

RRB PO Mains 2025 English Section Memory Based

- Q1.** (A) managing workforce transitions
(B) the assumption that automation would
(C) while redesigning workflows and
(D) solve all inefficiencies alerted
(E) organizations to remain vigilant

In the question below, a sentence is divided into several parts. Select the most appropriate sequence to rearrange the parts into a grammatically correct and contextually coherent sentence.

- (a) EDCAB
(b) BDECA
(c) EBDAC
(d) BEDAC
(e) No rearrangement required

Ans.(b)

- Q2.** (A) the expectation of immediate
(B) policies that could have
(C) public approval urged administrators
(D) to act prudently while drafting
(E) long-term social consequences

In the question below, a sentence is divided into several parts. Select the most appropriate sequence to rearrange the parts into a grammatically correct and contextually coherent sentence.

- (a) CDEAB
(b) CEBAD
(c) ACEDB
(d) ACDBE
(e) No rearrangement required

Ans.(d)

- Q3.** (A) global inequality of opportunity, creating a
(B) those who merely consume technology
(C) new digital divide between those who build and
(D) advanced economies, risks widening the
(E) the AI revolution, concentrated in a handful of

In the question below, a sentence is divided into several parts. Select the most appropriate sequence to rearrange the parts into a grammatically correct and contextually coherent sentence.

- (a) EDCAB
(b) BDECA
(c) EDACB
(d) BEDAC
(e) No rearrangement required

Ans.(c)



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- Q4.** (A) sufficient to ensure success warned
(B) professionals against complacency, emphasizing
(C) an increasingly competitive and evolving environment
(D) the perception that experiences alone is
(E) the need to continuously update their skills in

In the question below, a sentence is divided into several parts. Select the most appropriate sequence to rearrange the parts into a grammatically correct and contextually coherent sentence.

- (a) BADEC
(b) DCBAE
(c) DABEC
(d) BACED
(e) No rearrangement required

Ans.(c)

- Q5.** Which of the following is most suitable to replace (A)?

In the following question, a paragraph is provided with a few highlighted words. Select the most appropriate option that can replace the highlighted word to ensure the paragraph is both grammatically and contextually accurate.

Recent advances in artificial intelligence have significantly diluted (A) productivity across multiple industries by automating repetitive tasks and enhancing decision-making efficiency. However, experts caution that negligent reliance on ethical frameworks may lead to unintended consequences, including algorithmic bias. While some policymakers view regulation as a double blessing (B), others argue that premature constraints could hinder innovation. To address these concerns, governments must act in a haphazard manner (C), ensuring transparency without stifling growth. Furthermore, lack of skilled oversight continues to rectify (D) accountability gaps in AI deployment. If left unchecked, these challenges could open a can of harmony (E) in global technological governance.

- (a) No replacement required
(b) acquitted
(c) augmented
(d) undermined
(e) intensified

Ans.(c)

- Q6.** Which of the following is most suitable to replace (B)?

In the following question, a paragraph is provided with a few highlighted words. Select the most appropriate option that can replace the highlighted word to ensure the paragraph is both grammatically and contextually accurate.

Recent advances in artificial intelligence have significantly diluted (A) productivity across multiple industries by automating repetitive tasks and enhancing decision-making efficiency. However, experts caution that negligent reliance on ethical frameworks may lead to unintended consequences, including algorithmic bias. While some policymakers view regulation as a double blessing (B), others argue that premature constraints could hinder innovation. To address these concerns, governments must act in a haphazard manner (C), ensuring transparency without stifling growth. Furthermore, lack of skilled oversight continues to rectify (D) accountability gaps in AI deployment. If left unchecked, these challenges could open a can of harmony (E) in global technological governance.

- (a) an inevitable outcome
- (b) a necessary safeguard
- (c) No replacement required
- (d) a calculated compromise
- (e) a source of contention

Ans.(e)

Q7. Which of the following is most suitable to replace (C)?

In the following question, a paragraph is provided with a few highlighted words. Select the most appropriate option that can replace the highlighted word to ensure the paragraph is both grammatically and contextually accurate.

