

Roll No.

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Candidate should write his/her Roll No. here.

Total No. of Questions: 7

No. of Printed Pages : 8

SEM-2016(02)-I ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING Paper – I

Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 300

Instructions to the candidates :

Please read the following instructions carefully before attempting questions.

- 1. Candidates should attempt FIVE questions in all.
- 2. Question number 1 is compulsory. Out of remaining SIX questions, attempt any *FOUR*.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks. The number of marks carried by a part of a question is indicated against it.
- 4. Answers must be written in ENGLISH only.
- 5. Unless otherwise mentioned, symbols and notations have their usual standard meanings.
- 6. Assume suitable data, if necessary and indicate the same clearly.
- 7. Neat sketches may be drawn wherever required.
- 8. All parts and sub-parts of a question are to be attempted together in the answer book.
- 9. Any pages left blank in the answer book must be clearly struck out.
- 10. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is permitted.

SEM-2016

02(1)

- 1. All parts carry equal marks :
 - (a) A wattmeter has a current coil of 0.1 Ω resistance and a pressure coil of 6500 Ω resistance as shown in figure. Calculate the percentage error due to resistance when reading the input to an apparatus which takes

2

- (i) 12 A at 250 V with UPF.
- (ii) 12 A at 250 V with 0.4 PF



(b) Use Nodal analysis to find the potential between points B & C in the network.



- (c) A dielectric sphere ($\varepsilon_r = 5.7$) of radius 10 cm has a point charge of 2 PC placed at its centre. Calculate :
 - The surface density of polarization charge on the surface of the sphere.
 - (ii) The force exerted by the charge on a -4 PC point charge placed on the sphere.
- (d) Implement a full adder circuit with a decoder and two OR gates.

SEM-2016

 $10 \times 6 = 60$

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(e) A dc battery is charged through a resistor R as shown in figure. Derive an expression for the average value of charging current in terms of Vm, E, R on the assumption that SCR is fired continuously

3

- (i) For an ac source voltage of 230 V, 50 Hz find the value of average charging current for $R = 8 \Omega \& E = 150 V$.
- (ii) Find the power supplied to battery.



(f) The system is defined by the following difference equation

 $Y[n] - \frac{1}{4}Y[n-1] = x[n]$

Find the natural response of the system

- (g) A coil of 50 Ω resistance and 0.05 H inductance is connected in parallel with a capacitor 'C'. Find the value of 'C' to give parallel resonance condition at 20 × 10³ Hz.
- (h) A three phase converter is operated from a 3 phase, 230 V, 50 Hz supply with load resistance of $R = 10 \Omega$. An average output voltage 50% of the maximum possible output voltage is required. Determine the firing angle.
- (i) Derive the expression for Poynting Vector and energy density equation.
- (j) A differential amplifier has common mode rejection ratio $\rho = 1000$. Let the first set of inputs be $V_1 = 100 \ \mu V \& V_2 = -100 \ \mu V$. Let the second set of input signals be $V_1 = 1100 \ \mu V \& V_2 = 900 \ \mu V$. Calculate the percentage difference in output voltage obtained for the two sets of input voltages.

SEM-2016

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- 4
- 2. All parts carry equal marks :
 - (a) For the network shown, select branches 4, 5, 7, 8 and 9 as tree branches. Write loop incidence matrix and use it to write loop equations. All resistances are 1 Ω each.



- (b) At the between glass ($\varepsilon_r = 4$) and air, the lines of electric field makes an angle of 40° with normal boundary. If electric flux density in the air is 0.25 μ c/m², determine the orientation and magnitude of electric flux density in the glass.
- (c) A strain gauge having a resistance of 100 Ω and gauge factor of 2 is connected in series with a ballast resistance of 100 Ω across a 12 V supply. Calculate the difference between the output voltage with no stress applied and a stress of 140 MN/m². The modulus of elasticity is 200 GN/m².
- (d) Design a fourth order Butterworth low pass filter with a cut off frequency of 2 kHz.
- 3. All parts carry equal marks :
 - (a) A 50 μ F capacitor and 20,000 ohm resistor are connected in series across a 100 V battery at t = 0. At t = 0.5 sec, the battery voltage is suddenly increased to 150 V. Find the charge on capacitor at t = 0.75 sec.
 - (b) In a free space $\vec{D} = D_m \sin(\omega t + \beta z) \vec{U}_x$. Using Maxwell's equation, show that $\vec{B} = \frac{-\omega \mu_0 D_m}{\beta} \sin(\omega t + \beta z) \vec{U}_y$.
 - (c) For a 5 bit ladder of linear resistors, if the input levels are 0 = 0V and 1 = +10 V, What are the output voltages for each bit.

