



#### **08 December 2023**

#### **National and International News**

# Unemployment rate in urban areas comes down: survey

#### Context

- The unemployment rate in urban areas of the country decreased from 7.2% in July-September 2022 to 6.6% in July-September 2023, according to the **Periodic Labour** Force Survey (PLFS)
- The survey is conducted by the National Sample Survey Office (NSSO).

### **Key points**

- If 6.6% is the unemployment rate for persons of age 15 years and above, for men, it was 6%. For women, it decreased from 9.4% in July– September last year to 8.6% this year.
- The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** in urban areas increased to 49.3% in July– September 2023 for persons aged 15 years and above.
- While for males, LFPR increased to 73.8%, for females, LFPR increased to 24.0%

#### **Cyclone Michaung**



#### Context

Cyclone Michaung has intensified in its move across the southwest Bay of Bengal and is likely to make landfall on the Andhra Pradesh coast between Nellore and Machilipatnam

#### What are cyclones?

- A cyclone is a large-scale system of air that rotates around the center of a low-pressure area. It is usually accompanied by violent storms and bad weather.
- As per NDMA, a cyclone is characterized by inward spiraling winds that rotate anticlockwise in the Northern Hemisphere and clockwise in the Southern Hemisphere.

#### Think:

Why are cyclones more frequent in Bay of bengal compared to the Arabian sea?





#### **How are Cyclones named?**

 IMD uses a specific naming convention for cyclones in the North Indian Ocean, including the Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal.

#### **History**

- In the **mid-1900s**, storms were named alphabetically, and the practice of **using feminine names started**.
- WMO/ESCAP(World
  Organisation/United Nations Economic and Social
  Commission for Asia and the Pacific) nations agreed to
  name cyclones in 2000.
- WMO/ESCAP member nations, including India, decided to assign names to cyclones.
- The decision was made in Muscat in 2000, involving 13 countries.

#### **Member Nations:**

• The WMO/ESCAP group, deciding cyclone names, includes India, Qatar, Maldives, Myanmar, Oman, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand, UAE, and Yemen.

#### RSMC(Regional Specialized Meteorological Centre) Role:

• IMD, as one of the six RSMCs globally, names cyclones in the North Indian Ocean based on suggestions from 13 countries in the WMO/ESCAP region.

#### Naming Criteria:

- Cyclone names must be neutral, non-offensive, short, easy to pronounce, under eight letters, and unique.
- Countries provide names with pronunciation and voice over.

#### Type of Disturbance Wind Speed (km/h) Low-Pressure Area Less than 31 Depression 31-49 Deep Depression 50-61 Cyclonic Storm 62-88 Severe Cyclonic Storm 89-117 Very Severe Cyclonic Storm 118-167 Super Cyclonic Storm 168 and higher

#### **Categories of Cyclones**





#### Revanth sworn in as Telangana CM



#### Context

- Anumula Revanth Reddy was sworn in as the first Congress Chief Minister of Telangana
- After the win he vowed to revive a tradition of inviting the public into the halls of power to present their grievances directly to him.
- He immediately signed his first file, to implement the six welfare 'guarantees' that headlined the Congress' poll manifesto.

# Glaciers shrank 1 m a year in a decade: WMO

#### Context

According to The Global Climate 2011-2020: A Decade of Acceleration report by World Meteorological Organisation, the 2011-2020 decade, though warmest ever recorded in history, saw the lowest number of deaths from extreme events

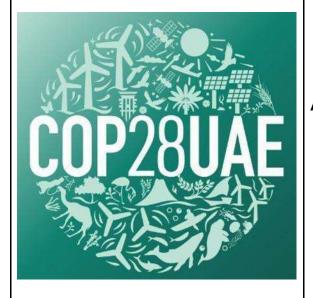
#### **Key points**

- The **2011-2020 decade was the first since 1950** when there was not a single short-term event with 10,000 deaths or more
- The report also says that this was the first decade that the depleted ozone hole visibly showed recovery.
- Glaciers that were measured around the world thinned by approximately 1 metre per year on an average between 2011 and 2020.
- **Greenland and Antarctica lost 38% more ice** during the period than during the 2001-2010 period.
- The report further underlined that human-caused climate change significantly increased the risks from extreme heat events
- Heatwaves were responsible for the highest number of human casualties, while tropical cyclones caused the most economic damage.





# Global Stocktake draft calls for phasing out fossil fuels



#### Context

- For the first time, a key document being negotiated at the UN's annual climate summit has underlined the need for the world to do away with all fossil fuels, in its draft text.
- In previous years, climate talks have generally circled around the need for the world to wean itself away from coal, but negotiations have generally ended in a stalemate.

#### **About Global Stocktake**

- The Global Stocktake is a **periodic review mechanism** established under the Paris Agreement in 2015.
- The stocktake takes place every five years, with the firstever stocktake scheduled to conclude at the UN Climate Change Conference (COP28)
- Its primary objectives are to assess individual countries' efforts to reduce Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions and transition to renewable energy sources.
- The stocktake is designed to keep countries accountable and encourage them to increase their climate ambitions over time

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