 50% daughter

(A)

(B)

(C)

78.	Sum total of genes in a popula	ation 83. The minimum number of chiasimata
	. is:	in a pair is:
	(A) Genotype	(A) One
	(B) Phenotype	(B) Two
	(C) Karyotype	(C) Three
	(D) Gene pool	(D) Four
79.	The enzyme which combines with non-protein prosthetic group to far a functional enzyme is called:	ith a 84. During karyokinesis the chromosome
	(A) Coenzyme	(A) Prophase
	(B) Proenzyme	(B) Metaphase
	(C) Holoenzyme	(C) Anaphase
	(D) Apoenzyme	(D) Interphase
80.	Chromosome which do not he centromere is called:	85. Drones are :
	(A) Monocentric	(A) Sterile males
	(B) Diacentric	(B) Sterile females
	(C) Acentric	(C) Fertile females
A MARIE	(D) Polycentric	(D) Fertile males
81.	Diagrammatic representation of	
	karyotype is called:	toxic?
	(A) Cladogram	(A) Ammonia
	(B) Cryptogram	(B) Urea
	(C) Idiogram	(C) Uric Acid
	(D) All of the above	(D) Trimethyl amine oxide
82.	Mitosis can occur in which of following?	the 87. The variance ratio in case of 'F' test is than one.
	(A) Haploid cells	(A) Less
	(B) Diploid cells	(B) More
	(C) Polyploid cells	(C) Equal
	(D) All of the above	(D) None of the above
AC-	- 2A/16	(10) Contd.

240
nosomes
(A)
females
:
or (XO)
nales
nales
in males
as been
esearch
A P
ith black

(B) Mutation

88. Most efficient form of breeding is:

97.	Do	uble humped camels are found		(C	) Glycogen to glucose 1-p
	in:			(D)	
	(A)	Rajasthan Catanada (C)	10	2 Inc	proposed MADDII will firm u
	(B)	Gujrat	10.		creased NADPH will favour the mation of:
\$100 H	(C)	Ladakh		(A)	
	(D)	All of these		(B)	AND A CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON
98.	Pas	hmina is obtained from ;		(C)	or or his francisco come and the second of the second
	(A)	Angora rabbit	×	(D)	
	(B)	Angora goat	104	1. Sta	rch is hydrolysed by :
	(C)	Karakul sheep		(A)	
Sylv	(D)	None of these		(B)	and the second s
99.	Pror	gnancy feeding allowance in cow		(C)	
THE R		uld start after:		(D)	None of these
	(A)	6 months	105		tosterona is secreted by :
,	<b>(B)</b>	8 months	100	(A)	Germinal epithelium
	(C)	3 months		(B)	Înterstitial cells
	17h 1705	None of these		(C)	Sertoli cells
100		human liver cannot produce :		(D)	None of the above
100.	(A)		106		PHE SECTION OF THE SE
	(B)	Glycose	100		stration of the male calf causes
	(C)	Glycogen		(A)	Erection
	(D)		· KQ.S.	(B)	Ejaculation
					Sexual desire
		cycle is operative in :		(D)	All of the above
	(A)	Mitochondria	107	Aer	
	(B)	Microsomes	107.		nall amount of progesterone is lired for the :
	(C)	Cytosol		(A)	Maintenance of cropus luteum
	(D)	None of these		(B)	Non-contractile condition of the
102.	Phos	phorylase A converts:		-Kar	uterus
	(A)	Glucose to fructose		(C)	Ovulation
	(B)	Fructose to glucose		(D)	None of the above
/C	2A/1	6	21		
	Est H 1	(1	2)		Contd.

