

CAPF 2022

COMPREHENSION PRACTICE

ENGLISH
PRIYA UPADHYAY



TIME TABLE

9 AM – DEFENCE ADDA247

3 PM – DEFENCE ADDA247

- ▶ **Direction (Q. 1 to 5) : Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

▶ Without colours we would consider the world a dull and less beautiful place.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell



Light is made up of electromagnetic waves. These vary in length and it is these differences that we perceive as different colours. White light has all the wavelengths of the light spectrum mixed up together. An object looks coloured because light falls on it and it reflects only certain parts of the spectrum. The rest of the spectrum is absorbed by the object. An object that looks white reflects all the light that falls on it. An object that looks red reflects the red part of the spectrum and absorbs the rest. Our eyes detect these different reflected waves and we see them as different colours.

▶ White light is an amalgam of all the wave lengths of light.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False



▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ The passage states that an object that looks blue absorbs all but the blue wavelengths of light.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False



▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ The colour we perceive an object to be is determined by the electro-magnetic waves that it absorbs or reflects.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False 

▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ White paint reflects more light than red paint.

▶ a. True 

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ **The Napoleonic wars lasted 18 years.**

▶ **a. True** 

▶ **b. False**

▶ **c. Cannot tell**

▶ **Between 1797 and 1815 Europe went through the Napoleonic wars. This period saw France at war with the kingdoms of Prussia, Russia, Austria, Spain and Britain. At that time the French army was the most powerful in Europe. By 1808 France had conquered much of the continent and had created the largest European empire since the Romans two thousand years before. Napoleon Bonaparte was its emperor and the military leader who oversaw the many major victories. However, a disastrous campaign in Russia, retreat from the Spanish peninsular and British supremacy at sea eventually allowed a combined European force to defeat Napoleon's army at Waterloo.**

▶ By 1808 Napoleon headed an empire that controlled most of the continent of Europe.

▶ a. True 

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ At the height of Napoleon's victories the French army was the largest

▶ a. True

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell



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▶ France won battles against Prussia, Russia, Austria and Britain.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell



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▶ The passage states that the battle of Waterloo took place in 1815.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False 

▶ c. Cannot tell

▶ Between 1797 and 1815 Europe went through the Napoleonic wars. This period saw France at war with the kingdoms of Prussia, Russia, Austria, Spain and Britain. At that time the French army was the most powerful in Europe. By 1808 France had conquered much of the continent and had created the largest European empire since the Romans two thousand years before. Napoleon Bonaparte was its emperor and the military leader who oversaw the many major victories. However, a disastrous campaign in Russia, retreat from the Spanish peninsular and British supremacy at sea eventually allowed a combined European force to defeat Napoleon's army at Waterloo.

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▶ Modern medicine is the science of curing illness.

▶ a. True

▶ b. False



▶ c. Cannot tell

▶ Traditionally medicine was the science of curing illness with treatments. For thousands of years people would have used plants and would have turned to priests for cures. In more recent times illness has been attributed less to the intervention of gods or magic and instead to natural causes. Medicine today is as much concerned with prevention as cure. Doctors use treatments of many types, including radiation and vaccination, both of which were unknown until very recent times. Other treatments have been known about and practiced for centuries. Muslim doctors were skilled surgeons and treated pain with opium. When Europeans first reach the Americas they found healers who used many plants to cure illnesses. The Europeans adopted many of these treatments and some are still effective and in use today.

▶ **Medicine is a science that owes its success to modern treatments.**

▶ **a. True**

▶ **b. False**

▶ **c. Cannot tell**

▶ **Traditionally medicine was the science of curing illness with treatments. For thousands of years people would have used plants and would have turned to priests for cures. In more recent times illness has been attributed less to the intervention of gods or magic and instead to natural causes. Medicine today is as much concerned with prevention as cure. Doctors use treatments of many types, including radiation and vaccination, both of which were unknown until very recent times. Other treatments have been known about and practiced for centuries. Muslim doctors were skilled surgeons and treated pain with opium. When Europeans first reach the Americas they found healers who used many plants to cure illnesses. The Europeans adopted many of these treatments and some are still effective and in use today.**

▶ Vaccination is a relatively recent discovery.

▶ a. True



▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell

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▶ The author of the passage believes that prevention is better than cure.



▶ a. True

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell



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▶ Practitioners of modern medicine make use of many techniques and technologies.



▶ a. True 

▶ b. False

▶ c. Cannot tell

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