Recent advances in artificial intelligence have significantly diluted (A) productivity across multiple industries by automating repetitive tasks and enhancing decision-making efficiency. However, experts caution that negligent reliance on ethical frameworks may lead to unintended consequences, including algorithmic bias. While some policymakers view regulation as a double blessing (B), others argue that premature constraints could hinder innovation. To address these concerns, governments must act in a haphazard manner (C), ensuring transparency without stifling growth. Furthermore, lack of skilled oversight continues to rectify (D) accountability gaps in AI deployment. If left unchecked, these challenges could open a can of harmony (E) in global technological governance.

- (a) with deliberate caution
- (b) without prior consultation
- (c) No replacement required
- (d) through unilateral action
- (e) hastily and arbitrarily

Ans.(a)

Q8. Which of the following is most suitable to replace (D)?

In the following question, a paragraph is provided with a few highlighted words. Select the most appropriate option that can replace the highlighted word to ensure the paragraph is both grammatically and contextually accurate.

Recent advances in artificial intelligence have significantly diluted (A) productivity across multiple industries by automating repetitive tasks and enhancing decision-making efficiency. However, experts caution that negligent reliance on ethical frameworks may lead to unintended consequences, including algorithmic bias. While some policymakers view regulation as a double blessing (B), others argue that premature constraints could hinder innovation. To address these concerns, governments must act in a haphazard manner (C), ensuring transparency without stifling growth. Furthermore, lack of skilled oversight continues to rectify (D) accountability gaps in AI deployment. If left unchecked, these challenges could open a can of harmony (E) in global technological governance.

- (a) obscure
- (b) No replacement required
- (c) expose
- (d) widen
- (e) complicate

Ans.(d)

Q9. Which of the following is most suitable to replace (E)?

In the following question, a paragraph is provided with a few highlighted words. Select the most appropriate option that can replace the highlighted word to ensure the paragraph is both grammatically and contextually accurate.

Recent advances in artificial intelligence have significantly diluted (A) productivity across multiple industries by automating repetitive tasks and enhancing decision-making efficiency. However, experts caution that negligent reliance on ethical frameworks may lead to unintended consequences, including algorithmic bias. While some policymakers view regulation as a double blessing (B), others argue that premature constraints could hinder innovation. To address these concerns, governments must act in a haphazard manner (C), ensuring transparency without stifling growth. Furthermore, lack of skilled oversight continues to rectify (D) accountability gaps in AI deployment. If left unchecked, these challenges could open a can of harmony (E) in global technological governance.

- (a) set the ball rolling
- (b) No replacement required
- (c) open a can of worms
- (d) change the status quo
- (e) draw a fine line

Ans.(c)

Q10. Why does the author describe migration to Europe as a “structural reality”?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent’s social and political landscape.

A primary driver of migration to Europe is economic inequality. Many migrants are drawn by the promise of better employment opportunities, higher wages, and social security systems unavailable in their home countries. For individuals from conflict-affected or economically fragile regions, Europe represents stability and upward mobility. Simultaneously, Europe’s ageing population and declining birth rates have created labour shortages in sectors such as healthcare, construction, and agriculture, making immigrant labour economically indispensable despite political resistance.

Conflict and persecution also play a significant role. Wars in Syria, Afghanistan, and parts of Africa have forced millions to flee their homes, with Europe often perceived as a safe haven due to its commitment to human rights and asylum norms. However, the sudden influx of refugees has strained asylum systems, border management, and public services, exposing the limitations of existing institutional frameworks. European responses to immigration have been uneven and deeply polarised. While some countries have adopted relatively open policies, emphasising humanitarian obligations and integration, others have prioritised border control and deterrence, driven by domestic political pressures and the rise of nationalist movements. The lack of a unified migration policy within the European Union has further complicated burden-sharing, leading to tensions between member states.

Beyond policy challenges, immigration has sparked broader debates about cultural identity, social cohesion, and security. Although evidence suggests that migrants contribute positively to host economies over time, public perception is often shaped by fears of job competition and cultural dilution.

In essence, migration to Europe is not a temporary phenomenon but a structural reality rooted in global inequalities and demographic trends. Addressing it effectively requires a balanced approach that combines humane asylum practices, legal migration pathways, integration policies, and cooperation with origin countries, rather than reactive and fragmented responses.