<ul> <li>108. In case of rodents the hormone that is responsible for maintenance of corpus luteum is:</li> <li>(A) Follile stimulating hormone</li> <li>(B) Luteinizing hormone</li> <li>(C) L. T. H.</li> <li>(D) None of the above</li> <li>109. In the development of under estrogen takes part in causing:</li> <li>(A) Tubular development</li> </ul>	(C) Beta hydroxybutyric acid (D) All of these  113. The quantity of glomerular filtrate formed each minute in all the nephrons of both the kidneys is called: (A) GF (B) GFR (C) FGC (D) None of the above
(B) Alveolar development	114. The hormones are chemically or steroid in nature.
Calo a about	(A) Protein
(D) None of the above  110. Clinical significance of vagus nerve increase and prostaglandin fibres is:  (A) Motor	(B) Fat (C) Vitaminous (D) Sterol
(B) Sensory	115. Amino acids which are not
(C) Mixed	synthesized in the body are known
(D) None of the above	as:
111. Signs of persistent oestrus at frequent but irregular intervals lead to:  (A) Nymphomania	(A) Non-essential  (B) Essential  (C) Both of the above  (D) None of the above
(B) Split oestrus	116. The principal function of colon is
(C) None of the above (D) All of the above	from the chime.  (A) Absorption
112. Ketone bodies include which of the following?	(B) Excretion
(A) Aceto-acetic acid (B) Acetone	(C) Both of the above (D) None of the above
(8) Acetone  AC - 2A/16	(13) (Turn over)

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- 117. Secretions of seminal vesicles:
  - (A) Is alkaline
  - (B) Is of no importance to reproduction
  - (C) Is mucoid
  - (D) None of the above
- 118. Which of the following is not an anticoagulant?
  - (A) Heparin
  - (B) Sodium oxalate
  - (C) Calcium chloride
  - (D) EDTA
- 119. Ovulation can occur at ovulation fossa in the following species:
  - (A) Ewe
  - (B) Cow
  - (C) Horse
  - (D) None of these
- 120. Sodium pump decreases the concentration of sodium ions inside the nerve fiber to:
  - (A) 5 m Eq/1
  - (B) 10m Eq/1
  - (C) 142mEq/1
  - (D) 150mEq/1
- 121. Successful embryo development in the recipient is dependent:
  - (A) On the age and stage of embryonic development at the time of transfer

- (B) On the uterine environment of the recipient only
- (C) On the level of maternal plasma estrogen
- (D) All of the above
- 122. In the parturition process:
  - (A) The oxytocin increase is followed by prostaglandin increase
  - (B) The oxytocin increase is preceded by prosterglandin increase
  - (C) Oxytocin and prostaglandin act simultaneously
  - (D) None of the above
- 123. The hypothalamus contains centre which can:
  - (A) Increase the rate of heat loss
  - (B) Decrease the rate of heat production
  - (C) Decrease the rate of heat loss
  - (D) All of the above
- 124. Cold stress increases the hormonal output of:
  - (A) Adrenal medulla
  - (B) Adrenal cortex
  - (C) Thyroid
  - (D) All of the above

125. Which hormones when excessively secreted results in alkalosis?	130. Oxytocin synthesis occurs in following structures of the brain:
(A) Growth hormone	(A) Basal ganglia
(B) Cortisol	(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Aldosterone	(C) Medulla oblongata
(D) Anti-diuretic hormones	(D) Cerebellum
<ul> <li>126. The commonly used drug that can be employed to superovulate mare:</li> <li>(A) PMSG</li> <li>(B) Equine follicle stimulating hormone</li> <li>(C) Equine chorionic gonadotropin</li> <li>(D) Stilboesterol</li> <li>127. The inhibin is secreted from cell of:</li> <li>(A) Leydig</li> <li>(B) Sertoli</li> <li>(C) Epididymis</li> </ul>	131. Na+ is retained under the influence of:  (A) Aldosterone  (B) Anti-diuretic hormone  (C) Oxytocin  (D) All of the above  132. Urine of cattle is of what nature?  (A) Acidic  (B) Basic
(C) Epididymis (D) None of the above	(C) Neutral (D) None of these
A REMARKS TO THE RESIDENCE THE PARTY OF THE	to such a lighter of the second
128. The endocrine glands are  (A) Ductless	133. Which part of ruminant stomach is
	known as pouch?
	(r) Itemion
ANTAL Description Seed that	(8) Reticulum
	(C) Omasum
129. Pancreatic trypsinogen is converted to trypsin by the following enzyme mainly present in the duodenal juice:	(D) Abomasum  134. Length of rumen papilla is:
(A) Pancreozymine	(A) 1 cm
(B) Peptidase	(B) 10 cm
(C) Enterokinase	(C) 1m
(D) Carbonic anhydrase	(D) 20 cm
AC - 2A/16 (	15) (Turn over)