SEM-2016

 $4 \times 15 = 60$

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(d) For the circuit shown in figure, find $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$. Use Laplace transform technique. The initial voltage in the capacitor is 2 V and the initial current through the inductor and capacitor is zero.



4. All parts carry equal marks :

- (a) Calculate the output frequency of a series inverter with the following parameters. Inductance L = 6 mH, Capacitance C = 1.2 μ F, load resistance R = 100 Ω , T_{off} = 0.2 m sec. If load resistance is varied from 40 Ω to 140 Ω , find out the range of output frequency.
- (b) Find the Fourier transform X(jw) representation of the following periodic signal:



 (c) Considering the following Boolean functions given in sum of min terms. Discuss the design of combinational logic circuit using a programmable logic array (PAL)

 $W(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(2, 12, 13)$ $x(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$ $y(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 15)$ $z(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(1, 2, 8, 12, 13)$

SEM-2016

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 $4 \times 15 = 60$

(d) Find impedance and admittance parameters of the circuit shown in figure.

6



- 5. All parts carry equal marks :
 - (a) Calculate $A_{vP} R_{oP} \& R_{if}$ for the amplifier shown in figure. Assume $R_s = 0$, $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{ie} = 1.1$ K, $h_{re} = h_{oe} = 0$ and identical transistors.

 $4 \times 15 = 60$



tan δ	0.12	0.035	0 0009
all 0	0.12	0.055	0.0009

If a uniform plane wave with amplitude of 100 V/m at z = 0 is propagated through such ice, find the time average of power crossing an area of 1 m² at z = 0 & z = 5 m for each frequency.

- (c) A step up chopper has an input voltage of 220 V and output voltage of 660 V. If the conducting time of thyristor chopper is 100 μ sec, compute the pulse width of output voltage. In case, if the pulse width of output voltage is halved for a constant frequency operation, find the average value of new output voltage.
- (d) The output of an LTI system in response to an input $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$ is $y(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$. Find the frequency response and impulse response of this system.
- 6. All parts carry equal marks :

$4 \times 15 = 60$

(a) A Maxwell's inductance comparison bridge is shown in figure. Arm ab consists of a coil with inductance L_1 and resistance r_1 in series with a non-inductive resistance R. Arm bc and ad are each non-inductive resistance of 100 Ω . Arm ad consists of standard variable inductor L of resistance 32.7 Ω . Balance is obtained when $L_2 = 47.8$ mH and $R = 1.36 \Omega$. Find the resistance and inductance of the coil in arm ab.



(b) Use pole-zero plot to find the current response in time domain if,

$$I(S) = \frac{20 \text{ S}}{(S+2) (S+5)}$$

(c) Determine the sequence x(n) having z-transform

$$X(Z) = \frac{1 + 3z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - \frac{5}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}}$$

SEM-2016

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(d) A steady voltage of 1500 V is applied across two parallel metal disc of 10 cm radius and 14 mm apart. Between the disc are three layers of dielectric

8

 $t_1 = 2 \text{ mm } \varepsilon r_1 = 3$

 $t_2 = 5 \text{ mm } \epsilon_2 = 4$

 $t_3 = 7 \text{ mm } \varepsilon r_3 = 6$

Calculate the potential gradient and the energy stored in each dielectric.

7. All parts carry equal marks.

 $4 \times 15 = 60$

3

12

(a) By means of Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Inverse Discrete Fourier Transform (IDFT), determine the sequence $x_3(n)$ corresponding to the circular convolution of the sequence $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$ given

 $x_1(n) = [2, 1, 2, 1]$

 $x_2(n) = [1, 2, 3, 4]$

- (b) The trigger circuit of a thyristor has a source voltage of 15 V and the load line has a slope of -120 V per ampere. The minimum gate current to turn ON the SCR is 50 mA. Compute
 - (i) Source resistance required in the gate circuit.
 - (ii) Trigger voltage and trigger current for an average gate power dissipation of 0.4 watts.
- (c) A balanced 3-phase, star connected, 210 kW load takes a leading current of 160 A when connected across a balanced 3-phase, 1.1 kV, 50 Hz supply. Find the load circuit parameters per phase.
- (d) A single phase full converter bridge is connected to RLE load. The source voltage is 230 V, 50 Hz. The average load current of 10 A is continuous over the working range. For $R = 0.4 \Omega \& L = 2 \text{ mH}$, compute firing angle delay for E = +120 V and E = -120 V. Also indicate which source is delivering power to load in each part.

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