- (a) It is mainly the outcome of short-lived administrative shortcomings and policy lapses within European nations.
- (b) It emerges from long-standing global inequalities along with persistent demographic trends shaping migration flows.
- (c) It is shaped almost entirely by temporary economic fluctuations that influence migration only in the short run.
- (d) It can be effectively undone by implementing more rigorous border controls and stricter enforcement mechanisms.
- (e) It is confined largely to migration originating from a limited number of conflict-affected regions only.

Ans.(b)

Q11. Which of the following can be most logically inferred from the passage?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent's social and political landscape.

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- (a) Migration to Europe is primarily a short-term reaction to recent conflicts.

- (b) Migration pressures on Europe are declining due to global development.
- (c) Economic migration is replacing humanitarian migration entirely.
- (d) Restrictive policies have eliminated labour shortages in Europe.
- (e) Europe's demographic trends create labour shortages, sustaining immigration.

Ans.(e)

Q12. Consider the following statements:

- I. Europe's labour demand and ageing population have reduced opposition to immigrants.
- II. Economic disparity between regions is a significant push factor for migration.
- III. Immigration has uniformly strengthened social cohesion across Europe.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent's social and political landscape.

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- (a) Only I
- (b) Both I and II
- (c) Only II
- (d) Both II and III
- (e) Only III

Ans.(c)

Q13. The discussion on European policy responses in the passage primarily highlights:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent's social and political landscape.

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- (a) The success of strict border enforcement across all member states.
- (b) The absence of political influence on migration decisions.
- (c) Complete consensus on humanitarian responsibilities.
- (d) Divergent national approaches causing internal disagreements.
- (e) The replacement of national laws with a unified EU framework.

Ans.(d)

Q14. According to the passage, which of the following best explains the strain on asylum systems?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent's social and political landscape.

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(a) The rapid influx of forcibly displaced people that overwhelms existing asylum and reception capacities.

(b) A steady rise in population movement occurring within European countries themselves.

(c) A significant reduction in financial assistance provided by international humanitarian organisations.

(d) The absence of well-defined legal and institutional mechanisms to regulate refugee movement.

(e) A gradual weakening of adherence to international treaties and humanitarian commitments.

Ans.(a)

Q15. Examine the following statements:

I. Migration to Europe has altered political discourse within several countries.

II. Nationalist movements have influenced migration-related policies.

III. Public opinion on immigration is shaped solely by economic evidence.

Which of the statements above is/are incorrect?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

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- (a) Only I
- (b) Only II
- (c) Only I and II
- (d) Only II and III
- (e) Only III

Ans.(e)

Q16. The author's approach toward migration to Europe can best be described as:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

Migration to Europe has emerged as one of the most complex and contentious issues of the twenty-first century, shaped by a convergence of economic disparities, political instability, demographic changes, and humanitarian crises. While Europe has historically been both a source and destination of migration, recent decades have witnessed a sharp rise in immigration from Africa, West Asia, and parts of Eastern Europe, fundamentally altering the continent's social and political landscape.

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- (a) Alarmist and dismissive of humanitarian concerns
- (b) Analytical with emphasis on structural realities
- (c) Emotional and strongly advocative of open borders
- (d) Critical without acknowledging economic benefits
- (e) Optimistic about immediate policy resolutions

Ans.(b)

Q17. Which sentence will come FIRST after rearrangement?

Rearrange the following sentences to form a logically coherent and meaningful paragraph.

- (A) After processing and refinement, this cost rose sharply to around 1025 dollars due to limited supply and complex extraction.
- (B) To reduce such extreme cost escalation, synthetic alternatives are developed to ensure consistency, scalability, and controlled pricing.
- (C) In contrast, natural flavour sources like vanilla rely on agricultural conditions, labour availability, and lengthy extraction processes.
- (D) Post-pandemic disruptions further intensified shortages, pushing market prices beyond 11000 dollars globally.
- (E) Advances in formulation science make it possible to design artificial components that remain stable longer than natural ones.
- (F) Prior to the pandemic, the price of raw natural vanilla was close to 125 dollars per kilogram.

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) E
- (d) B
- (e) D

Ans.(c)

Q18. Which sentence will come SECOND after rearrangement?

Rearrange the following sentences to form a logically coherent and meaningful paragraph.

- (A) After processing and refinement, this cost rose sharply to around 1025 dollars due to limited supply and complex extraction.
- (B) To reduce such extreme cost escalation, synthetic alternatives are developed to ensure consistency, scalability, and controlled pricing.
- (C) In contrast, natural flavour sources like vanilla rely on agricultural conditions, labour availability, and lengthy extraction processes.

(D) Post-pandemic disruptions further intensified shortages, pushing market prices beyond 11000 dollars globally.

(E) Advances in formulation science make it possible to design artificial components that remain stable longer than natural ones.

(F) Prior to the pandemic, the price of raw natural vanilla was close to 125 dollars per kilogram.

(a) C

(b) F

(c) A

(d) D

(e) B

Ans.(a)

Q19. Which sentence will come THIRD after rearrangement?

Rearrange the following sentences to form a logically coherent and meaningful paragraph.

(A) After processing and refinement, this cost rose sharply to around 1025 dollars due to limited supply and complex extraction.

(B) To reduce such extreme cost escalation, synthetic alternatives are developed to ensure consistency, scalability, and controlled pricing.

(C) In contrast, natural flavour sources like vanilla rely on agricultural conditions, labour availability, and lengthy extraction processes.

(D) Post-pandemic disruptions further intensified shortages, pushing market prices beyond 11000 dollars globally.

(E) Advances in formulation science make it possible to design artificial components that remain stable longer than natural ones.

(F) Prior to the pandemic, the price of raw natural vanilla was close to 125 dollars per kilogram.

(a) F

(b) A

(c) D

(d) B

(e) C

Ans.(a)

Q20. Which sentence will come FIFTH after rearrangement?

Rearrange the following sentences to form a logically coherent and meaningful paragraph.

(A) After processing and refinement, this cost rose sharply to around 1025 dollars due to limited supply and complex extraction.

(B) To reduce such extreme cost escalation, synthetic alternatives are developed to ensure consistency, scalability, and controlled pricing.

(C) In contrast, natural flavour sources like vanilla rely on agricultural conditions, labour availability, and lengthy extraction processes.

(D) Post-pandemic disruptions further intensified shortages, pushing market prices beyond 11000 dollars globally.

(E) Advances in formulation science make it possible to design artificial components that remain stable longer than natural ones.

(F) Prior to the pandemic, the price of raw natural vanilla was close to 125 dollars per kilogram.

- (a) B
- (b) D
- (c) A
- (d) C
- (e) F

Ans.(b)

Q21. Which sentence will come LAST after rearrangement?

Rearrange the following sentences to form a logically coherent and meaningful paragraph.

- (A) After processing and refinement, this cost rose sharply to around 1025 dollars due to limited supply and complex extraction.
- (B) To reduce such extreme cost escalation, synthetic alternatives are developed to ensure consistency, scalability, and controlled pricing.
- (C) In contrast, natural flavour sources like vanilla rely on agricultural conditions, labour availability, and lengthy extraction processes.
- (D) Post-pandemic disruptions further intensified shortages, pushing market prices beyond 11000 dollars globally.
- (E) Advances in formulation science make it possible to design artificial components that remain stable longer than natural ones.
- (F) Prior to the pandemic, the price of raw natural vanilla was close to 125 dollars per kilogram.

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Ans.(b)

Q22. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (A)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

Ananya: "That's true. But this is a _____ (C). If we delay structural changes, we risk losing credibility with global bodies. Mehul, what about accountability?"

Mehul: "Several officials accused of misconduct may need to be _____ (D). Without firm action, cosmetic reforms won't convince anyone that we're serious."

Ananya: "I agree. Reform isn't just about policies; it's about enforcing standards. Remember, many athletes have gone from _____ (E) despite systemic barriers, purely on talent and resilience. They deserve a fair ecosystem."

Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

Ananya: "Good. But we must proceed carefully. One wrong move, and vested interests will derail the process. Long-term credibility matters more than short-term applause."

Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) steal the limelight
- (b) jump the gun
- (c) cut corners
- (d) beat around the bush
- (e) blow up in our face

Ans.(e)

Q23. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (B)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

Ananya: "That's true. But this is a _____ (C). If we delay structural changes, we risk losing credibility with global bodies. Mehul, what about accountability?"

Mehul: "Several officials accused of misconduct may need to be _____ (D). Without firm action, cosmetic reforms won't convince anyone that we're serious."

Ananya: "I agree. Reform isn't just about policies; it's about enforcing standards. Remember, many athletes have gone from _____ (E) despite systemic barriers, purely on talent and resilience. They deserve a fair ecosystem."

Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

Ananya: "Good. But we must proceed carefully. One wrong move, and vested interests will derail the process. Long-term credibility matters more than short-term applause."

Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) add fuel to the fire
- (b) cross the bridge when you come to it
- (c) rain on someone's parade

- (d) look on the bright side
(e) cry over spilled milk

Ans.(d)

Q24. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (C)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

Ananya: "That's true. But this is a _____ (C). If we delay structural changes, we risk losing credibility with global bodies. Mehul, what about accountability?"

Mehul: "Several officials accused of misconduct may need to be _____ (D). Without firm action, cosmetic reforms won't convince anyone that we're serious."

Ananya: "I agree. Reform isn't just about policies; it's about enforcing standards. Remember, many athletes have gone from _____ (E) despite systemic barriers, purely on talent and resilience. They deserve a fair ecosystem."

Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

Ananya: "Good. But we must proceed carefully. One wrong move, and vested interests will derail the process. Long-term credibility matters more than short-term applause."

Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) blessing in disguise
(b) double-edged sword
(c) now or never moment
(d) uphill battle
(e) shot in the dark

Ans.(c)

Q25. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (D)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

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Mehul: "Several officials accused of misconduct may need to be _____ (D). Without firm action, cosmetic reforms won't convince anyone that we're serious."

Ananya: "I agree. Reform isn't just about policies; it's about enforcing standards. Remember, many athletes have gone from _____ (E) despite systemic barriers, purely on talent and resilience. They deserve a fair ecosystem."

Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

Ananya: "Good. But we must proceed carefully. One wrong move, and vested interests will derail the process. Long-term credibility matters more than short-term applause."

Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) given a free hand
- (b) shown the red card
- (c) swept under the carpet
- (d) passed the buck
- (e) turned a blind eye

Ans.(b)

Q26. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (E)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

Ananya: "That's true. But this is a _____ (C). If we delay structural changes, we risk losing credibility with global bodies. Mehul, what about accountability?"

Mehul: "Several officials accused of misconduct may need to be _____ (D). Without firm action, cosmetic reforms won't convince anyone that we're serious."

Ananya: "I agree. Reform isn't just about policies; it's about enforcing standards. Remember, many athletes have gone from _____ (E) despite systemic barriers, purely on talent and resilience. They deserve a fair ecosystem."

Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

Ananya: "Good. But we must proceed carefully. One wrong move, and vested interests will derail the process. Long-term credibility matters more than short-term applause."

Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) rags to riches
- (b) back to square one
- (c) out of the blue
- (d) on thin ice
- (e) at one's wit's end

Ans.(a)

Q27. Which of the following idioms will fit in the given blank (F)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate idiom from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Ananya: "Alright, everyone. The situation with the national sports federation has become a hot potato. Mishandling it could _____ (A), especially with international scrutiny increasing. Karan, where do we stand?"

Karan: "We've initiated talks with athletes' associations, but trust is fragile. Many players feel the system has failed them repeatedly. Still, we should _____ (B)—there's unprecedented public support for reform."

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Karan: "Absolutely. And we're not starting from scratch. Independent regulators, former Olympians, and legal experts are _____ (F). They can step in to strengthen governance once the framework is approved."

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Mehul: "If we combine transparency with strict enforcement, we can turn this crisis into an opportunity. Clean governance could redefine Indian sports administration."

Ananya: "Exactly. Let's move forward with clarity and resolve. If we get this right, it could set a benchmark for sports reforms globally."

- (a) under the weather
- (b) out of the loop
- (c) waiting in the wings

- (d) barking up the wrong tree
(e) in deep waters

Ans.(c)

Q28. The outspoken actor managed to ____ public ____ through an unexpectedly candid interview that challenged long-held perceptions.

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate pairs of words. Select the best pair from the given options to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- (a) confirm / generation
(b) deplore / aspiration
(c) astonish / expectation
(d) endorse / apparel
(e) banish / asset

Ans.(c)

Q29. A sudden supply disruption threatened to ____ essential services and ____ public confidence within affected urban centres rapidly.

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate pairs of words. Select the best pair from the given options to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- (a) paralyse / undermine
(b) embellish / magnify
(c) audit / reconcile
(d) pacify / stabilise
(e) imitate / rehearse

Ans.(a)

Q30. The central bank announced measures to ____ stressed loans and ____ liquidity support to cooperative banks nationwide.

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate pairs of words. Select the best pair from the given options to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- (a) detest / oppose
(b) redeem / allot
(c) graze / furnish
(d) assail / erupt
(e) barter / abet

Ans.(b)

Q31. The prolonged heatwave began to ____ public patience and ____ everyday routines across several regions simultaneously.

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate pairs of words. Select the best pair from the given options to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- (a) unsettle / reorganise
(b) soothe / preserve
(c) quantify / validate
(d) erode / disrupt

(e) narrate / compile

Ans.(d)

Q32. Given below are four sentences, out of which only one sentence is grammatically correct. Choose the option which points out the grammatically correct sentence. If all sentences are incorrect, choose 'All are incorrect' as the correct answer.

- (a) The extent to which these measures impacts public confidence remains unclear.
- (b) Seldom people recognize how subtle changes alters long-term outcomes.
- (c) The director, along with the senior advisors, have approved the revised framework.
- (d) Greater emphasis on consistency help reduce avoidable procedural lapses.
- (e) All are incorrect

Ans.(e)

Q33. Given below are four sentences, out of which one sentence is grammatically incorrect. Choose the option which points out the grammatically incorrect sentence. If all sentences are correct, choose 'All are correct' as the correct answer.

- (a) Despite repeated revisions, the final draft managed to retain clarity and coherence.
- (b) The panel recommended that the issue be examined before any formal announcement.
- (c) Little did she realize how profoundly the decision would alter subsequent events.
- (d) He behaves as if he was unaware of the implications of his earlier actions.
- (e) All are correct

Ans.(d)

Q34. Given below are four sentences, out of which only one sentence is grammatically correct. Choose the option which points out the grammatically correct sentence. If all sentences are incorrect, choose 'All are incorrect' as the correct answer.

- (a) The researcher, along with several assistants, were documenting the observations carefully.
- (b) She reacted as though she knew nothing about the decision taken earlier.
- (c) Rarely people appreciate how minor adjustments improves long-term efficiency.
- (d) The instructions given to him lacks clarity and consistency.
- (e) All are incorrect

Ans.(b)

Q35. Given below are four sentences, out of which one sentence is grammatically incorrect. Choose the option which points out the grammatically incorrect sentence. If all sentences are correct, choose 'All are correct' as the correct answer.

- (a) Neither of the two solutions appears effective under the current circumstances.
- (b) The number of applicants have increased significantly over the past few years.
- (c) She was confident that the explanation would satisfy all reasonable doubts.
- (d) Proper documentation helps in avoiding unnecessary delays during verification.
- (e) All are correct

Ans.(b)

Q36. Given below are four sentences, out of which one sentence is grammatically incorrect. Choose the option which points out the grammatically incorrect sentence. If all sentences are correct, choose 'All are correct' as the correct answer.

- (a) Hardly had the curtain risen than the audience sensed something unusual about the performance.
- (b) The manuscript, along with several handwritten notes, was preserved carefully for future reference.
- (c) Economic recovery often depends on factors that extend beyond immediate fiscal measures.
- (d) The hikers were warned that the trail, though scenic, required considerable endurance.
- (e) All are correct

Ans.(a)

Q37. Attempts to fetter progress through dissipative policies that aim to communalize resources were met with widespread incredulity.