130. Oxytocin synthesis occurs in

135. Hb <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> have Iron in:	140. Renal blood flow is controlled by Juxta
(A) Fe++	glomerular cells through:
(B) Fe+++	(A) Renin angeotensin system
(C) Both (A) and (B)	(B) Prostaglandins of medulia
(D) None of these	(C) Epinephrine
136. Respiratory pressure of O2 in arterio	al (D) All of the above
blood is :	141. Percentage of CH <sub>4</sub> in rumen is:
(A) 48 mm Hg	(A) 7
(B) 46 mm Hg	(B) 65
(C) 40 mmHg	(C) 6
(D) 50 mm Hg	(D) 25
137. RBC membrane impermeable t which of the following ?	A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T
(A) Cation	(A) 7
(B) Anion	(B) 65
(C) Both (A) and (B)	(C) 6
(D) None of these	(D) 25
138. Which of the following is rate of	
respiration in cow?	(A) 1-2 made and (A)
(A) 12 (B) 36	(B) 2-11
	(C) 3-20
(C) 26 (D) 30 (D)	(D) 1.5-8
139. Clinical condition of bluishness of skin and mucosa is known as:	144. Types of bacteria in rumen is which of the following?
(A) Bluinosis	(A) Gram - ve cocci
(B) Cyanosis	(B) Non-spore formation
(C) Blackness	(C) Anaerobes
(D) All of the above	(D) All of the above
AC - 2A/16	(16) Contd.

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149. The permitted antioxidant in ghee 145. A muscle possesses higher water is: holding capacity in: (A) BHA Rigor state BHT (B) (B) Pre-rigor state NDGA (C) Post-rigor state Ethyl gallate (D) (D) Any of the above 150. Salmonellosis is an example for 146. When collagen is heated in the water which of the following? to 80°C: (A) Infectious type of food (A) Collagen remains insoluble poisoning Collagen begins to be Non-infectious type of food (B) converted into gelatin poisoning. (C) Chemical food poisoning (C) Collagen fibers get only None of the above .... shortened (D) Any of the above 151. Protein content of white meat is: Lesser than red meat 147. Most aluminium foil used is known to Higher than red meat be dead soft which has good folding (B) Equal to red meat characteristics which belongs to: (C) No comparison with red meat (A) "O" temper "H-12" temper 152. Which is firm meat? (B) (C) "H - 14" temper (A) Pork (D) All of the above Chevon (B) Mutton. (C) 148. As per PFA standards, the maximum (D) Chicken limit for added diacetyl content in 153. Maximum fat present in which meat? deshi butte is: (A) Carabeef (A) 3 ppm (B) Beef (B) 5 ppm Pork (C) (C) 2 ppm

Rabbit

(D)

