



KTET Category-3 Part-2

Previous Year Paper English February 2019



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CATEGORY-III

PART - 2

English

Question Numbers 41 to 70

Questions 41-50: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Knowledge of English was considered to be a sign of being elite. My father also believed in it and insisted that we should learn English from the lower classes onwards. So he ensured that we joined an English medium school. My brother and I were not happy about it, as we loved speaking in our mother tongue. But the rules at school did not permit us to use our mother tongue even in washrooms. I was a chatterbox at home. My brother was also like me. But, back at school, we remained mum. We feared English so much so that we assumed a grave expression when other children spoke to us.

It was then that our new English teacher took charge. She had a different style of teaching. Instead of going directly to the lesson, she started with songs and riddles. We started enjoying her classes. She never used tough words to communicate. Instead, she spoke to us using simple words that anyone could understand. She made us play games and slowly ward off the fear for English. Slowly I gathered confidence to speak in English without hesitation. During the Independence Day celebrations, our class presented an English skit on the Indian freedom struggle. I was assigned the role of Mahatma Gandhi. I was supposed to deliver a speech towards the end of the skit. The previous night I had learnt all my dialogues by heart. But, when I faced such a large audience, everything vanished from my mind. The images of my teacher and my parents rushed to my mind one after the other. I just managed to say, 'Jai Hind' instead of all the powerful dialogues that my teacher had taught.

Remorseful, I stepped out of the stage as I was sure my teacher would scold me. But, I saw her standing at the foot of the steps, arms open, smiling beautifully. When I started weeping, she said, "It's okay dear. You did well. I've also forgotten dialogues while acting. This is how we learn".

- 41. The speaker's father wanted his children to:
 - (A) join an English medium school
 - (B) use English
 - (C) learn English from lower classes onwards
 - (D) All the above
- 42. The speaker and his brother were not happy about joining an English medium school because:
 - (A) there was no playground
 - (B) the teachers were not friendly
 - (C) the school did not have a clean campus
 - speaking English was compulsory inside the campus





- 43. 'But back at school we remained mum'.
 The word 'mum' means:
 - (A) mother
 - (B) impulsive
 - (C) silent
 - (D) interested
- 44. When other children spoke in English, the speaker and his brother:
 - (A) replied in their mother tongue
 - (B) remained silent with a serious expression
 - (C) asked them to go to hell
 - (D) cried
- 45. The new English teacher started her lessons:
 - (A) by giving an eloquent speech in English.
 - (B) by speaking about the importance of English.
 - (C) by using songs and riddles
 - (D) by making the class write notes
- 46. On Independence Day, the speaker's class:
 - (A) made plans for an English skit.
 - (B) presented an English skit.
 - (C) appreciated the ones who presented an English skit.
 - (D) shouted at those who presented an English skit.

- 47. The speaker learnt all his dialogues:
 - (A) just before his performance.
 - (B) on that morning.
 - (2) the previous night itself.
 - (D) by recording them in a device.
- 48. On stage, the speaker
 - (A) performed brilliantly.
 - (B) acted his role well.
 - (C) read out the dialogues from a piece of paper.
 - (D) forgot his dialogues.
- 49. What appeared in his mind when he was on stage?
 - (A) The audience
 - (B) The images of his teacher and parents
 - (C) The faces of his classmates
 - (D) The paper in which the dialogues were written



50. The teacher	54. He is man I was referring to.
(A) was angry with him.	(A) a
(B) scolded him,	(B) an
(C) punished him.	(C) the
(D) consoled him.	(D) those
51. Identify the word that is spelt correctly: (A) excellence (B) excallence	55. Identify the correct sentence.(A) All are important to us.(B) All have important to us.(C) All has been important to us.
(C) excelence	(D) All having been important to us.
(D) excellance	56. 'I think you should consult a doctor'. This sentence is:
52. She could not adjust with her roommates. The word in italics can be replaced by the phrase	(A) a complaint (B) an order
(A) put in (B) put across	(C) a request (D) a suggestion
(C) put on	
(D) put up	57. I can't learn Mathematics. I prefer English, instead. These sentences can be combined without a change in meaning as
53. 'He is like a lion'. The figure of speech used in this sentence is:	(A) I prefer learning English to Mathematics.
(A) alliteration	(B) I prefer for Mathematics to English.
(B) simile	(C) I prefer Mathematics to English.
(C) assonance (D) metaphor	(D) I prefer learning Mathematics than English.
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- 58. My father insisted on cleanliness. Here, insisted means:
 - (A) careless
 - (B) influenced
 - (C) incorporated
 - (D) strict about
- 59. 'I can barely walk' means:
 - (A) I can't bear this weight while walking.
 - (B) I can walk.
 - (C) I am not able to walk.
 - (D) I can't walk with bare feet.
- 60. Which among the following has four syllables?
 - (A) important
 - (B) consonant
 - (c) intonation
 - (D) paragraph

- 61. Many banks are getting amalgamated.

 The word in italics means:
 - (A) close down
 - (B) merged
 - (C) emptied
 - (D) frozen
- 62. Please tell me. <u>I'm all ears.</u> The sentence that is underlined means:
 - (A) I have years.
 - (B) I'm listening to you.
 - (C) I have so many ears.
 - (D) I have ear infection.
- 63. 'Why are you late?', asked the teacher to the boy. This can be reported as:
 - (A) The teacher asked the boy why he was late.
 - (B) The teacher asked the boy why late he was.
 - (C) The teacher asked the boy why was he late.
 - (D) The teacher asked the boy why late was he.



64. W	That does it?	68.	He l lette	handed	the resignation
1	nean		03.5		
(E	3) means		(A)	for	
, (C	C) meant		(B)	of	
(E) meaningful		(C)	/off	
÷.			(D)	over	
65. Yo	our shopping is not yet over,				
(A) has it	69.	ПH	arish had called the	em,
(B)	hasn't it?	•	(A)	he could solve the	problem.
Ja	is it?		(B)	he can solve the p	roblem.
(D)) isn't it?		(C)	he can be solving	the problem.
66. Pic	k out the sentence that is acceptable.	4	(D)	he could have sol	ved the problem.
(A)	Racism should not encouraging.	70.	The	news headline 'Aus	ssies win the title
(B)	Racism will not have encourage.	70.		ngs to:	
(6)	Racism should not be encouraged.		(A)	entertainment ne	ws
(D)	Racism has been encourage.		(B).	sports news	
			(C)	career news	
	sentence 'We left for Delhi early in morning' also means :		(D)	business news	
(A)	We usually visit Delhi in the morning.			- o 0 o -	~0
(B)	We go to Delhi every morning.			-000-	
J(c)	We started our journey to Delhi early in the morning.			. •	l d da j
(D)	We started our journey from Delhi in the morning.				= 2 - 3 +