In the given sentence, four words are highlighted which may not be grammatically and contextually correct. Choose the option from the given options that can be the best replacement for the highlighted words.

- (a) expedite, disillusionment, scrutinize, credibility
- (b) trammel, disburdened, revolutionize, habituality
- (c) dispatch, dissolutive, categorize, originality
- (d) whisk, dissuasions, recognize, scalability
- (e) No replacement required

Ans.(e)

Q38. The barrage that profits would rise unchecked threatens investors to be cautious in grappling their finances despite attractive earnings.

In the given sentence, four words are highlighted which may not be grammatically and contextually correct. Choose the option from the given options that can be the best replacement for the highlighted words.

- (a) barge, insulting, exploring, remuneration
- (b) bias, complaints, dealing, associate
- (c) flooding, accusations, struggled, profits
- (d) delusion, warned, handling, dividends
- (e) No replacement required

Ans.(d)

Q39. The central bank has eulogised a framework to exacerbate monetary stability by diluting regulatory vigilance, while impeding financial resilience.

In the given sentence, four words are highlighted which may not be grammatically and contextually correct. Choose the option from the given options that can be the best replacement for the highlighted words.

- (a) instituted, reinforce, tightening, bolstering
- (b) absconded, enhance, moderating, supporting
- (c) collapsed, confine, easing, advancing
- (d) endorsed, rectify, relaxing, encouraging
- (e) No replacement required

Ans.(a)

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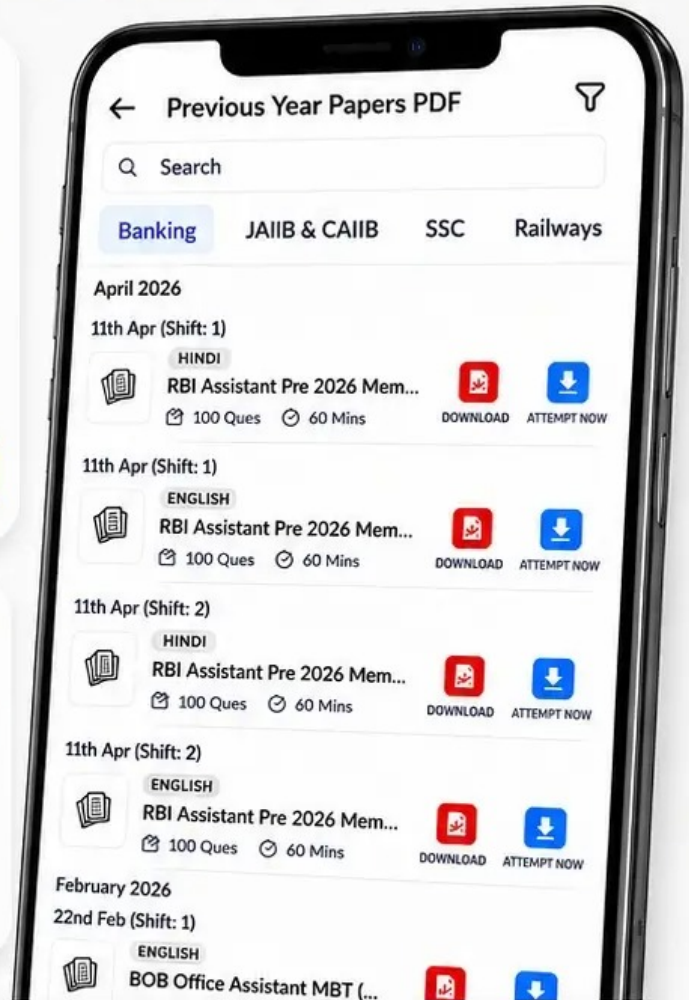
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Q40. The issued money advisory led to the disruption of assets and ultimately caused the restriction of the shell company.

In the given sentence, four words are highlighted which may not be grammatically and contextually correct. Choose the option from the given options that can be the best replacement for the highlighted words.

- (a) planned, cursory, acquisition, survival
- (b) launched, delusory, adaptation, assumption
- (c) attempted, laundering, confiscation, defunction
- (d) intended, incite, looting, concession
- (e) No replacement required

Ans.(c)