154. Which is maximum SPC f	for (B) 2 weeks
pasteurized milk?	(C) 3 weeks
(A) 0/ml	(D) 8 - 10 weeks
(B) 100/ml	160. Curing solution known as:
(C) 30,000/ml	(A) Salt peter
(D) 1 lac/ml	(B) Salt
155. Acid treatment of collagen produce	e: (C) Pickle
(A) Collagen	(D) All of these
(B) Elastin	161. Which is bactericidal in smoking?
(C) Gelatin	(A) HCHO
(D) Reticulin	(B) Phenol
erinomina is.	(C) Both (A) and (B)
156. Which meat has cherry red color i	(D) Saw dust/hard wood
(A) Mutton	162. Which heat is more effective?
(B) Pork	(A) Moist
(C) Chevon	(B) Dry
(D) Beef	(C) Mixture
157. Brown color of meat is due to:	(D) 60:40 combination
(A) Oxyhaemoglobin	163. Extra chromosomal piece is known
(B) Oxymyoglobin	as:
(C) Methmyoglobin	(A) Cosmid
(D) All of these	(B) Episome
158. Meat is more firm :	(C) Plasmid
(A) In older animal	(D) Bacteriophage
	164. In polymerase chain reaction
(B) During chilling	which of the following is required
(C) Both (A) and (B)	essentially?
(D) In younger animal	(A) DNA ligase
159. Shelf life of vacuum packaging cut	
for lambs is :	(C) DNA polymerase
(A) 10 days	(D) None of the above
AC - 2A/16	(18) Contd.

	-	HA THE STATE OF TH			
165.	Antibodies that recognize only one epitaph and derived from a single		169.	Num	ber of base pair units in a single
				turn	of DNA is:
	clone		(A)	4 DiseTriAnd mothers	
	(A) Polyclonal antibodies		(B)	6 2001 (-1" (71)"	
	(B)	Monoclonal antibodies		(C)	8
	(C)	Monovalent antibodies		U.S.	10
	(D)	Bivalent antibodies	*	(D)	everying acquired (G)
166.	The initiation codon for translation in prokaryotes is:  (A) UGA		170.	Atpl	I, the direction of migration of
				gluta	amic acid in electrophoresis is
			*	towa	ards:
	(B)	AUG	10	(A)	Cathod
	(C)	GAU		(B)	Anode
	(D)	UUA		(C)	No migration
167.	ELIS	SA rest essentially required the		(D)	Both cathode and anode
	following:		171	The	pH of a buffer to be used for the
	(A)	conjugate	17.1	sep	aration of Lysine and Histidine in
	(B)			catio	on exchange column is :
	0 <b>\$</b> (4)267	and ELISA plate		(A)	2
	(C)	Antigen, antibody, conjugate,		(B)	4 Also lo zinangan ed L.es (
	8:3180	substrate and ELISA plate		(C)	
	(D)	Antigen, antibody and ELISA plate		(D)	12 10 has reading (A)
		Who associated with hybridoma		. The	e metabolism of amino acid is
168				initi	ated by :
		nology?		(A)	Deamination
	(A)	Saiki		(B)	Hydrogenation
	(B)	Butler and Chase		(C)	Amination
	(C)	Zinkernagel and Doharty			None of the above
	(D)	Kohler and Milestein		(D)	LAOLIE OF THE SPOAG

(19)

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(Turn over)

173.	In the Watson-Crick model for the
	DNA the (distance between the
	1' carbons on the deoxyribose
	moieties of A + T or G + C were:

- (A) 1.1 nm
- (B) 2.1 nm
- (C) 3.1 nm
- (D) Different always
- 174. In polymerase chain reaction, number of oligonucleotide primers used is:
  - (A) One
  - (B) Five
  - (C) Four
  - (D) Two
- 175. The lethal gene ratio is:
  - (A) 8:1
- (B) 2:1
  - (C) 4:1
  - (D) 1:1
- 176. The fragments of DNA attached to an RNA initiator component was discovered by:
  - (A) Watson and Crick
  - (B) Okazaki
  - (C) Peterson
  - (D) Nelson
- 177. The carbon atom at position 4 and 5and the nitrogen atom at the position7 of purine base are supplied from :
  - (A) Valine

- (B) Alanine
- (C) Glycine
- (D) Serine
- 178. In protein synthesis 'start 'signal is made by codon:
  - (A) UAG
  - (B) UAA
  - (C) UGA
  - (D) AUG
- 179. Small molecule contaminants from a protein can be removed by:
  - (A) Filtration
  - (B) Dialysis
  - (C) Solvolysis
  - (D) Solvent partition
- 180. Which of the following is an amino acid without chiral centre?
  - (A) Glycine
  - (B) Serine
  - (C) Threonine
  - (D) Tryptophan
- 181. Community Development Programme were introduced in India for rural development:
  - (A) In early 40's
  - (B) In early 50's
  - (C) In early 60's
  - (D) In early 70's

W. ...

- 182. New name of V. L. W. is:
  - (A) V. L. O.
  - (B) V. D. O.
  - (C) R.D.O.
  - (D) None of these
- 183. For long term requirement the farmers do not depend upon:
  - (A) Government
  - (B) Land Development Banks
  - (C) The Money Lenders
  - (D) Cooperative Credit Societies
- 184. The development plans of a district and coordination of activities of a Panchayat Samiti, is responsibilities of which of the following:
  - (A) Gram Pradhan
  - (B) Pramukh
  - (C) Zila Parishad
  - (D) Block Development Officer
- 185. Rural Development Programme should be formed to meet:
  - (A) Short term changes
  - (B) Emergent situation
  - (C) Long term changes
  - (D) All of the above
- 186. The first agricultural university of India is:
  - (A) P.A. U. Ludhiana (Punjab)
  - (B) H. A. U. Hissar (Haryana)
  - (C) A. P. A. U. Hyderabad (A. P.)
  - (D) B. B. P. U. A. and T. Pantnagar (UP)

- 187. A good extension programme should be:
  - (A) Flexible
  - (B) Rigid
  - (C) Both of the above
  - (D) None of the above
- 188. The idea of having a village guide in each village for introducing new skills among the rural people was introduced by:
  - (A) R. N. Tagore
  - (B) B. P. Pant
  - (C) Mahatma Gandhi
  - (D) F. L. Braynew
- 189. Special Livestock Production Programme was initiated in:
  - (A) 1974-75
  - (B) 1979-80
  - (C) 1978-79
  - (D) 1981-82
- 190. The national level body for policy formulation of Rural Development Programme in our country is:
  - (A) National Development Council
  - (B) Planning Commission
  - (C) Price Commission
  - (D) None of the above
- 191. TV includes:
  - (A) Audio and visual both devices
  - (B) Visual device
  - (C) Audio device only
  - (D) Not known, it is complicated item

- 192. Family of one male with many wives is known as :
  - (A) Polyandrous family
  - (B) Polygynous family
  - (C) Both of the above
  - (D) None of the above
- 193. Ancestral property inheritance from male to male is property of which family?
  - (A) Nuclear family
  - (B) Combined family
  - (C) Patrilineal family
  - (D) Matrilineal family
- 194. Collection of more than one set of people to solve a joint problem is known as:
  - (A) Client system
  - (B) Co-operative system
  - (C) Commutative system
  - (D) Social system
- 195. Process by which individual maintains contact with its environment:
  - (A) Fidelity
  - (B) Perception
  - (C) Feedback
  - (D) Communication gap
- 196. Determine the suitability of new practice in prevailing situation is:
  - (A) Adaptive trial

- (B) Mini kit trial
- (C) Determining trial
- (D) Both (A) and (B)
- 197. Decision not to adopt an innovation is known as:
  - (A) Implementation
  - (B) Rejection
  - (C) Persuasion
  - (D) Predictability
- 198. Written form of extension teaching methods does not include which of the following?
  - (A) Bulletin
  - (B) Leaflet
  - (C) Pamphlet
  - (D) Black board
- 199. Traditional people oriented to past and never accept an innovation are known as:
  - (A) Innovation
  - (B) Adaptor
  - (C) Rejector
  - (D) Laggard
- 200. Operation flood II was started in:
  - (A) 1970
  - (B) 1978
  - (C) 1986
  - (D) 1969

## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK